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Mrs. Mandela: A Potential **Power That** Whites Fear

By Bill Keller New York Times Service

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa -The caller identified himself as a former anti-apartheid guerrilla, now a brigadier in South Africa's newly integrated army. He had a warning for the white radio host who sounded so pleased about the dismissal of Winnie Mandela

Enjoy your moment, the caller said, be-cause when Mrs. Mandela becomes presi-dent there will be no more pandering to whites, and carping crinics will be silenced, as they are in Uganda and Kenya. People like you should actually be cas-

President Winnie Mandela? It is white

NEWS ANALYSIS

South Africa's ultimate nightmare, although she has not declared her intention of muzzling critics, let alone castrating them. The prospect also alarms many blacks who share President Nelson Mandela's vision of reconciliation.

With Mr. Mandela's announcement on Monday that he was dropping his estranged wife from his government for flouting party discipline, Mrs. Mandela has been pushed closer to outright opposition, reviving the debate over whether she is South Africa's future or just a noisy voice on the margins.

Mirs. Mandela has repeatedly said she would not break with the African National longress, which as the cherished vehicle of black liberation (and now the dispenser of official patronage) is virtually invincible.

The last faction to split from the ANC.

African nationalists who created the Pan

African nationalists who exemple the fair Africanist Congress in 1959, remained stuck on the fringe. They won 1.2 percent of the vote in the first free elections last

A somewhat more plausible precedent is the coup Mr. Mandela and several friends pulled off within the ANC in 1949. They toppled the organization's president, whom they considered overly timid, and put the anti-apartheid campaign on a more

The question, then, is whether Mrs. Mandela could wage a successful cam-paign within the ANC against her hus-

See MANDELA, Page 8.



REHEARSING THE NUMBERS — Ukrainian troops learning their steps in Kiev on Wednesday in preparation for the Victory in Europe parade on May 9.

For Women in East Germany, Another Wall Went Up

By Rick Atkinson Washington Post Service

SCHWERIN, Germany - For Sabine Wode, the bad old days never looked better.

Before German reunification in 1990, which brought pluralism, the East German textile worker had a good employable women living in what once was East Germanion. job, a big apartment, cheap day care for her three my. Five years after the Iron Curtain parted and four children and a husband.

Then the weight of history fell on Mrs. Wode, now 35. She lost her good job, her big apartment and her cheap

"For me," she said bluntly, "there are no advantages to a unified Germany." resy is not uncommon among the 4 million of it?"

years after the two Germanys became one, life in the East in many ways remains hardest for women.

"To me, women are the losers of reunification," said

day care, as well as her husband. For a time, she even lost her children to a foster home when she could not afford food and housing.

Marion Andrin, director of a small retraining project in Schwerin, near the Baltic coast. "There are hardly any women who would say they want the old political system back. But the shock is still so great from the changes in their everyday lives that you often hear women say,

'Unemployment, epidemie throughout the five states that once made up East Germany, has hit the women's work force with particular virulence. Officially, 20.2 percent of able-bodied women in those states are unem-

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King Hussein in Congress: The Monarch as Lobbyist Jordan's Leader Seeks U.S. Debt Relief

By Elaine Sciolino New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Lobbying may not come naturally to kings. But King Hussein of Jordan is doing his best this week to charm, cajole, even embarrass Capitol Hill into making good on the administration's promise to forgive his country's debt to the United States.

The king has been spending the better part of three days calling on members of Congress, who never before may have rubbed elbows with royalty, and calling

We are aware of the fact that this subject is being looked at by all our friends here in a very positive way," King Hussein said, "and we are quite satisfied that the The king regards the meetings as so important that he sent a top-level advance

team led by Marwan Qassem, the chief of his royal court, to meet last week with legislators and their staffs.

But King Hussein's reception has not been nearly as warm as it was in July, the iast time he stopped by Congress. It was then that he and Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin of Israel reaffirmed their commit-ment to making peace in the Middle East, the first time that two world leaders ever addressed the same joint session of Con-

"i have come before you today to demonstrate that we are ready to open a new era in our relations with Israel," the king told Congress that day. And in a not-so-

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London USS 1:50 U.S. Mil. (Eur.) S1:10 subtle signal that peace costs money, he added, "With the help and cooperation of this august body, the peace we all want can

Lawmakers cried, "Bravo." They rose to their feet in applause. Some even wept. But that was then, and oow is oow.

Not only is the Republican-controlled Congress sour on foreign aid, but several members were elected after Jordan and Israel ended their 46-year-old state of war and feel no particular responsibility to help carry out their agreement.

"There are many hopes and expecta-tions out there," King Hussein bluntly told the speaker of the House, Newt Gingrich of Georgia, and the majority leader, Richard K. Armey of Texas, according to a participant in his meeting with the two Republicans. "We need all the help and understanding we can get."

There was not supposed to be a problem with rewarding King Hossein for taking risks and making peace. Jordan not only has signed a formal peace treaty with Israel, it has completed more than 20 agreements on how to carry it out, on issues ranging from tourist exchanges to water-thering.

The administration met little resistance last year when it asked for \$99 million in debt relief, with the rest of the debt to he canceled over two more years. But this year the administration calculated wrong. Hoping to build on the momentum of the Israeli-Jordanian peace treaty in October, it asked Congress to wipe out the remaining \$275 million.

The House responded at first by approving no money, then by approving \$50 million. The Senate eventually approved the

See HUSSEIN, Page 8



RECALLING THE CAPTURE OF DA NANG - A former militiaman who served North Vietnam during the Vietnam War marching Wednesday in Da Nang on the 20th anniversary of the Communist capture of the city.

AGENDA

Rabin and Kohl

Meeting in Bonn
JERUSALEM (AP) — Prime Minister
Yitzhak Rabin of Israel flew to Germany on Wednesday for talks with Chancellor Helmat Kohl on Middle East peace and

Israeli ties with Europe.
Linda Shimon, a spokeswoman for Mr. Rabin, said the trip to Bonn had been planned over the past two days, although it was announced only an bour before the Israeli's departure.

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres dismissed speculation that the trip had anything to do with Germany's reported role in oegotiating the release of Ron Arad, an Israeli airman believed to be held by

A statement from Mr. Rabin's office said there would be an "unofficial exchange of information," and that the two leaders would "coordinate oo political issues of interest to both countries."

PAGE TWO A President on the Run

THE AMERICAS

Changing Rules on the Hill EUROPE

Page 5. Doing Russia's Dirty Work

BUSINESS/FINANCE Page 13. Creating Jobs in Europe Page 6. Sports Pages 20, 21,

Page 7. Crossword Page 21.

As Hillary Clinton Rides By, South Asia Spruces Up

By Molly Moore hington Post Service

NEW DELHI -- Monday, anonymous visitors walked a dusty, garbage-strewn lane to reach Mother Teresa'a orphanage in the heart of Old Delhi.

Tuesday, Hillary Rodham Clinton strolled down a

newly paved road to visit the same orphanage. Call it the Sanitizing of South Asia. Wherever the first lady goes, the governments of some of the poorest nations in the world are a few hours ahead — paving roads, camoullaging garbage dumps and hauling away sewage

Mrs. Clinton's advance party and U.S. Embassy staff workers have marveled at the new, improved Pakistan

and India that have emerged in the few days between their scouting tours and the arrival of the first lady and the wet mortar of a new brick wall.

Pakistani countryside Monday, a long fence of brightly colored fabric shielded it from a sprawling, smoldering garbage dump, where children combed through trash and several poor families had built huts from scraps of cardboard, rags and plastic.

At Burki, a middle-class village outside the eastern city of Lahore where Mrs. Clinton visited a school and health clinic, workers dug out open sewers that had been clogged with smelly sludge and swept away the ubiquitous heaps of rubbish and cow dung that are part of every

village landscape.
"This is probably the cleanest village in Pakistan," a

Bentes

In another instance, baving heard rumors that Mrs. When the Clinton motorcade whisked through the Clinton might take a hike into the scenic Margalla Hills overlooking Islamabad, the capital, officials rushed out and paved a 15-kilometer (10-mile) stretch of road to a village in the hills. She never took the hike — the Secret Service vetoed the idea — but villagers got the paved road they had been requesting for decades

Security concerns in the region, where assassinations. shootings and bombings are commonplace, also have contributed to the distorted version of South Asia that Mrs. Clinton and her daughter have been shown.

Burki, where the entire population would normally turn out to greet any foreigner who arrived for a look

See TOUR, Page 8

U.S. Warns Moscow It Would 'Rue' Iran Deal

But Christopher Defends U.S. Backing of Yeltsin As 'Pragmatic Policy'

WASHINGTON - Secretary of State Warren M. Christopher warned Russia on Wednesday that it would "rue the day" if it cooperated with Iran and said that evolving ties with international organizations could be jeopardized by Moscow's war in Chechnya.

"We reject the superficial caricature of Russia that suggests it is predestined to aggression, predisposed to dictatorship or predetermined to economic failure," Mr. Christopher said.

In a speech at Indiana University, he also strongly defended what he called the United States' "pragmatic policy of engagement" toward Russia and President Bill Clinton's decision to hold a summit meeting with President Boris N. Yeltsin in Moscow in May.

In an apparent signal to critics who complain that U.S. policy is too heavily weighted toward Mr. Yeltsin, the secretary of state stressed that Mr. Clinton would meet a cross-section of Russian society, especially reformers, while he was in Moscow. "We will deal with Russia as a pluralistic society," Mr. Christopher said.

He also called for Congress to fully fund the administration's \$788 million request for aid to Russia and other former Soviet

Washington has been pressing Moscow, without apparent success, to end arms sales and cancel a \$800 million nuclear reactors deal with Iran.

"Russia is a neighbor of Iran," the secre-tary of state said. "It will rue the day it cooperated with this terrorist state if Iran builds nuclear weapons with the benefit of Russian expertise and equipment.

He called Russia's assault on the breakaway region of Chechnya "tragically ad warned that "the evolution of Russia's participation in Western institutions will be affected by the world's judg-

ment of the military campaign.

Defense Secretary William J. Perry will press U.S. concern during a visit to Moscow oext week, a senior Pentagoo official said Wednesday.

Mr. Perry flies to Ukraine on Friday on a trip that will also take him to Russia, Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan to tighten U.S. ties with the former Soviet states and help in converting the former Soviet defense industry to consumer production.

But the official said Mr. Perry would

also press U.S. concerns over Iran and Chechnya while meeting with Defense Minister Pavel S. Grachev and other Russian officials on Monday. Mr. Christopher also warned Iraq ou

Wednesday that Washington would not grant concessions to obtain the release of two Americans being beld by Baghdad.
An influential senator said Wednesday that it would be bard to back aid to Mos-

cow if it sold nuclear equipment to Iran. "Maybe it doesn't make all that difference to the Russians—it's oot that much money, really," the secator, Mitch McConnell, Republican of Kentucky, told the U.S.-Russia Business Council.

Moscow agreed in January to complete a nuclear power plant in Iran. (Reuters, AP)

New Weapon (for Parents) In Drug War

By Jay Mathews Washington Post Service

NEW YORK - A leading drug-detection company has announced a potent new weapon in the battle of the generations a \$20 kit that allows parents to check their children's rooms secretly for traces of

Executives at Barringer Technologies Inc. of New Providence, New Jersey, said Tuesday that the kit offered a new way to detect what has been a recent surge in teenage drug use. The kit can be mailed to parents in a thin envelope and sent back for quick analysis.

Drug experts said they expected other companies to jump into a market fueled by parental fears of drug use when their children are moody or belligerent.

Psychologists and social workers who deal with family problems bailed the device as a way to get help early for troubled youth, before their problem becomes too

"It usually takes two or three years after a child is using before their behavior becomes so deviant that parents are coovinced of their drug use, and by that time they are well into addiction," said Harold Hunton, a staff therapist at the Family Therapy Institute of Alexandria, Virginia, Barringer executives said that the test

destroys the sample, so that it cannot be used as evidence in court. But civil libertarians and some teenagers and family counselors said the device was

liable to poison relations between children and their parents, particularly if no drug See DRUGS, Page 8

Kim Young Sam Takes Perseverance on the Road

By Rob Hughes
nternational Herald Tribune

ONDON - It is 4:30 A.M. Hardly a sound disturbs the dark tranquility of a sleeping metropolis. Silently, flashlights flicker from tree to tree and bush to bush in Regent's Park where stray beams make the frost glisten white in

the green grass.

Soon, he comes, a visiting head of state with his entourage and his daily ritual of jogging before dawn. The flashlights belong to security police — English and South Korean — ensuring that all is well for President Kim Young Sam.

When in Seoul, the presidential run begins precisely at 5:10 A.M. around Chong Wa Dae, the Blue House official residence.

When on tour, wherever the venue, whatever the time zone, be rises at the same hour. Thus, when President Kim personified a March gadfly flitting through six nations of Europe in the space of 12 days, security guards in each of them were up before sun-

In some of the cities, the venue of his run was switched overnight to protect him. Not that the president appears nervous. The tensions between North Korea and South Korea, the enemies in Seoul made by Mr. Kim's sweep against military rule and his purges on corruption and extravagance cannot keep him from his daily routine.

This is the man who, in the 1970s when he was periodically imprisoned as a dissident, uttered the line: "Even if the rooster is stran-gled, the dawn will still arrive without fail." The dawn? He has witnessed many of them.

THE route, but never the regimen, may vary. In Paris, the 67-year-old Mr. Kim jogged his seven kilometers (four miles) through the Luxem-bourg Gardens; in Prague it was Rosickych Stadium; in Bonn, the grounds of the State Guest House; in Copenhagen, the Vesterbro Stadium; in Brussels, another stately ground.

Some may rise to nothing more strenuous than brushing their teeth, but the president leaves his wife of 44 years, Sohn Myong Soon, snug in bed at Claridge's Hotel in London, and arrives at Regent's Park by way of a maroon Rolls-Royce.

Jogging, President Kim insists, is a wakening of the mind as much as the body. Before the strains of his 12-hour working day begins —the speeches, the banquets, matters of state and delicate, perhaps devastating political decisions — comes the jog, then a vigorous swim, then a prayer (he is one of Korea's eight million Protestants), and finally a telephone call to his father, Kim Hong Jo.

His father, who is 85, instilled the patience and stoicism of a fisherman into his son. The senior Mr. Kim, who built up a fishing fleet catching anchovy off Korea's southern coast, was widowed in 1960, when North Korean infiltrators murdered his wife. Even in London, the president pays his respects to his

As the Rolls cruises up to the running track, a white minibus behind it transports diplomats, financiers, industrialists and protocol staff - perhaps a dozen of the 180member team the president has bought to Europe on his mission to promote "globalizaand free trade - ready to run in step



Mr. Kim and Inspector Lloyd in London during the president's run through Europe.

LARGER bus waits. Aboard it,

half asleep and thoroughly disgrun-tled, photographers for Korea's 20 daily newspapers wait to greet first bight with their sbutters open.

They may have seen it all before. To a

stranger, this is to be a more enlightening half hour than a formal meeting the previous af-ternoon. There, behind the impenetrable se-renity of a fixed smile, the president had measured his words, maintained his counte-

The smile sits in a face as smooth as porcelain. The hair, jet black, is darker than it was less than a decade ago, when Mr. Kim, pro-testing against the military authorities who had governed South Korea for 32 years, held

a 23-day hunger strike. Now, falling into line behind him in the

park, you begin to grasp the relentlessness of

the former student of philosophy who entered politics at 27, who lived in dangerous opposition for almost half a century and who finally became president in his 65th year.

Persistence, rather than pace, guides him. The jog is less than ferocious; the tempo is solid, metronomic. No one steps ahead of the president. To his right plods Detective In-spector Bill Lloyd of Scotland Yard's special branch, assigned as "protection officer" for two days to a VIP from a distant, ideological-

To the left, burly and wired to an earpiece, moves Sone Guen Yoo, head of South Korean presidential security.

"Some months before the visit," Inspector Lloyd said. "I was told we would be running at 5 A.M. I'd heard such things from other visiting presidents; this time it's really hapIGHT times we lap the dirt track. Rigid, unwavering steps. President Kim says nothing his chief of proto-

"This is not just physical for the president," he says. "It is mental refreshment. While he's running he's thinking what he will say to your prime minister, be's composing thoughts for a speech to the United Nations in Copenhagen, he's working on a response to propaganda concerning nuclear weapons' coming out of

So this is the thinking hour. This is the exercise taken out of reach of telephones. beyond all intrusions

As we jog, one thinks of President Kim's order to semor government officials to refrain from playing golf. A waste of valuable time, he called it, time better spent addressing reforms and improving government perfor-

On we trudge. Without a pause, be allows an aide to change his headgear. The presidential cap promoting South Korea as host to soccer's World Cup in 2002 is removed, replaced on doctor's orders by a woolen baladays. The weather is cold, and the president

is, well, edging toward old.

No one but the president decides when the
run is ended. As his Rolls rooves back toward Claridge's, Inspector Lloyd says, "Its hard, running at somebody else's pace. Yet I honeatly feel mentally lighter, ready for the day."

President Kim knew the feeling decades before Mr. Lloyd was born. The healthy mind in healthy body routine was sustained even in political hiding when Mr. Kim formed the Society of Democratic Mountain Climbers as a way of continuing his defiance out of reach of the government.

THAT he are in internal exile k'alguksu, a traditional wheat-noodle soup — he brought to the cabinet table as a symbol of his taste for frugality in government.

Very different, one imagines, from ban-quets of world leaders. But the simplicity and drive are paramount for a leader who is pushing for membership on the United Nations Security Connoil, pushing for new trade with Enrope, pushing North Korea to unify a split 70 million population.

The dawn run has the same purpose, the same significance wherever it is taken. But one place in Europe is special - Berlin. President Kim left the commercial and political track to don his tracksuit, cap and smile, and jog eight times around the Olympia-

The track is special for Koreans. At the 1936 Olympic Games, Sohn Kee Chung, at 83, won the gold medal for the most grueling run of all, the marathon. But his country was under Japanese colonial rule at the time, so his name was announced as Kitei Son and the

Rising Sun flag of Japan was raised.

Very nearly 60 years later, Korea and Japan are rival bidders for the World Cup of 2002. "The value to my people to host these games," President Kim said, "means much more even than the Olympics we staged in Scoul in 1988. We Koreans are footballing

people. I myself was a player at school."

A player — and a child already keen on political games. In middle school, his bedroom wall had a poster on it: "Kim Young Sam, Future President of the Republic of Kones" He was surming even then to lead a Korea." He was running, even then, to lead a country once called the Hermit Kingdom out onto the worldly track.

4 Nuclear Nations Debate a Loophole

Dispute Over Small Tests Complicates Talks on Ban

By William J. Broad New York Times Service

Four of the world's main nuclear countries are locked in a dispute as they negotiate a comprehensive ban on nuclear testing: They all want to retain the right to conduct tiny blasts but disagree over the size that should be permitted.

The conflict stems from the little-known fact that arms designers can set off nuclear explosions that at their smallest are the convalent of only a few pounds of TNT. The blasts are useful in checking design calculations and the reliability of ex-

The treaty, being negotiated in Geneva, is intended to increase international stability by ending the evolution of the world's most deadly munitions and heading off new arms races. The starting point for such talks night seem to be allowing no blasts whatsoever. After all, the ban by definition is to be com-

Yet Britain, France, Russia and the United States all want to retain the right to conduct the small blasts

The United States has taken the most restrictive stance in the negotiations: that blasts should have a force no greater than four pounds (1.8 kilo-grams) of TNT. The others want more powerful blasts, ranging up to 200 tons of TNT or higher.

The American position is un-der fire and might change, arms experts say. The Pentagon wants higher levels, while some arms controllers are pushing for zero. As the dispute heats up, the issues are starting to come

into public view.
"Changing the position is

debate," said Frank von Hip-pel, a physicist who recently left the White House to return to. science policy studies at Prince-

ton University. Private experts worry that. slowness in negotiating a com-prehensive test ban might un-dermine support for an exten-sion of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty, which calls on nations to curb the spread of nuclear arms.

Debate on its renewal is toopen on April 17 at the United Nations. Countries without mi-Nations. Countries without his clear weapons seem fairly open to the possibility of nuclear testing at low explosive yields.

but that might change.
On Monday, the Natural Resources Defense Council, an arms-control group based in Washington that advocates a ban on even the smallest tests, released a report warning that. small blasts would open a Pan-dora's box. It said they would encourage countries that have undeclared nuclear weapons and aspiring nuclear states to do such testing and perhaps provide camoullage for the cumduct of more powerful explo-

The upshot, the report said a could be a virtual license to de-sign and test a variety of mod-

em miclear arms. The Pentagon's position is that small blasts will mainly aid a safety checks of the nation's michear arsenal while doing latter to promote the development of a

big nuclear arms.
The Comprehensive Test Ban
Treaty has been a goal of antinuclear activists ever since Prosident Dwight D. Eisenhower

first proposed one in 1957....
The United States has observed a moratorium on nuclear
blasts since 1992, and the Che-"Changing the position is ton administration seems cager, such a major decision that I to sign a test-ban treaty if the don't see it happening without a details can be worked out.

Army Reportedly Kills Algerian Rebel Leader

newspaper reported Wednes- that was expected to win the day that the leader of the ex- 1992 parliamentary elections, tremist Armed Islamic Group has condemned attacks on civilwas killed in an army offensive ians. Its military wing, the isagainst Muslim fundamentalist lamic Salvation Army, has tar-

Al Watan, a leading independent daily, said that Abu Abderahmane Amineau, also known as Djamel Zitouni, had "lost his life in the battles" around Ain Della in the mountains 150 kilometers (90 miles) west of the capital.

Algerian officials, who have not commented on the offensive, did not confirm the report. More than 500 militants have been reported killed by the army in the fighting that began early last week.

In Paris, a statement by Al Ansar, a group considered close to the Armed Islamic Group, announced the deaths of a "certain number" of leaders of the movement and more than 100 fighters. The statement carried-Mr. Amincan's signature, which could not be authenticated.

The Armed Islamic Group has claimed responsibility for the killing of many of the 70 foreigners slain during an insurgency that began after the Alge-. rian military government can-celed elections in January 1992.

The group also has targeted Algerian journalists and intellectuals, in addition to officials. and security forces, in a conflict that has left more than 30,000 people dead.

The Islamic Salvation Front, ALGIERS - An Algerian the fundamentalist movement geted the ar government.

Italy Schedules June 11 Vote on TV Ownership

ROME - The Italian govcriment on Wednesday set June 11 as the date for a referendom that might strip former Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi of two of his three television channels.

The referendum will cover 12

subjects, but the main question

concerns reform within the

broadcasting industry. The main proposal on this is to prevent any individual from own-Mr. Berlusconi, who controls the Fininvest communications group, owns three television channels. His opponents have charged that be misused his media power to win the general election in March 1994 and be-

come prime minister. Another proposal in the referendum is a ban on advertising breaks during the showing of films on television.

Bosnia Peace: Ever Elusive, Now Unlikely

By Roger Cohen
New York Times Service

BELGRADE — A small but significant change took place recently at the U.S. Embassy here: the brass plaque saying "Ambassador" outside the office of the senior U.S. diplomat in Belgrade was replaced by one saying "Chief of Mission."

This investment in a new plaque, almost three years after the last U.S. ambassador here left in protest over Serbian involvement in the Bosnian war, reflects a bleak reality. It is likely to be an extremely long time before the mess resulting from the destruction of Yugoslavia is resolved and, thus, an equally long time before U.S. diplomatic relations with Belgrade improve to the point where an ambassador

The new plaque, with its suggestion of permanence, also reflects a weary conviction that is taking hold among Western officials as the third anniversary of the Bosnian war next month approaches: The fighting will continue until the parties involved are ready to stop, and there is little

fight in Bosnia ers will see the ti wars and so stop the world."

This may seen but it has taken :

conflict appears reasonably contained. And the determination of Balkan politicians to fight on bas been underscored again this month by the Bosnian president's decision to start an offensive in the

midst of a cease-fire he himself signed. These factors have focused minds in Washington and in West European capi-tals on the fact that, beyond the United

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Nations resolutions, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization threats, the diplomatic contortions and the repeated invocations of impending cataclysm, there is now a far more banal if depressing reality: a low-level, largely static and stalemated war in a poor region of Europe directed by wealthy poblicians apparently unmoved by the misery of their peoples.

The attempt to apply diplomacy to the Bosnian conflict, in the absence of any willingness to use force to curb what was initially an overwhelming Serbian on-slaught, has now run its course, Western officials believe.

"The sense is growing that we may just have to wait a while for the people in this region to be ready for a conclusion," said a Western official. "If we're not going to may be imperfect—and it has been a Muslim-Croatian federation and the Serbs. The plan may be imperfect—and it has been a may be imperfect—and it has been a may be imperfect.

emerged now for three reasons. The quest for diplomatic solutions is exhausted. The Slobodan Milosevic, to recognize Croatia and Bosnia, an act that would explicitly renounce any plans for a "greater Serbia" and effectively maroon the Serbs at war in Bosnia and Croatia.

However, Western officials said, it is now clear that Mr. Milosevic is not ready to recognize Croatia because be wants to annex some bits of Croatian territory occupied by Scrbs.

Moreover, while Mr. Milosevic has shown greater readiness to move toward recognition of Bosnia, he does not appear to be ready to recognize the government of President Alija Izetbegovic and the country's international borders. The most, it now seems, that will emerge

from the recent flurry of diplomacy in Belgrade is what one diplomat called "a road map for Milosevic."

This will amount to a plan setting forth the ways in which Serbian recognition of Croatia and Bosnia would eventually lead to the lifting of the trade sanctions that have crippled the Serbian economy.

There will then be three international plans on the table: the map for Bosnia drawn by the five-nation "Contact Group;" the "road map" for Mr. Milosevic to recognize Bosnia and Croatia, and the so called "Z-4" Croatian peace plan offer-

TRAVEL UPDATE Transport Strikes to Hit Paris Hard

PARIS (Reuters) - France braced for a day of heavily cur-PARIS (Reuters) — France oraced for a day of meaving entailed transportation service Thursday as airline, railroad and Paris Metro employees planned to strike. The main domestic airline, Air Inter, where disruptions began Tuesday, canceled about half its 400 daily flights Wednesday and

was expected to do the same Thursday, airline officials said.

The disruptions Thursday will include the national railroads

and Paris-area rail commuter traffic. A strike at the Paris transport authority, where workers are seeking a 3.2 percent wage increase, is expected to cause major problems for travelers in the capital. Several suburban commuter train and Métro lines are expected to be shut down. Other Metro lines and buses are expected to run at only 30 percent of capacity.

Commuters returned to the Bucharest subway system Wednesday after a two-day strike was suspended for 40 days by court order, pending negotiations.

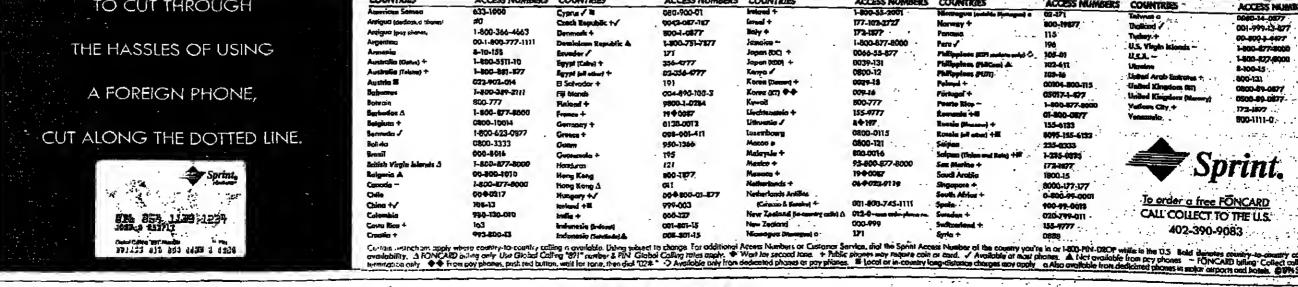
Snow and freezing temperatures caused traffic jams across Germany on Wednesday, with at least one person killed and dozens injured in accidents, the police said.

New Zealand's railroad system was at a standstill Wednesday as employees struck over pay demands. Wellington, where the rails are the main form of commuter travel, was hardest-hit. (AFP)

U.K. and China Set Airport Funding

Compiled by Our Staff From Disputches would be repaid after the Brit-HONG KONG — After ish colony reverts to Chinese months of negotiations, Britain rule in 1997.

ed repeate about to by time has come to end these op falling behind the rest of in recen an obvious conclusion,	lly by the Serbs changed. "There will be no estern diplomat weeks, with the to speak to each ats have tried in	- but it is not ing re is a unity of more Bosnian of said. parties in Bosnian the other, West-	g the Serbs of Croati tonomy in exchange Croatian sovereignt "At this stage," an ore can we do than cre until some of the the light?"	a virtually complete for their acceptance y- official said, "what leave the plans out	and China on nounced an agn ing a body to b Hong Kong's n Beijing's agre sary because n	ement is neces-	The sides agreed I how much should be for the airport, which built offshore at Che and a railroad linkin tral Hong Kong.	borrowed is being k Lap Kok, g it to cen-		n Towas 5	THE STATE AND TH
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Senate Unarimously Rejects House's Freeze on Rules The Associated Press. WASHINGTON — The Senate on Wednesday unanimously rejected a sweeping. House-passed moratorism on federal regulations in favor of a sweeping. House-passed moratorism on federal regulations in favor of a dealer support among Republicans, many of whom had earlier supported the broader freeze but were concerned that if enacted it would be vetoed by President Bill Clinton. The Senate on Rules support among Republicans, many of whom had earlier supported the broader freeze but were concerned that if enacted it would be vetoed by President Bill Clinton. The Associated Press. The Rules and cost businesses billity that Congress could become deeply mired in the murky details now be broader freeze but were concerned that if enacted it would be vetoed by President Bill Clinton. We have passed laws and then we forger about them, said Mr. Nickles. Now, the House and Senate bills must be reconciled, and negotiations where the pass the laws, and bureaucrats take over and enforce them and come to ver regulations that the rules and regulations to the food over regulations. The feffect would be a vertical vertical track over and enforce them and come to vertical ve

WASHINGTON — The Senate on Wednesday unanimously rejected a sweeping. House passed moratorium on federal regulations in favor of a compromise allowing Congress to review, and possibly block, some rules. The Senate bill is in sharp contrast to the House's approach, in which thousands of federal rules would be put on hold for a year.

put on hold for a year. Many senators maintained that the

House legislation would go too far by jeopardizing health and safety regulations, from meat-inspection rules to standards for toy safety.

The measure cleared the Senate a vote of 100 to 0. "A moratorium is an extreme mea-

sure," said the Senate minority leader, Thomas A. Daschle of South Dakota. "It's something we cannot support The review idea also gained wide support among Republicans, many of whom had earlier supported that be said cost businesses billity that Congress could become deeply mired in the murky details now would not take effect for 45 days. Durbroader freeze but were concerned that reform, bad little taste for such a dra-

lations review. But unlike a temporary rule moratorium, he said, the congres-sional review would have permanent

month as part of a broader assault on federal regulatory agencies. The bill was part of the House Republicans' "Contract With America" agenda.

John H. Cushman Jr. of The New York Times reported earlier from Washington:

The Senate action was a clear set-back for the House, which by a vote of while unwilling to go as far as the while the formulation of the Senate, because the formulation of the Senate action with the senate action with the senate action with the senate action with the senate action was a clear set. 276 to 146 approved the freeze last House has in curbing federal regulations, share the prevailing dislike of what many businesses consider unduly burdensome rules.

The House speaker, Newt Gingrich

The House speaker, Newt Gingrich

Georgia and a house find a h of Georgia, said a broad freeze was issue to enforce the laws passed by needed to put a halt to onerous federal Congress, the Senate opened the possi-

forget about them," said Mr. Nickles. 800 rules meeting that test of signifi-"We pass the laws, and bureaucrats cance are issued every year. up with the rules and regulations to make those things bappen. Now Congress is going to have some responsibility to review those rules."

The Senate proposal was embraced veto threat from President Bill Clin- regulations. ton. It is not clear whether the House. which has never debated the idea, will accept the Senate bill as a substitute.

for limited debate and a vote. About

The effect would be a legislative veto over regulations that Congress finds politically unpalatable or beyond the intent of the original law under which the rules were issued.

While Mr. Clinton promised to vetn by moderates in both parties as an any bill that includes the regulatory alternative to a yearlong freeze on freeze that passed the House last most new regulations, which the month, he has so far not resisted the House passed last month despite a Senate's notion of Congress reviewing

Although the proposal would shift power from the executive to Capitol Hill, the president would retain the Under the proposal, new rules significant enough to have an estimated resolution disapproving a new rule.

POLITICAL NOTES

Clinton Takes Podium on Economy

ATLANTA - Surrounding himself with economists, business leaders and blue-cullar warkers. President Bill Clinton opened an economic forum Wednesday to defend his fiscal policies, but conceded that "the news is not all good."

Ticking off a list of rosy economic figures. Mr. Clinton said his work was still undone because many Americans did not

"Even when times are good." Mr. Clinton said, people perceive change as so rapid that their level of security "is more fragile than it has been in the past."

The daylong conference at Emory University was modeled on a December 1992 seminar at Little Rock, Arkansas, that helped Mr. Clinton, who was then the president-elect, formulate his economic strategy. The 1992 conference also bolstered his reputation as a student of the economy.

The White House views the conference on Wednesday as the first step in an election-season strategy to ennyince voters that he has delivered on his economic promises. In Washington, the House speaker, Newt Gingrich, chided

Mr. Clinton about the forum. "He might decide he'd like to favor our tax cuts next week after he talks to enough entrepreneurs," said Mr. Gingrich, a Georgia Republican.

Term Limits Seem Unlikely to Pass

WASHINGTON - An idea whose time evidently has not With America.'

In daylong debate, the House was sifting through four rival

tierrez, Democrat of Illinois, noted that Mr. Gingrich was first elected to Congress in 1978, yet now backs 12-year limits on service. The speaker should "go back to Georgia, because the 12-year limit that you want to impose on everyone else has

Key Senator Balks at a Big Tax Cut WASHINGTON — The chairman of the Senate Budget

year budget plan that would eliminate the deficit but not provide for a major tax cut favored by Republican leaders in

The decision by Mr. Domenici. Republican of New Mexico. further complicates passage of the House Republicans'

Lawmakers Fume as TV Shows All

WASHINGTON — For the first time in its 16-year history. C-SPAN cable television is regularly showing all the action on

In a change that has angered some lawmakers, the House speaker ordered the camera operators last week to begin taking cutaway shots while House members are speaking, interspersed with broader pictures of the chamber. This is a sharp break with the longstanding practice of keeping the

The new approach provides a fuller picture of the House

Quote / Unquote

year House veteran who is a passionate opponent of term limits: "This is the dumbing down of democracy. In times of real crisis we need people of experience."

Cleta Mitchell, director of the Term Limits Legal Institute: People like Henry Hyde came into office a long time ago under a different set of rules. Henry Hyde and his ilk are dinosaurs, but they are not yet exunct."

yet come, a constitutional amendment imposing term limits on lawmakers, faced likely rejection Wednesday in the House and loomed as a rare defeat for the Republican "Contract

The House speaker sought to pin blame in advance on Democrats, who lined up to vote overwhelmingly against the politically popular measure. "Give us 60 more Republicans next year, and we'll pass term limits," Mr. Gingrich said. Perhaps redundantly for a party that lost its majority at the polls last fall, many Democrats said the amendment was

unnecessary. "We've already got term limits." said Representative Bill Richardson, Democrat of New Mexico. "They're called elections.

versions of term limits. A two-thirds majority is required to send the measure to the Senate. In a reflection of Republican divisions, three of the four alternatives were written by members of that party. In unusually personal comments, Representative Luis Gu-

long ago passed for you," be said.

Committee, Pete V. Domenici, says he will propose a seven-

the House and Senate.

\$188 billion tax package.

the House floor.

camera tightly focused on whomever is speaking, in effect blacking out the rest of the floor.

but also shows viewers that the chamber is empty during evening or late night speeches known as "special orders." In a technique pionecred by Mr. Gingrich, some House members make lengthy remarks as if they were addressing their colleagues but really are playing to the television audience.

About 30 Republican members bave signed a letter to Mr.

Gingrich urging a return to the old rules. Some Democrats have also raised objections. (WP)

Representative Henry J. Hyde. Republican of Illinois, a 20-



Canada's fisheries minister, Brian Tobin, speaking to reporters in New York next to a Spanish trawler's net.

A Fish Called Turbot Stirs Canada's Psyche

By Anne Swardson Washington Post Service

TORONTO - Some nations gain prominence through ethnic conflict. Others reach the world stage because of brutal dictators, borrible crimes or natural disasters. Canada this month chose a different

course to global attention: fisb. The nation known abroad and at home for mild behavior and distaste for conflict has turned, in the words of one critic, into an international pirate.

In the last three weeks, Canadian patrol vessels have arrested one Spanish trawler, cut the net of another and chased and tried to board a third, all on grounds that the ships were catching too much turbot. All these incidents took place on the high seas, where, according to generally accepted in-ternational law, Canada bas no jurisdic-

In New York, where he was attending a United Nations conference on curbing global overfishing, Fisheries Minister Brian Tobin engaged in an American-style photo opportunity Tuesday in an attempt to make the case for his side. On a barge in the East River, he displayed the 7,000pound (318-kilogram) net of the arrested ship, the Estai, cut off by the ship's own sailors as it was trying to avoid pursuit. Mr. Tobin said it was a "monstrosity" whose mesb was designed to catch illegal baby fish.

The turbot affair bas brought widespread international criticism of Canada, In The Hague, Spain filed an action Tuesday against Canada in the International

Court of Justice. Emma Bonino, fisheries commissioner of the European Union, which bandles fishing issues for Spain and the EU's 14 other members, called the sea chases and net-cuttings "international pi-racy." She added that Canada was acting. in Wild West fashion, "as the self-appointed lawmaker, sheriff and judge."

But Ottawa's chief delegate to the EU, Jacques Roy, said Wednesday that Canada

NEWS ANALYSIS

would reject a ruling by the World Court. "We have indicated that we would have reservations" about the jurisdiction "of the international court in this case," he said. Canada is spurred by several factors — historical tradition, domestic politics and economic desperation — that indicate the actions of the country with the world's

longest coastline are not that surprising. So far, Canadian officials show no signs of remorse. Prime Minister Jean Chrétien remains firmly behind Mr. Tobin, a 40year-old former television anchor from Newfoundland, Canada's easternmost province and the one most dependent on fishing. And the Canadian public seems overjoyed at this display of national ag-

"I think Tobin should stick to his guns," said a typical participant in an electronic discussion group on Canadian issues on the CompuServe network.

Historically, Canada has aggressively protected its coastal waters and unilaterally enlarged their boundaries from time to time. It was one of the first nations in the 1960s to establish a 12-mile (19-kilometer) extend its territorial fishing rights to 200 miles in the 1970s. It declared sovereignty over Arctic waters to protect them from pollution, and it angered Americans in 1985 by initially refusing an American icebreaker the right to move through the Northwest Passage. "It's a mysterious dimension of the Ca-

fishing zone off its coast, and the first to

nadian psyche," said Allan Gotlieb, for-mer Canadian ambassador to the United States and an expert on international sea law. "We've always been very conciliatory and emphasized arbitration on other matters, but when it comes to coastal waters and territorial issues, we've always felt we needed to take unilateral action.

Politically, Mr. Chrétien and Mr. Tobin presumably know that, in a year when the province of Quebec is set to vote on whether to separate from the rest of Canada, the turbot tempest has brought them widespread domestic support.

Mr. Tobin's actions also resonate in his bome province of Newfoundland, where 50,000 fishermen and fish-plant workers are unemployed. The government has closed their once-rich fishing grounds in hopes that stocks of cod, which have plummeted by 99 percent, will recover.

Ironically, it was partly because of over-fishing in Canadian waters that the cod disaster occurred: Mr. Tobin and others admit the government allowed too much fishing for too long but, with the zeal of the converted, say that makes it even more important to ensure that the fishing grounds just outside the 200-mile limit are not denuded as well.

Democrats' Dubious Fund-Raising Ploy

By Richard L. Berke New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - When bundreds of thousands of prospective Democratic contributors opened their mailboxes in the last several weeks, they spotted what might be taken for an envelope from the Republican Party. Its message, in bold type, was, "Should President Clinton Be Re-Elected?"

But this was no letter from Republicans. It came from the Democratic National Committee. And it was designed to spur people to write checks to support the Democratic Party. The letter asked recipients to answer the provocative question, yes or no, using stickers to that effect

It was an unusual fund-raising device, to say the least, because leading Democrats these days are sensitive about the

notion that Mr. Clinton could be challenged by someone within his own party. Although White House officials said they were not troubled by the letter,

some Democratic strategists said they

BALTIMORE - The theory was ele-

The idea was that by scattering one or

two poor families in large middle-income

areas, they would disappear like salt crys-

tals in a glass of water, quietly integrating

would find more jobs, better schools and

Instead, a national program that was intended to spend \$234 million over two

years to move 6,200 poor families to better

neighborhoods unleashed a fire storm of

protest here over race and class even be-fore any of these families were moved.

of the program was canceled and federal

officials were left reeling from what ap-

pears to be a case study of how failing to lay the groundwork for a program that

involves race and class can undercut an

program like this during an election year,

when people are looking for a wedge issue

and are not above frightening people with questions of race," said Henry G. Cisne-

ros, the U.S. secretary of housing and ur-

spective for the community so we can get the correct information out there instead

of having the picture painted incorrectly by someone else," he said

The opposition was started by citizens in several blue-collar towns east of Baltimore

would be immdated by poor blacks from the public housing projects in the city. The residents were quickly joined by

local politicians. Eventually, Senator Bar-

bara A. Mikulski, a Maryland Democrat

who is chairwoman of a subcommittee that

oversees the housing department, doomed

the program. She said she bad not re-

sponded to political pressure, but she also

generalise Anna proposition generalise generalise generalise generalise generalise generalise generalise generalise gener Anna proposition generalise gene

who feared that their neighborhoods

"Secondly, we need to put this into per-

Primarily, we learned not to offer a

As a result, financing for the second year

es into communities where they

gant, the outcome anything but.

safer streets.

ban development.

were amazed that party leaders would offer such a choice to people on their own mailing list. Usually, such mailings added that the mailing had drawn don-are crafted with a much more positive ble the donations expected, although neiapproach.

The four-page letter was signed by Senator Christopher J. Dodd of Connecticut, the party's general chairman. He began by raising the matter head on: "Do you support the re-election of Bill

If they do, he urged them, they should paste a green "yes" sticker on a reply card and return it, along with a contribution of \$20 to \$250, or as much as they can spare.

"If you do not believe President Clinton should be re-elected," the letter went on, "just place the 'no' sticker on the reply card, return it to us and we will remove your name from our mailing list." The letter then outlined Mr. Clinton's accomplishments in office.

Donald L. Fowler, the party's national chairman, said the letter was intended to provoke a positive response.

"People who have a negative reaction we would never hear from," he said. He ther be not other officials would say how

But several fund-raising experts said they were surprised that the Democrats had sent the letter.

"The fact that they give a choice not to support a Democratic incumbent president may not be the best judgment in the world," said Donald R. Sweitzer, a former finance director for the Democratic National Committee. "It's a fund-raising gimmick: the assumption is that people who received this aren't going to ask to be taken off the list."

Roger Craver, a direct-mail expert who works for liberal groups, said be did not understand the mailing's rationale.

"They are running a big risk if they're being honest about removing people from the mailing list," be said. "They are going to have to eliminate people who don't care for Bill Clinton but care for other Democratic candidates."

Sanction of Prosecutor

Witness Is Misrepresented, Judge Told

The Associated Press was angry or yelling during a phone call to his former wife the day of ber murder, a defense attorney said Wednesday, ac-

A defense attorney, Carl

He called for Judge Ito to punish Deputy District Attorney Marcia Clark for what he said were misstatements about what the witness would testify. Christopher Darden, a mem-

identify the woman further.

Ms. Artunian and insisted that her testimony will "be very much as we represented to the court." Mr. Darden did not Judge Ito said he would rule later on Mr. Douglas's request. Later, a limousine driver, Al-

Ibuprofen Aids In Cystic Fibrosis

Advil, Nuprin and Motrin in the United States - were most

it's a valid therapy to introduce into the clinic," said one of the

ness stand and acknowledged be could not be certain that Mr. Simpson's Bronco was not parked in front of Mr. Simpson's house when he pulled up at about the time prosecutors say Nicole Brown Simpson and a friend, Ronald L. Goldman. were murdered. "You cannot tell this jury

positively that a vehicle was parked there outside the Rockingham gate or not, can you?" a lead defense attorney, Johnnie L. Cochran Jr., asked during cross-examination. "No," Mr. Park replied. "In fact, when you left the Rockingham gate, sir, and you

were going to pull out to bead to the airport, at that point you don't recall whether or not you saw any parked cars, is that correct? That's correct," the witness

said. In another development, Mr. Darden suggested - outside the jury's presence - 1bat there

existed a new piece of evidence

to show how Mr. Simpson alleg-

edly tried to cover up his role in the slayings. "We hope to present more evidence tomorrow relative to what happened to the bag in which the bloody clothes were

carried," Mr. Darden said. The defense showed Mr. Park three pieces of luggage and a set of golf clubs Wednesday to see if be could identify them. Mr. Park said two — a garment bag and a black duffel bag looked like the ones he saw on June 12.

Later, Ms. Clark unzipped the garment bag and the duffle bag, showed they were both empty and asked Mr. Park if be knew what bappened to the contents or where the bag had been since June 12. Mr. Park said he did not know.

Mr. Park's testimony, which began Tuesday, was intended to complete the prosecution's pre-sentation of the timing on the evening of the murders that was begun earlier by Mr. Simpson's houseguest, Brian (Katol Kae-lin, Prosecutors argue that Mr. Simpson had 78 minutes to murder the victims, bide much of the evidence and catch a limousine for the airport.

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Away From Politics

 Fire raced through a turn-of-the-century warehouse at the Fulton Fish Market in New York City, chasing tourists from an adjacent complex of restaurants and shops near the Brooklyn Bridge. No injuries were reported. The three-story warebouse collapsed as more than 200 fire fighters battled the flames. Mayor Rudolph Giuliani has proposed baving the city take control of the fish market, which law-enforcement officials say is dominated by organized crime.

• Nearly 87 percent of American adults say their health is good to excellent, according to a national survey by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. "This is good news, in sharp contrast to the usual messages we hear of gloom and doom about health," said Dr. Matthew Zack, who worked on the survey. Alaskans gave themselves the highest overall health rating. West Virginians the lowest. • Military spending is down worldwide because of cuts by

Russia and its former East European allies and smaller

reductions in Central America, the U.S. Arms Control and

Disarmament Agency said. Military spending, which peaked in 1987, fell more than 30 percent to \$868 billion for 1993, the

last vear for which statistics were available.

On April 22nd, the IHT will publish a Special

ARTS & ANTIQUES

Among the topics to be covered are:

Unstoppable art deco.

■ The impact of wealthy collectors in India and Asia.

A new trend toward single-artist museums. Asia — preserving cultural heritage vs. tourism revenue.

Links between children's drawings and works of great art. For further information, lease contact Bill Mahder in Paris

at (33-1) 41 43 93 78 or fax: (33-1) 41 43 9213. Herald Eribune

THE WORLD'S DAILY NEW SPAPER

Protests Kill Plan to Resettle the Poor By Karen De Witt New York Times Service

moved. They will be the last.

Margery Turner, deputy assistant secretary for research, evaluation and monitor-

Moving to Opportunity is one of the sharpest departures from decades of federal housing policy, which had isolated the poor in pockets of poverty

and violence.

ing at HUD, said it was "a sad, discouraging experience." But she still expresses

some hope for the idea. The program, called Moving to Opportunity, was one of a number of voucher programs. Currently, 1.3 million families receive a total of \$7 billion in housing vouchers and the Clinton administration hopes to substitute this overall concept eventually for all federal housing pro-

In general the Republicans in Congress, too, favor a voucher approach, but they balked at one that involved intrusions into

wealthier neighborhoods.

Moving to Opportunity is one of the sharpest departures from decades of federal housing policy, which had isolated the poor in pockets of poverty and violence. The program sought to use vouchers to help poor families move to middle-class neighborhoods. It was modeled on a deseg- ready suffered the loss of a steel plant, the regation program in Chicago, the Gau- idea of black welfare families being subsitreatix program, which was ordered by dized to move into their neighborhoods federal courts two decades ago. During was untenable.

said that the program had become too controversial.

The program was begun in Boston, New York, Los Angeles, Chicago and Baltimore, but only in Baltimore were any families, and only a handful of them, actually detection of the program has been credited with raising the incomes of several thousand families and drastically lowering school dropout rates among the children.

Moving to Opportunity was not intended to be a desegregation program as such, but Mr. Circuston said he arranged in the last time, the program has been credited with raising the incomes of several thousand families and drastically lowering the incomes of several thousand families and only a handful of them, actually

but Mr. Cisneros said he expected it to

combat what he called the "spatial segregation" that has resulted from the concentration of poor blacks, especially those in public housing, in center cities.

Although 61 percent of the poor in the United States are white, they are not compressed in what Ms. Mikulski calls "zip codes of pathology." Only 12 percent of

poor whites live in poor neighborhoods in Maryland, compared with 75 percent of the poor blacks. Some sociologists and urban policy experts say that dispersing some poor to middle-income neighborhoods not only benefits the families, but also spreads the fiscal burden of social programs more eq-

mitably between city and suburbs. Some have started without much opposition. Kaila Irvine, executive director of Housing Opportunity Made Equal, said the 12-year program had successfully placed 900 families in the Cincinnati metropolitan area.

In Baltimore and in the other cities, the

government boped to duplicate the achievements of the Gautreaux program. But federal officials say they failed to educate the white working-class communities near Baltimore about the program. The opposition began in blue-collar areas like Essex and Dundalk, east of Baltimore. The residents there believed that the

program meant that Baltimore would tear down its public bousing projects. People envisioned Baltimore's 18,000 public housing tenants, who are predominantly black, being dumped in their overwhelmingly white backyards. In an area that had al-

Simpson Defense Seeks

LOS ANGELES - A witness never said O. J. Simpson

cusing prosecutors of misrepresenting the woman's statement. Douglas, said the witness reported that Mr. Simpson was unlike his usual self because be failed to greet her in an accus-

tomed fashion, with an endear-ing term like "honey bunny."
"And that was the only sense that she was attempting to con-vey in terms of there being a different O. J., but that he was never very angry, he was never yelling," Mr. Douglas told the presiding judge, Lance A. Ito.

ber of the prosecution team. identified the witness only as a

lan Park, returned to the wit-

of a common over-the-counter pain reliever slowed lung deterioration by 90 percent over four years in children with cysuc fibrosis, a study found.

The benefits of ibuprofen —
sold under such brand names as

The Associated Press NEW YORK - High doses

dramatic in children ages 5 to 13 who consistently took it twice a day in addition to conventional treatments with other drugs, the study's authors said. lbuprofen might also have some reduced benefit in older patients, the researchers said. "I think this study suggests

authors, Dr. Pamela Davis of Cleveland. The study appears Thursday in the New England Journal of Medicine. Dr. Davis cautioned patients not to begin treating themselves with the drug because it can have harmful side effects if not used cor-

North Korea Asks For U.S. Reactors

New Proposal Seeks to Limit South's Role in Nuclear Project

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches SEOUL - In its latest cfforts to sideline its rival, North Korea wants an American company to design and supply the core of the new nuclear reactors promised to it by Washington, with South Korean participa-tion limited, officials said

Wednesday.
Disclosing details of a North Korean proposal made at nu-clear talks with the United States that ended in Berlin on Tuesday, South Korean officials said they would not accept

The Communist North is to receive two new reactors under an agreement requiring it to freeze its present nuclear program, suspected of being used to develop nuclear arms. They would replace Soviet-developed reactors that produce greater amounts of weapons-grade plu-

South Korea has expressed willingness to provide most of the \$4 billion needed for the two new reactors, but only if its model is accepted and its engineers are allowed to build them. The South is part of a U.S.-led international consortium set up to finance the project.

The adoption of South Korean model reactors and their designing by our engineers are the bottom line of our propos-al," a government official said. "If our proposal is not accepted, we can't finance the pro-

The United States has so far

San Francisco

Finds a 'Sister'

In Vietnam

endorsed the South Korean nosition, saying the South should play a central role in building the reactors.

But South Korean officials are now worried that the United

States may change its position and accept the North Korean proposal, the influential newspaper Joong Ang Ilbo said Wednesday.
U.S. officials said the Berlin

talks adjourned ahead of schedule to evaluate the North Korean proposal. Pyongyang's offi-cial press agency, KCNA, did not give details of the plan, but said U.S. officials "promised to study our proposal" and meet again in mid-April in Berlin. The Berlin talks had dead-

locked over North Korea's refusal to accept South Korean light-water reactors. It has cited safety and technical reasons. but is believed aeting out of

According to South Korean officials, the North is inviting American companies to take control of the project's major components, including reactors and related steam supply sys-

The North proposed that South Korea play a secondary role, handling layout of plants and other basic designs.

South Korea has nine reactors in operation and six more under construction. Seoul officials say the country is almost



Philippine Navy sailors dismantling a Chinese structure Wednesday on a Spratty Islands reef that Manila has claimed

Manila Tears Down Chinese Structures in Spratlys

MANILA - President Fidel V. Ramos

said Wednesday that Philippine troops had destroyed more structures put up by China on the disputed Spratly Islands. He also rejected Beijing's appeals to free 62 fishermen arrested in the area on Saturday, saying they had been destroying the environment and "deserve condemnation

by the international community." He said the Philippine Navy "was forced to destroy various structures, which were found to be made of metal frames, and

The chief of the armed forces, General Arturo Enrile, said earlier that the navy had blown up Chinese-made territorial markers on Jackson Atoll, Half Moon Shoal and Sabina Reef, which are part of the Spratty archipelago in the South China

The general said the nearest of these markers were 80 kilometers (50 miles) from the southwestern Philippine island of Palawan "and therefore clearly within Philippine territory."

The dispute over the Spratlys escalated

The chain is also claimed in whole or in part by Brunei, Malaysia, Taiwan and

■ Taiwan to Send Patrol Boats

Taiwan plans to send armed patrol boats to reinforce its claims to sovereignty over the Spratly and Pratas Islands, Renters reported Wednesday, quoting the

CNA news agency in Taipei.

The agency also quoted the Taipei police commander, Yang Tsu-ching, as saying that Taiwan would erect a marker to indicate its sovereignty over Taiping Island, the biggest in the Sprattys. The island is

PARIS — South Korea marked another step in its 40-year rise out of war and poverty when it formally applied Wednesday to join the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, the rich nations' club.

Seoul's ambassador to France handed the application letter to the secretary-general of the Paris-based economic forum.

OECD sources said the application had already effectively been approved by the organization's members, so there was little doubt Scoul would join within a year or so.

South Korea will have to reaffirm its commitment to the

Manila Conciliates With Singapore

MANILA — A conciliatory President Fidel V. Ramos offered the first hope Wednesday that Manila's dispute with Singapore over the execution of a Filipino maid, Flor Contemplation, could soon be patched up.

Mr. Ramos said he hoped a meeting of foreign ministers of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations in Knala Lumpur would provide the occasion to settle the dispute over the execution in Singapore on March 17.

"I am very sure that under the spirit of ASEAN solidarity."

"I am very sure that under the spirit of ASEAN solidarity and brotherhood that discussions and consultations are tak-

ing place and, surely thereafter, actions will be taken to clear

the matter and to come to some kind of mutual appreciation

His conciliatory tone was in stark contrast to his tough

threat last week to sever ties if an official Manila inquiry

found that Mrs. Contemplacion was a victim of injustice.

"The Philippine government will continue to insist on the protection; and the giving of necessary respect and justice, where that is lacking, to our Filipano migrant workers," Mr.

Mrs. Contemplacion had confessed to the killing of a fellow

Filipino maid and a Singaporean boy in 1991. But many Filipinos argued she was framed. (Reuters)

China Rejects Iran Arms Charges

BEIJING — China said Wednesday that it had honored commitments against nuclear and chemical arms proliferation in its relations with Iran, including sales of power plants. The Foreign Ministry spokesman, Chen Jian, dismissed as "completely groundless" Western charges that China and Iran were engaging in transactions of nuclear and chemical weapons technology.

"It is totally unreasonable to make unfounded statements about normal cooperation between sovereign states in peaceful areas," the China Daily quoted Mr. Chen as saying "China upholds the principles and goals of the Nuclear Nomproliferation Treaty and the Chemical Weapon Convention," Mr. Chen said.

(Reasers)

Seoul Moves Formally to Join OECD

PARIS - South Korea marked another step in its 40-year

of the problem," the president said.

Ramos said.

tion," Mr. Chen said.

South Korea will have to reaffirm its commitment to the free market during the application review. (Reuters)

Australia Can't Cut Gases Enough

SYDNEY .- Australia, the nation that produces more greenhouse gases per person than any other country, admitted Wednesday that it would not meet its pledge to reduce emissions by the end of the decade.

The government announced Wednesday a plan to reduce greenhouse gases that largely langes on industry voluntarily enting emissions by a shift to use of natural gas.

But Previousment Minister John Faulkness admitted that

But Environment Minister John Faulkner admitted that the package would leave emissions of carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide in the year 2000 3 percent above the target level adopted by industrial nations.

VOICES From Asia

Alex Magao, an independent Manila columnist, after the leader of the Communist Party of the Philippines called Wednesday for renewed guerrilla war. Their armed strength is limited. People are tired of war. The feeling is that we've wasted so much opportunities because we are engrossed with national in-lighting."

Chandriks Bandanavsike Kamaratunga, president of Sri Lanka, as Tamil rebels extended until April 19 their deadline for the government to meet their demands: "The government of Sri Lanka is not willing to take anybody's ultimatums."

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David Threadgold, an analyst at BZW Securities in Tokyo, on the planned merger of Mitsubishi Bank and the Bank of Tokyo: "The Bank of Tokyo was the only bride in town. All

self-sufficient in nuclear techremove markers with Chinese characters" last month, when Manila discovered structures on Mischief Reef that were protected nology and can handle reactors on the Thomas 1 and Thomas 2 shoals, occupied by Taiwan marines. and other systems. (AFP, AP) Half Moon Shoal and Pennsylvania Reef. by Chinese naval vessels.

Fearful Press in Hong Kong Toes China's Hard Line

SAN FRANCISCO This city will become the first in the United States to establish formal "sister city" relations with a Victnamese city, Ho Chi Minh

City.

Once again, San Francisco is in the forefront of establishing relations with the Pacific Rim," Mayor Frank Jordan said Tues-

day.

He noted that the city was the first in the U.S. to establish such a relationship with Australia, China, Japan and South Korea.

The mayor's office said the relationship would make San Francisco the West Coast's official gateway to Vietnam for trade and cultural exchanges.

By Keith B. Richburg Washington Post Service

HONG KONG - A crusading Hong Kong publisher, Jimmy Lai, found out the risk of offending Beijing's leadership when his popular magazine, Next, de-scribed Prime Minister Li Peng of China as a "son of a turtle's egg with zero IQ." China promptly retaliated by closing down the Beijing branch of Mr. Lai's Giordano store until he stepped down as company chairman.

A Hong Kong reporter, Xi Yang, learned an even harder lesson: He has served 18 months of a 12-year prison term for writing a story in the Ming Pao newspaper about the Chinese central bank's plan to sell gold on international trip to Beijing to attend his mother's funeral and charged with stealing state financial secrets.

The episodes point to what Hong Kong journalists and democratic reformers say they fear will be an erosion

reverts to Chinese rule on July 1, 1997. With that threat, many champions of newspapers and magazines already have grown timid and more willing than ever to toe the Beijing line.

Press freedom is just one of the tradiresidents feel may be in jeopardy after 1997. Concern is quietly growing, despite official Chinese assurances to the 1997. Concern is quietly growing, despite official Chinese assurances to the contrary, that academic freedom and the rule of law may likewise become casualties of the coming transfer of sovereignty.

"The Year and the rule of law may likewise become casualties of the coming transfer of sovereignty.

"The Year and the rule of law may likewise become to do that. The fear that China will do that the Beijing's takeover less than two and a half years away, some Hong Kong creighty. "That's what sets Hong Kong apart

from China," said Emily Lau, a former journalist and now an elected member of the colony's legislature. We have the British-style regal system, which is the colonies. Council in London acting as the colonies. Council in London acting as the colonies. Most of those laws have never been supported by the colonies of the colonies.

of - or even an outright assault on - Pao and the vice chairman of the Hong freedom of the press when the colony Kong Journalists Association. "The pressure is increasing, especially because a lot of proprietors would like to press freedom say most of Hong Kong's extend their markets into China. And from a businessman's mentality, they don't want to rock the boat."

> "Self-censorship is clearly there," said Martin M. C. Lee, a lawyer and legisla-tor who heads the United Democrats of Hong Kong.

toe the Beijing party line."

Hong Kong-based court that would replace the Privy Connal.

The British governor of the colony, Chris Patten, says he may be forced to introduce a bill to unitalerally create a new Hong Kong final appeals court — and Beijing is responding with a threat to abolish any court that it has not endorsed.

The jousting over the court is further evidence to skeptics that the 1997 transition may not be the smooth "through

government and its British chief execu-Hong Kong, under British rule since five to move quickly to get rid of sweep-1841, has enjoyed the protections of a ing colonial-era laws that could be used

has no respect for freedom, especially freedom of the mind."

"I would say the pressure for self-censorship is increasing," said Daisy Li
Yuet Wah, assignment editor at Ming over the shape and powers of a future

Content in Content acting as the color that most of those laws have never been invoked. But what Hong Kong residents are not so sure about is whether Beijing — given those same broad powers — will be as restrained about using them.

we're left with now are grooms."

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Military chemical experts arriving Wednesday to gain entry to a concealed laboratory at the complex in Kamikuishiki

Police Dismantle False Wall at Cult's Lab

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches KAMIKUISHIKI, Japan - Policemen-

raiding a Japanese cult's compound Wednesday began dismantling a false wall in a laboratory that could hold critical evidence linking the sect to the nerve gas attack on the Tokyo subway.

Police officials said that, "w safety reasons, it would take three days to pull down the laboratory wall and remove sophisticated instruments and other evidence discovered in earlier raids at the complex of the Aum Shinrikyo sect.
"The investigation looks like it could said.

drag on for a while," a police official said.

The wall is only about 2 centimeters thick, but it could take a long time to pull It remained unclear, meanwhile, whether the police had discovered any evidence.

directly linking the cult to the March 20

The Mainichi Shimbun reported that the police wanted to test whether the cult's labs and chemicals could have been used to make sarin, the nerve gas used in the at-The police were also reportedly expand-

security cameras on the morning of the gas attack, which killed 10 people and injured Television news broadcasts reported. that the man in the video resembled a man still hospitalized after exposure to the nerve gas. He was described by the Yo-miuri Shimbun on Tuesday as a prime

information on a man filmed by subway

suspect in the case.

He was seen leaving a packet from which sarin fumes sceped out inside a train, the newspaper said. A spokesman for the Metropolitan Police Department said that he could not confirm the report.

Cult members have asserted that the building where the laboratory was found was a hall of worship. A military expert taking part in the investigation at Kami-kuishiki, 190 kilometers (60 miles) west of Tokyo, said the false wall was behind a ing their investigation in Tokyo, seeking

room containing religious paraphernalia.

In seven days of searches since March
22, police in gas masks and riot gear have found hundreds of tons of potentially lethal chemicals. These included all the in-

gredients of sarin. The cuit has denied any connection to

the incident.

The Japanese legislature, meanwhile, was expected by Thursday to approve a measure prohibiting the manufacture, possession and disbursement of toxic chemicals as chemical weapons. It will also held formal hearings on the subway attack next week.

subway attack.

BRIEFLY EUROPE

BRUSSELS - The European Union's subsidy programs

are a swindler's paradise, as multimillion-dollar graft "a la carte" continues to drain EU coffers, an EU commissioner

The European Commission uncovered fraud last year that cost the Union 1.033 billion European currency units (\$1.36)

hillion). But Anita Gradin, the anni-fraud commissioner, said

she could only guess "whether even larger amounts ended up in the wrong pockets." She suggested that the official figure that 1.2 percent of the EU's hudget has been lost to fraud

could be the tip of the iceberg.

Exploiting differences in legislation in the EU's 15 nations.

swindlers "can select 'à la carte' which legislation in member states suits them best," she said. Protected by national laws.

they can set up international crime rings to defraud the EU

and face little prospect of ending up in jail. She said swindlers

were continuing to target agricultural subsidies, which ac-

count for about half of the EU's 80 billion Ecus annual

NATO Chief Declares HeWon't Quit

AMSTERDAM — The beleaguered secretary-general of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Willy Claes, said in an interview to be published Thursday in a Dutch that he did

not plan to resign.
"I am very hurt by the insinuarions which have been made about me," Mr. Claes said in the interview with the newson.

weekly Elsevier. "But morally and politically I am standing

For almost two months, Mr. Claes has struggled to avoid being brought down by a bribery scandal that has sent shock

waves through Belgian politics. The scandal involves allegations that hribes were paid in 1989 to the Flemish Socialist Party by an Italian company, Agusta, to obtain an army contract for helicopters. Mr. Claes was economics minister at

the time.

The Belgian newspaper Le Soir quoted NATO sources as

saying Wednesday that his resignation was inevitable and that his implication in the scandal was undermining NATO's

credibility. The paper La Libre Belgique said Wednesday in

an editorial that Mr. Claes should resign. (Reuters, AFP)

EU Approves New Athens Airport

BRUSSELS - The European Commission gave Greece the

go-ahead Wednesday to build a new international airport for

Athens, a commission spokesman said. In approving the pro-

ject, the commission was effectively dropping an investigation into whether the plan violates EU rules on public markets.

The 20 commissioners had gone to the meeting deeply split over whether to endorse the \$2.3 hillion Spata airport project:

half of them wanted to open the investigation and send a

warning letter to the Greek authorities, officials said Tuesday.

market, stalled a decision early this month on whether to

punish Greece over its hidding procedures and for its dealings

with Hochtief AG of Germany, the winner of a 1993 hid for

Calendar ****

European Union events scheduled for Thursday:

BRUSSELS: The commission president, Jacques Santer,

BRUSSELS: Mr. Santer meets Prime Minister Edward

Fenech Adami of Malia. Neil Kinnock, transport commis-

sioner, meets Guido di Marco, the Maltese foreign minister.

BRUSSELS: Karel van Miert, competition commissioner,

BRUSSELS: Hans van den Broek, commissioner for for-

as part of talks on Malta's application for EU membership.

Commissioner Mario Monti, who handles the internal

on firm ground. So I will carry on."

EU Programs: Grifter's Paradise

said Wednesday.

EUROPE

Russia's Man in Grozny Seeks to Mend His Torn City

By Steven Erlanger

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VOICES

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GROZNY, Russia - The man installed by Moscow as the leader of a new, interim government for the rebellious Chechen region is a soft-spoken technocrat who understands that his efforts to restore a semblance of normal life to this war-smashed city may sign his death warrant.

"I'm here because someone must do this dirty work," Salambek Khadzhiyev said in an office heavily guarded by Russian troops. "It's a question of conscience not of desire for power. What was happening in Grozny seemed an awful nightmare. But reality is reality, and the point is not being indignant. We've got to get down to

In mid-December, Russian troops attacked to keep Chechnya a part of Russia and to overthrow the secessionist Chechen leader, Dzhokar Dudayev. The war continues, but less visibly now, in the countryside and villages.

Mr. Khadzhiyev, a Chechen, said he had no interest in politics, only in doing what he could to restore the bare fabric of life to Grozny, a city of

dazed people try to live.

Even those Chechens who hate Mr.

Mr. Khadzhiyev, 54, despises Mr.

Dudayev, accusing him of provoking the war that destroyed Grozny. But

Even those Chechens who hate Mr.

State Institute for retroleum projects.

which he once ran. He uses his old office, although he keeps his orange struction of Grozny and the civilian curtains closed, presumably to distroops fired on a demonstration demanding a referendum on the separat-Dudayev, accusing him of provoking the war that destroyed Grozny, But Mr. Khadzhiyev also has no special love for the Russians who surround him. In fact, he is carefully annoyed with Moscow, suggesting that Russia is not coming up with the money it has

He has three budgets. The first, for current expenditures, pays 1,500 doctors still working in the republic, the nurses and the 3,500 teachers. It totals \$2.5 million this year. Salaries are about \$35 a month.

The second budget, to reconstruct the economy, is about \$1.1 billion. The third is a charity fund to which anyone deaths there, which number at least

may contribute.

"Lots of people have spoken out on television," he said hitterly, "hut Khadzhiyev as a Russian puppet. His they've not given a single kopeck — deputy, Umar Avturkhanov, who had

Muslim, who have never lost dreams of listed his help.

400,000 only four months ago, but now independence that were first sup-a blasted landscape in which 120,000 pressed by the czars in the mid-1800s, works in the relatively undamaged mate, "though hardly legitimate in any

'I'm here because someone must do this dirty work. It's a question of conscience, not of desire for power.'

Salambek Khadzhiyev

10.000, aid agencies estimate. Many regard the government of Mr. not a single kopeck has appeared in the led the ill-fated opposition to Mr. Dudayev, is widely regarded as a quisling. Russian officials have regularly But Mr. Khadzhiyev, a former chemisbeen over-optimistic about events in try professor and Soviet oil minister, Chechnya, a Caucasus region of 1.2 has a reputation as a disinterested million fiercely defiant people, mostly technocrat, which is why Moscow en-

Mr. Khadzhiyev, whose wife, two ist government, killing 58 people. daughters and son live in Moscow. sleeps in various places. Sometimes in the city, sometimes

in this building, sometimes in the villages," he said. "I'm not afraid," he added. "I walk

on the streets and I don't have as many guards as Dudayev." But he said his wife thought he was

quickly and go home — not home, hut to Moscow," Mr. Khadzhiyev said "My home is here. I have a house not far from here. I was lucky — it's still standing but they looted everything they could take."

"The Chechen people know that Dudayev is guilty," Mr. Khadzhiyev continued, showing a first glint of another could take." far from here. I was lucky — it's still standing but they looted everything they could take."

He expects his family to join him later. "It will take half a year to become quiet," he said of Grozny.

Mr. Khadzhiyev said that Mr. Dudayev rigged the presidential election "We'll try to do all we can to return

"Of course Dudayev is ready to fight to the last Chechen," Mr. Khadz-hiyev said. "You remember how Hitler fought in Berlin to the last German it's the same with Dudayev.

He stopped, then said: "I've lived in this city 38 years and it grew before my eves. If Dudayev had loved his people for a second he would not have brought war to his capital. He knew "She thinks I should give it up exactly what would happen. He's a

> freedom, but gave us a destroyed city, years of unpaid salaries, old people without pensions and death for our children.

"This is all we got," he added. that put him in power in 1991, and that this republic to a civilized way of life."

Chechens Flee Town **Under Russian Guns**

SERZHEN YURT, Russia - Russian tanks, planes and artillery pounded the Chechen stronghold of Shali on Wednesday, forcing separatist forces to retreat and sending thousands of refugees into the hills.

As troops withdrew, Russian planes bombed, strafed and rocketed the road from Shali into the mountains.

The planes could be seen hitting the road and the refugeepacked mountain village of Elistanzhi more than 20 times

in the late afternoon. The separatists' withdrawal from Shali, one of the last Chechen strongholds, followed a week of intensified Russian

"Most of us pulled out; it was untenable," said Ramdi Akmedov, a separatist lighter who joined the retreat.

POSITIONS

pressure on the area.

A few fighters remained in the town and were able to go in

and out through a gap in the Russian lines.

Russian troops also sealed off Gudermes, Interfax news agency said.

"In the next few days we plan to take these cities without serious destruction," General Anatoli Kulikov, commander of Russian troops in the breakaway region, told the Itar-Tass press agency. Seizure of Shali and Gu-

dermes would give the Russians, with their superior firepower, full control over the east of Chechnya. Gudermes, 45 kilometers (30

miles) east of the shattered capital, Grozny, is Chechnya's second biggest city. General Kulikov said both Gudermes and Shali were surrounded. "On Wednesday, the Interior

Ministry troops, after present-ing an ultimatum to the leaders of bandit groups based in Gudermes, started to disarm them in the town itself," Interfax said, quoting the press center of Moscow's forces in the rebel

Moscow's forces took Grozny in February after weeks of fierce fighting that left most of the city in ruins.

The Russians have refrained since then from moving into fort to restrict their own losses. But last week they took Argun. 15 kilometers east of Gronzy. by shelling it heavily, encircling (AFP, Reuters,

eign and security policy, meets the president of the European Parliament, Klaus Haensch.

meets John Zeglis, vice president of AT&T.

meets Prime Minister John Bruton of Ireland.

BRUSSELS: Franz Fischler, commissioner for agriculture

and rural development, meets Agriculture Minister Peter Baco of Slovenia and Xavier Retegi Ayastuy, the Basque counselor for agriculture

Sources: Agence Europe, AFP.

CONTACT

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The failed launch Tuesday - apparently the first

MOSCOW -- Russian space officials on Wednesday attributed the failure of a rocket-launching that launching site in northwestern Russia. should have put three satellites in orbit to an engine them aloft.

involving a nuclear missile converted for civilian use
— was a blow to Russia's hopes to convert its arsenal
of nuclear SS-25s into satellite launchers and improve
the countries restricted in the learning that the launchers and improve
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of nuclear MS-25s into satellite launchers and improve
the countries restricted for civilian use
of nuclear missile converted for civilian use
of nuclear system. the country's position in the incrative space market.

The converted Start rocket with its international payload lifted off normally from the Plesetsk military fifth stage was added to increase the rocket's payload

But ground control lost contact with the satellites, which failed to reach their assigned orbits. They are believed to have burned and fallen into the Sea of Okhotsk off Siberia.

agency reported.

Russia Blames Missile's Failed Engine for Loss of 3 Satellites There were four stages in the original SS-25. The capacity to 750 kilograms (1,650 pounds).

The Russian authorities also ruled out reimbursenot required to under the contracts, the Itar-Tass news agency reported. Israel, Mexico and Russia each owned one of the satellites.

But the head of the Israeli space project, Giora by shelling it heave. Shaviv, said Israel might ask for its money back after it and moving in. this colossal failure.

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the project.

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EUROPEAN TOPICS

Carpooling Is Making Inroads Among the Backed-Up French

It has gained in popularity among the Dutch, made strides in Germany and been around in the United States for years. But will carpooling ever entice the individualistic French?

It's something they may wish to think about Thursday, with crushing traffic jams predicted as strikes cripple bus and subway lines in Paris and the rail network nationwide.

Traffic around Paris is now twice as

dense as it was little more than a decade ago. Even around neighboring Versailles, cars back up in long, gloomy, bumper-to-bumper lines sometimes several kilometers long in the morning. Some businesses allow employees to set their own hours

Few cars at rush hour carry more than one person, according to Anne Bernard-Gely of the Parisian Transport Associa-tion. But she sees signs of hope: The

number of people receptive to the idea of carpooling—or co-voiturage, a term borrowed from French-Canadians—has risen from 50 percent to 80 percent in Bismarckplatz and a Hitler-Allee?" one risen from 50 percent to 80 percent in

WHITE VINES — A gardener clearing snow from steps Wednesday at a wine-producing estate near Dresden.

Some people dislike the idea of riding with a stranger, Mrs. Bernard-Gély said. But a central registry of drivers and rid-ers could lessen that fear. The Paris area might also repeat a Madrid experiment, she said, in which riders carry cards with bar codes allowing instant payment to

Around Europe

The Strasbourg City Council has de-cided after lengthy debate to label some 50 streets and squares with two-language signs. Thus, the Place de la Cathédrale will also be known as Münschterplatz, the rue Mercière as Krämergass and the Place de l'Homme de Fer as Isernemamusplatz. Originally, the daily Die Welt of Hamburg reports, some 100 streets were to have been labeled in French and German. But when Mayor Catherine Trautmann proposed the change in 1991, she touched off a storm of protest. The local newspaper, Dernières Nouvelles d'Alsace, published countless letters from readers angered at what they saw as a "new Germanization"

reader wrote. So the city appointed a panel of experts to study the matter. And it came up with a Solomonic solution. Noting that "the demons of history" still infested Strasbourg, it proposed halving the number of streets with dual names and using the widely spoken Alsatian dialect, not German, as the second language.

The Swiss Army sees no threat to national security from flying sancers — and that's official. The Defense Ministry took the unusual step this week of formally denying speculation in the news media that it runs a special unit to track reports of unidentified flying objects, or that the army keeps archives on UFO

A Romanian facing fraud charges exercised his right to consult the court documents accusing him. He then exercised his jaw muscles and ate them. But his hopes of being let off for lack of evidence were in vain. The court merely added a new charge: "removal of documents."

Brian Knowlton

German Media Mourn Network Journalist

By Craig R. Whitney
New York Times Service

German television, radio, and daily newspapers paid trib-ute Wednesday to Hanns Jo-achim Friedrichs, a journalist whose informal style shaped German television news for four decades, after his death at home in Hamburg on Monday. Mr. Friedrichs, 68, told the

magazine Der Spiegel this week that he had learned only at the end of December that he had cancer.

Der Spiegel made the inter-view his last, its cover story this week. Most national newspa-pers put the news of his death on their front pages Wednesday norning.

"We mourn a man who set an Plog the chief of the North German Broadcasting station where Mr. Friedrichs finished his long television career:

tional ARD television net- as he wrote in the memoirs he moderator of its popular Sport work's evening news magazine, "Tagesthemen" or "Subjects of the Day."

His silver-haired features and his North German baritone had instant recognition all over Germany and evoked the kind of sympathy and trust that Wal-ter Cronkite enjoyed as anchor-man for CBS News in the United States.

Mr. Friedrichs tried, he said, to come across as a welcome guest at the evening-dinner ta-

After retirement, he kept his hand in by narrating the Ger-man version of the popular Na-tional Geographic nature series on television.

Mr. Friedrichs was born in example for an entire generation of journalists, said Jobst and grew up nearby in Herford. He learned from his father, a civil servant and veteran of World War I who refused to join the Nazi Party after Hitler That was in 1991, when he came to power in 1933, that "no one had to who didn't want to,"

unit and was taken prisoner hy the British a few days after the

from 1947 to 1950, when he reer: "The gates of the Wall are went to London to work for wide open," he announced. BBC Radio's German-language service.

He remained with the BBC the next two and a half decades he reported from Hamburg, had learned from the BBC.
Washington, New York, South
He was a strong critic of America, Moscow, North Ko-postwar German system of try-

television network. ZDF asked him to become groupings.

published in Germany last year. studio program in 1969. After Father and son both served the Munich Olympics of 1972 in the German Army during Mr. Friedrichs became ZDF's World War II. Mr. Friedrichs sports editor, until 1981 when sports editor, until 1981 when was conscripted as a schoolboy he returned to New York as into an anti-aircraft artillery correspondent until 1985, starting a popular program called "Pictures From America."

He then returned to ARD in He studied English in Ham- Hamburg to the evening news worked as a journalist at the Telegraf, a daily newspaper in the British zone of West Berlin, most important news of his ca-

Mr. Friedrichs, though a supporter of the opposition Social Democratic Party, strove until he started his television throughout his television re-career in Cologne in 1955. Over porting career for the independence and objectivity that he He was a strong critic of the

rea and Vietnam for both ARD ing to balance public television and, after 1964, for ZDF, the news coverage by distributing second German national public the key jobs proportionally to partisans of the main political

Boycott Libyan Oil

Bill Clinton now makes a timely appeal for a worldwide boycott on Libyan oil. His call needs to be treated as much more than delivery on a campaign promise to pursue the two Libyan suspects in the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103, in which all 259 passengers and crew were lost plus 11 victims on the ground in Scotland. Libya's Moammar Gadhafi has survived lesser sanctions and has played on the difficulty, in a world of ever fresh outrages, of sustaining international attention to particular tragedies.

What needs to be conveyed to Colonel Gadhafi is that people are not ready to shrug off the Flight 103 murders simply as part of the inevitable price of living in a disorderly world. Not only are the two suspects still around, but the leader who instructed them and who has since protected them is still around, too. The grieving families are owed a full measure of solidarity by their fellow citizens. All Americans have an interest in ensuring safety in the skies and in building respect for international legal norms.

Oil, one is reminded, flows every-where; it is difficult to cut Libya off;

friends. But imagine that the level of enterprise that Libya might apply to breaking a boycott were applied as well to making a boycott work. Libya's income depends almost exclusively on oil exports. Not every drop has to be cut off to send a powerful message to a roguegovernment. It would be worth affecting just some share of exports. The generally successful ban on Iraq's oil gives an idea of what might be accomplished. The point would be to increase disaffection in Libya and to support Libyans who prefer their country to come in from the Gadhafi cold.

Overcoming the cynicism that colors so much international thinking on the Libyan issue will not be easy. But why must it be assumed that the purchasers and consumers of Libyan oil in Europe and elsewhere cannot be brought to understand the purposes of a boycott campaign? They, too, have an interest in seeing some justice done. There is a price to living in a disorderly world. In this instance, it is not to accommodate terrorism but to combat it.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

Decisions for Turkey

It is Turkey's turn to have Western fingers pointed at it. Even those seemingly steady Turks, say the fundamentalistwatchers, seem to be cracking under the impact of Islamie radicalism. The worriers can relax — up to a point. Things are not going well in Turkey, but fundamentalism is not the chief cause of the trouble. The real problem is an old-fashioned mixture of indecisive government and, on one central issue, stubbornness.

This month's tioters in Istanhul were not fundamentalists: they were Alevis, an easygoing branch of Islam. Somebody attacked some Alevi coffee shops; the Alevis took to the streets in protest; Istanbul's police shot into the crowds, It was a mess, but it bears no relation to the Islamist rebellions in Algeria and Egypt or recent fundamentalist brutalities in Pakistan.

Nor does the past few years' modest rise in the fortunes of Turkey's brand of revivalist Islamic politics. Between the local elections of 1989 and 1994, the Muslim-radical vote went up from 15 to 19 percent. That was enough to give the Welfare Party, the main religious group, the mayors' jobs in Ankara and Istanbul. The party has so far run those cities competently and, on the whole, tolerantly. By the standards of the fanatics elsewhere, Turkey's Muslim revivalists still look fairly moderate.

What has gone wrong in Turkey is chiefly a failure of clear-minded government. In the 1980s, under Turgut Ozal, Turkey had incisive leadership of the Margaret Thatcher sort. But the Parliament elected in 1991 produced a woolly

tives and a confused Social Democratic Party. When the prime ministership then passed into the hands of Tansu Ciller, woolliness became weakness.

Mrs. Ciller, who once looked so promising, has failed to get a grip on the economy. Inflation is up, national in-come is down. Too much of the economy is still run by the state; government spending is way above what the IMF was told it would be. The Turks' main ailment

is plain economie inefficiency.

Mrs. Ciller has also failed to make Turkey's stubborn generals see that the Kurdish rebellion in the country's barren southeast needs a political solution. The present huge raid by the Turkish army into northern Iraq, which has shocked Turkey's friends, is yet another attempt to end the rebellion by military means alone, It almost certainly will not work.

Turkey's Kurds live all over the country. and it is generally agreed that most do not want a separate Kurdish state. They do want more freedom inside Turkey, in things like local government and the use of the Kurdish language. If the Turkish government gave them what the Spanish government has given the Basques, the revolt could probably be ended. The longer it goes on, the more the war will poison the rest of Turkish politics.

Turkey needs a government that will make the necessary decisions about the economy and the Kurds. If it does not get one, the fears about its future could

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

Winnie Mandela Out

It could not have been an easy decision for President Nelson Mandela, but he was right and courageous to dismiss his estranged wife, Winnie, from the government. Her expulsion is an important step in the development of the new South Africa, making clear that lawlessness and racial divisiveness will not be tolerated in the highest councils. There is no more vital lesson for Mr. Mandela to drive home to a nation where the law was once the crude instrument of white oppression and its violation an act of justifiable defiance.

The new South Africa must rest on the rule of law and no one can be above it, no matter how great her past suffering, how elevated her position or how important her role in the struggle against apartheid.

The decision was personally difficult for the South African leader. During his 27 years in prison, Mrs. Mandela challenged the white authorities and endured harsh official harassment. She built a fervent following in the poorest of the black townships. But in recent years she betrayed the revolution with abuses of power. Allega-tions of bribe-taking and influence-peddling by her have undermined confidence in evenhanded law enforcement. As a deputy cabinet minister, she openly attacked and defied the Mandela government.

Mrs. Mandela has yet to be charged with corruption, although an investiga-tion is under way. In 1991 she was convicted of kidnapping for sending her bodyguards to abduct four young men in Soweto. One of the bodyguards was found guilty of murder of a 14-year-old.

Along with the personal anguish for Mr.

Mandela, there is also some political risk

that the dismissal of Mrs. Mandela will only increase her popularity among alienated and impoverished blacks, especially the young. They thrilled to her attacks on white privilege and excused her own lavish

lifestyle. To them, her dismissal smacks of the harassment she once endured. Mrs. Mandela has said she would not

break with the African National Congress, the political party dominated by her husband. She could try to lead an insurgent movement within the ANC, exploiting economic inequities that show little sign of narrowing. It would be tragie for the Mandelas and for South Africa if the dismissal stirred new racial conflict and political turmoil as the nation's leaders work on a permanent constitution.

The power of principle and moral au-thority carried Mr. Mandela through his long struggle against white rule. It sustains him now as he tries to create a new South Africa.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Comment

Beware the Noise Police

A law discouraging noisy neighbors, now being contemplated by the government, is bound to receive a cordial welcome. The lives of many urban dwellers are rendered intolerable by loud music far into the night. The new offense would be making a noise at night above 35 decibels or 10 decibels above background noise; this will be for environmental health officers to determine. We are not greatly drawn to the prospect of a swelling army of environmental health officers patrolling hi-fi equipment. We foresec nights disturbed by very noisy disputes, as well as loud music. If the government is serious about making noise a criminal offense, it should be put in the hands of

the police - not an army of bureaucrats such as Orwell might have invented. - The Daily Telegraph (London).



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Eligar for Asia: Michael Richardson, 5 Canterbury R.L. Singapure OS I I, Tel. (65) 472-7768. Fax: (65) 274-2334 Empire Fr. Asia: Prof. D. Krampushi. 3 Comerous Fai. Supapare (511. Fd. [65] 472-778K. Fai. (65) 474-458.
Ming, Dir. Asia: Prof. D. Krampushi. 30 Glowceser Rd., Hong Kong, Fel. 852-2922-1180.
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Iran: America's Containment Policy Has a Big Hole

WASHINGTON — In the old days, The New York Times ran a news quiz every Samrday. It was always a favorite of mine, and I think it's time for a revival. Here are this week's questions:

1. Which country today is Iran's largest single trading partner? a) Russia; b) France, c) Iraq; d) Gnatemala; e) the United States; f) Japan.

2. True or false: U.S. exports to Iran have gone up tenfold since 1989. 3. Which country's oil companies in 1994 bought roughly 30 percent of Iran's oil exports, for \$4,25 billion?

4. True or false: U.S. companies don't need a special export license to sell Iran toxins, centrifuges or other equipment convertible to military use. If you answered 1) the United States, 2)

true, 3) the United States and 4) true, you qualify as a news junkie and are among the select few who understand why America's policy of "dual containment" of Iran and Iraq isn't working: because America is among the biggest violators.

That's right. Despite the decision by

the Clinton administration to ban the Conoco oil company from doing a \$1 billion deal to develop new Iraman oil fields, there are so many other loopholes By Thomas L. Friedman

in U.S. "containment" policy (namely the right of U.S. companies to buy Iranian oil as long as they don't sell it in the United States) that America is still Iran's largest trading partner.
Where I come from in Minnesota we

call that commerce, not containment, I think the impulse behind dual containment is correct. The Iranian and Iraqi regimes are both up to their necks in terrorism. They should be contained. But while the current policy has, for the moment, restrained Iraq from threatening its neighbors, it has done nothing to moder-

ate Iran - let alone topple either regime. This policy needs to be rethought. "Containment" is a strategy that emerged in the Cold War as a way of dealing with the Soviet Union. But the Soviets were fundamentally different from Iran and Iraq.

The Kremlin threatened the existence of so many countries that it was always possible to maintain a modicum of allied cohesion to isolate it economically and militarily. Neither Iran nor today's Iraq poses that sort of broad existential

threat, so allied cohesion is fraying on

Iraq, and doesn't cost with Iran. Moreover, the Soviet Union offered few attractive economic opportunities to the West, so there was no great cash incentive for allies to break ranks. Iran

and Iraq represent huge export markets. With all governments new under pressure to generate-more jobs by expanding exports, it is little wonder that Russia is trying to sell Iran expensive nuclear technology, or that U.S., German, Japanese and French companies can't resist the Tehran bazaar.

What to do? There are three options. One is to maintain the present policy, but understanding that this is not containment. It is "feel-good containment" - a policy that makes Americans feel good but does not make Iran feel bad enough to change its behavior.

Two, take containment seriously, sever all economic relations with Iran and tell U.S. allies that if they take over U.S. contracts they will have to pay a price with America. That is, Washington will denounce Japan, France, Russia and Germany every chance it gets for cooperating with an Iran responsible for evcrything from blowing up marines in Beirut to blowing up Iews in Buenos Aires. Three, say to the Germans and others: "Look, you say your policy of constructive engagement with Iran will moderate its behavior over time. But you have set no conditions for Iran to meet, like an end to terrorism or improved human rights. We say that isolating fran will moderate its behavior over time, but we cannot sustain that policy alone. Let's merge. We will all agree on a limited degree of economic engagement with Iran, but also on a list of political conditions Tehran will have to meet in a set time period in order to win more engagement."

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But before we do that we have to deal with one other little problem with our dual containment policy - deciding what its objective is. The policy of containment of the Soviet Union had a clear strategic objective — the downfall of communism. What is the strategic objective in Iran? Democracy? Kinder, gentler ayatollahs? An end to Islamic rule?

We've never said. Right now the biggest hole in U.S. containment policy is a philosophical one the inability to answer the question "How will we know when we've won?"

The New York Times.

Iraq: Americans Have to Bear the Costs of an Unfinished War

WASHINGTON — Ameri-ca's animished war with Saddam Hussein has put William Barloon and David Daliberti at risk. Their risk is a burden that the two imprisoned Americans, their families and their fellow citizens must bear with concern and compassion,

and with great restraint. What Saddam is up to is obvious. His brutal regime hopes to use the two Americans who strayed into Iraq two weeks ago as bargaining chips. Equally obvious is the correct American response: No deal, Saddam.

Not even the two captives' families, who have the moral obligation to do everything they can to win the freedom of their kin, ask the president to sacrifice U.S. national interests to get their loved ones home. There is no debate on that point.

But the imprisonment of Mr. Barloon and Mr. Daliberti raises some not so obvious, unresolved issues about American options in the Gulf, Their plight also illuminates the dangers of a growing sentimentalization of American life that is spurred by

the unrelenting effort of much of the American media to personalize and wring every drop of emotion out of life's accidents and

inevitable confrontations.

It is useful for Americans to be reminded that the United States remains in open conflict with Iraq. Not formally at war with Saddam, but not in any way at peace with him. Nor should it be. America strikes at Iraq mili-tarily when sufficiently provoked, and leads the enforcement of tight international economic sanctions. American forces effectively occupy the northern part of the country to protect the Kurds there against a renewal of Saddam's genocide.

This is for America limited war hy another name. But for Saddam the total war is not over. He refuses to turn over chemical and biological warfare material that United Nations inspectors know exists. He seeks a respite from sanctions to rebuild a war machine. Americans are his enemy. Mr. Barloon and Mr. Daliberti are his pawns.

By Jim Hoagland

The two men work for U.S. defense contractors in Kuwait. How they wound up in Iraq is murky. They say they strayed while trying to find friends in the demilitarized zone between Iraq and Kuwait. One theory among Iraq-watchers of long standing is that the two men may have been on a booze-buying run — whis-key is outlawed in Kuwait but available in Iraq. In either case there is no reason whatsoever to believe that they are spies, as Iraq suggested before sentencing

them to eight-year prison terms. Americans should not blame the two men for a dilemma that Saddam's forces have created. Sympathy and moral support should be offered to Kathy Daliberti, who appears on television to seek support for her husband, and to those who drape Mr. Barloon's Iowa hometown with yellow ribbons. If our relatives were in an Iraqi jail, we would be doing exactly what they are doing to get

attention and help.
But as a nation Americans should be slow to reach for the

vellow ribbons or for the bombs suggested by those who demand that President Bill Clinton attack Baghdad if the captives are not released. Both these courses play into Saddam's hands. They raise the stakes of the imprisor ment of Mr. Barloon and Mr. Daliberti and make their release

less likely.
The Clinton administration correctly refuses to consider the two men as "hostages" whose freedom is to be negotiated. There should be no negotiations direct or indirect. Nor should there be a campaign of threats. The president should publicly declare that he will hold Saddam personally responsible for the safety of the two Americans and then do or say nothing more about them.

The Carter administration showed where the "hostage" road leads by its inept handling of the Iranian capture of the U.S. Embassy in 1979. Instead of immediately declaring the embassy personnel to have been interned by a hostile power and adopting a waiting strategy, Jim-my Carter's aides launched de-

meaning and pointless secret negotiations which confirmed for the Iranians that they had an American president where they wanted him.

The secret diplomacy also tied Mr. Carter's hands in what he could say and do publicly, leaving a vacuum that American television rushed to fill with pure emotion. The nation has been subjected to that same reflex repeatedly since as wives and children are interviewed ad infiniturn under oceans of treacle about their views on their mates or parents being sent to Somalia, Haiti or Saudi Arabia.

George Bush's generals boasted of completely destroying Saddam's army. But they let enough of it wriggle free to protect the Iraci dictator and let him resume his crimes against his own citizens and unwary foreigners like. Mr. Barloon and Mr. Daliberti.

As long as he sits in Baghdad. America's war with Saddam will continue. For that long at least, Americans must be prepared for the costs and challenges of an unfinished war with Iraq. . The Washington Post.

Germany Sees an Evolving Agenda for a Still Much Needed Alliance

BONN — Recent public opin-ion surveys in Germany indi-cate that the Atlantic alliance has rarely been so popular. This growing appreciation, coming as it does after the end of the East-West conflict, proves that NATO and the American presence in Europe are welcome not only as guarantor of our security but as part of a broad partnership between the United States and Europe. Three-quarters of the Ger-

themselves as "pro-American." However, the challenges created by the changed international situation do not allow us to treat the Atlantic partnership as a rou-tine matter or to take undue comfort from opinion surveys.

What are those challenges? First, the reform policy in Russia has run into difficulty. In spite of the radical transformation in that country, we shall, for a long time to come, have to continue sup-

By Klaus Kinkel The writer is foreign minister of Germany.

porting efforts to establish de- we cannot afford to disappoint The risks of instability will not turn to Europe." disappear anytime soon. A common policy toward Russia therefore remains a priority task for the foreseeable future. It will be particularly important to develop a joint concept for a strategic NATO partnership with a demomans surveyed described cratic Russia.

No less significant is the challenge of keeping the reformist countries of Central and Eastern Europe on a stable course. They must be integrated into NATO and also the European Union step by step. Harmonizing these processes will be a major task for the trans-Atlantic partnership. We must not allow the internal cohesion of the Euro-Atlantic structures to be weakened. And

mocracy and a market economy. the new democracies on their "re-

The trans-Atlantic partners in NATO will have to adapt to the European identity that is emerging in security and defense policy within the framework of the Western European Union.

In the context of the European Union intergovernmental conference next year, the European pil-lar of the Atlantic alliance will be strengthened. A key issue on the trans-Atlantic agenda will be the future merging of NATO security and defense structures with those of European integration. NATO must not be weakened, yet Europe must be given a wider scope for action on security matters.

The security architecture of the Organization for Security and

Cooperation in Europe also needs further development. The crisis in Chechnya has underscored the importance of this organization for peacekeeping and the protection of human rights. But the trans-Atlantic agenda

is not exclusively a matter of security policy. It also embraces such major issues as preventing the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, pursuing the goals of disarmament and arms control, controlling the spread of nuclear materials, and fighting international drug trafficking. Problems such as pollution and uncontrolled migration call for joint action by the Atlantic partners.

We face major challenges in the field of economics as well. The conclusion of the Uruguay Round of talks and the establish-ment of the World Trade Organization have been accompanied by a trend toward a regionalization

of global trade. The North American Free Trade Agreement, the Free Trade Area of the Americas and the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum include the United States but not Europe.

The trading requirements of the European Union and the United States, each other's principal trading partner, extend beyond the framework of the World Trade Organization; also needed are early warning of trade con-flicts; liberalization of investments, especially in telecom-munications and information technology; and coordination on matters such as competition; copyright and rules of origin. The economic policy agenda should be inspired by the vision of a trans-Atlantic free trade zone.

The trans-Atlantic agenda

most be intensified in cultural, scientific and human relations, perhaps the most important longterm sphere for the partnership. Dialogue should not be con-

fined to politicians and civil servants. Future opinion leaders of the trans-Atlantic partnership can best emerge from an intensified exchange of young people and of ideas. That exchange, ought to be institutionalized.

What instruments do we need to carry out this trans-Atlantic agenda? Clearly, NATO will re-

main the principal forum. But cooperation within the alliance will not be sufficient to address the broad range of tasks at hand. The Berlin summit meeting between the United States and the European Union in June set up study groups on three important subjects: the common for-European Union, the relationship to the nations of Central and Eastern Europe, and the combating of international crime and drug trafficking. The stimulus

provided by the Berlin meeting should be intensified. The trans-Atlantic declaration. of 1990, spurred by close cooperation between Secretary of State James Baker and Porcign Minister Hans-Dietsich Genscher, offers a good base for this.

The grestion, therefore, is not

primarily one of reshaping the trans-Atlantic partnership. The main objective is to find solutions to a range of problems that En-rope and the United States can naster only by working together.
I shall be seeking discussions with our partners in NATO and m the European Union with a view to focusing the Atlantic partnership on such an agenda. International Herald Tribune.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1895: Insurgent Cuba

PARIS - The Herald says in an editorial:) Figures are eloquent.
The simple enumeration of the military force which Spain is proparing to send to Cuba proves the extent of the insurrection on the island. But the possession of the old colony must be, indeed, precarious, when it can only be kept under Spanish rule by making war periodically on the Separatists.

freak of the storm, which jumped directly over them. Such unusual

the tops of roofs were frequent. In Elgin, III., the tomado broke during the hours of public worship. At the First Congregational Church, the preacher had just concluded his sermon on the text, "Be prepared, for ye know not when ye will be called," when the hurricane struck the building and the roof feli in, many worshippers being injured and some killed.

1945: Food Supply

sion of the United States food supply, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt said today [March 29] at her press conference: "If we would just eat the British ration for one month all over this country we would be much more satisfied with what we have." The First Lady said she has no new Easter hat and will wear the same dark blue dress in which she witnessed the Presi-

Global Warming: A Treaty to Save

WASHINGTON - Delegates from more than 150 countries are in Berlin at the first formal conference of the climate change treaty. They deliberate under the shadow of widespread failure to meet the treaty's core commitment to curb emissions of greenhouse gases.

The first formal accounting of progress in addressing climate change shows that little has been done to avert an increasingly certain environmental threat. The only institution capable of preventing broad-scale climatic change, the treaty itself, is at risk as governments openly flout its requirements.

Less than three years ago, a world agreement on climate change was hailed as the key achievement of the Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro. Representatives of 155 governments lined up to sign the framework accord. the first phase of which required industrialized countries to cap their emissions of carbon dioxide

at 1990 levels by century's end. In the months after Rio, climate change slipped from pro-minence on the international azenda. Environmental groups found themselves unable to keep public attention fixed on the issue. The media failed to give climate change the sustained coverage it deserved. The coal and oil industries mounted wellfinanced and effective campaigns aimed at casting doubt

on accepted climate science.

The change has been pro-

found. As governments found the task of bolding down emis-

sions harder than expected, po-

litical resolve faltered. Now, in

Berlin, they face the sobering

By Richard N. Mott

prospect that many of them will fail to meet the pledge to cap emissions.
The current crisis reflects the

quality of national-level plans to implement the treaty. Most of these have been poorly con-ceived, with no cohesive strategy for curbing reliance on fossil fuels. The United States' plan. badly underfunded by Congress, placed too much reliance on voluntary action, while fail-ing to tackle emissions growth in the transport sector.

Having earned a reputation as a brake on international efforts to address climate change, the United States now finds itself almost certain to miss its emissions target, possibly by a wide margin. It is a powerful irony that an agreement signed by a skeptical President George Bush has proved too much for the far "greener" Clinton ad-

ministration to meet. Even the long-standing en-Gore has not been enough to put needed policies in place, and the new Congress is expected to make things tougher. Failare by the United States to meet its climate commitments may ultimately do greater injury to the international process than did its previous efforts to block

negotiation of the treaty. The United States is not alone in failing to comply. Alongside it will be some of the very European nations that called for a dimate treaty in the first place. If their numbers begin to confer acceptability on noncompliance, Herald Tribune.

the treaty's political credibility may not recover.

But the climate issue is sure to remain with us. Wildlife and ecosystems are more vulnerable to changing climate than previ-ously realized. And global emissions are going steadily up. The industrialized countries, which until recently accounted for most of global emissions, are soon to be overtaken by the world's poorer countries as they pursue their own fossil-energy-

driven development.
All this makes for a problem likely to get worse, not better. Many government officials say privately that they expect cli-mate change to be back on political center stage before the close of the decade. If so, the world community will find itself turning to the treaty soon and with a renewed sense of urgency. For the treaty to sustain the

new demands to be placed upon

it, it will need at least a tolerable

record of compliance with its

first-phase targets. Nothing less

than a dramatic push by the in-dustrialized countries meeting in Berlin will give them even a prayer of meeting the modest goal they set for themselves in 1992. Only then can discussions begin on measures aimed for the first time at real reductions in greenhouse gases, and at the necessary but politically delicate matter of controlling run-

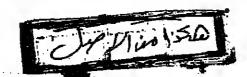
developing world. The writer is deputy vice presi-dent for policy at the World Wild-life Fund. He contributed this comment to the International

away growth of emissions in the

1920: The Final Sermon NEW YORK - Nearly two hundred dead, and more than 1,000 injured, with damages amounting into the millions, were caused by two tornadoes in the Central West and in the South Many towns directly in the path of the tomado were spared by a strange

WASHINGTON - In a discus-

sights as automobiles thrown to deat's fourth manguestion.



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Unfinished Va

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OPINION/LETTERS

China's Future Wall Street? Hong Kong Is a Good Bet

By David K. P. Li

TONG KONG — In September discriminated against. Taxation is simple and rates low by international standards. As Milton Friedman once said: "To see how the free market really works, Hong Kong is the place to to."

Some critics say that China does not understand Hong Kong. They say that the territory will be shaken by the transition of 1997 and hy instability after the death of Deng Xiaoping, China's paramount leader, now 90 and reportedly ailing.

Those more optimistic about China argue that Hong Kong's finestical

Those more optimistic about China argue that Hong Kong's financial role will be supplanted by markets developing in Shanghai.

Delegates to the World Bank and IMF meeting will land at the region'a most modern airport. To reach the city, they will travel by road or rail across one of East Asia's longest suspension bridges, over longest suspension bridges, over vast expanses of reclaimed land and through Hong Kong's third cross-harbor tunnel. They will gather in the expanded convention center, a waterfront landmark. All this repre-sents some of the \$20.7 billion Hong Kong is investing in infrastructure over the next decade.

The delegates will find more than 500 international banks and financial institutions, including 80 of the world's top 100 banks. Hong Kong already counts more international banks and brokerage houses than any other financial center in Asia.

Delegates will also find that Hong Kong is the hub of the global Chinese entrepreneurial network. With some 60 million people, this network has an estimated annual 'gross national product" of \$450 billion. Liquid assets beld by overseas Chinese are said to be worth more than \$2 trillion. Entrepreneurs from all over East Asia come

to Hong Kong to do business. Financial institutions have a streng presence here because Hong Kong is recognized as the place where opportunities are found and packaged, deals done and financing pu in place,

After sovereignty passes to China in 1997, these financial institutions wil remain in Hong Kong for the sane reasons. Hong Kong will be

Cima's Wall Street.
The territory will maintain its posiion because it has an important comparative advantage. It has built or a unique combination of laissezfire administration, Chinese entre-peneurial talent and good location

to become a key player in 24-hour global trading and investment.

The Hong Kong government has assured that barriers to entrepreseurship and personal initiative areminimal. Foreign investors are not

Hong Kong's legal system is based on the rule of law and the independence of the judiciary. An increasing number of Chinese enterprises now come to Hong Kong 10

prises now come to riong kong to sign deals, recognizing the protec-nion the system gives them.

While problems in the political transition to Chinese rule have at-tracted much attention, the monetary transition has not. The reason? It is progressing sensibly and logically, as prescribed in the Basic Law agreed to by Britain and China in 1984. The media find it all rather dull.

The principles of free enterprise and the supporting legal framework are enshrined in the Basic Law, which will become Hong Kong's constitution in July 1997. It states that the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Re-gion will provide an economic environment that maintains Hong Kong's status as an international financial center, encourages investment and promotes trade.

The Hong Kong Monetary Authority has been quietly cooperating with China to smooth the transition. The authority makes a conscious effort to consult Chinese officials on policies and objectives.

These are important develop-ments. With China's support, the Monetary Authority is positioning Hong Kong as Asia's premier finan-cial market. By its cooperation, the People's Bank of China is ensuring Hong Kong's competitive position as the international gateway to China.

Beijing's support for the mone-tary policies and development of Hong Kong show a strong commit-ment to its future prosperity. Supervision of financial markets will be left in the hands of a Hong Kong authority that is credible and trusted not only by China but by the international financial community,

The Basic Law embodies the concept of "one country, two systems," a phrase often used in a political sense. But it could also describe the financial systems, monetary au-thorities and currencies of China

and Hong Kong.
While Shanghai may grow into a
domestic financial center, it lags be-

hind Hong Kong in key respects. China (as well as Taiwan, Japan and South Korea) has been criticized by the U.S. Treasury for re-stricting financial service markets. Hong Kong's record of open mar-kets is second to none.



China is only beginning to devel- financial center without an internaop a legal system. Shanghai also rionally tradable currency. lacks an efficient banking sector.

settlement system is problematic. Shanghai's are in their infancy. Finally, there can be no international

While these shortcomings may be Even for domestic transactions, its overcome, markets and the people who run them take time to develop. But financial centers are more than a banking system. They are a ue to build on its strengths. China's network of financial markets. enhance Hong Kong's position.
There will be bumps and hiccups

as 1997 approaches. But Hong Kong is positioned to take advantage of its role as the principal gateway to what is now, and will continue to be, the world's most dynamic economy.

The writer, deputy chairman and chief executive of the Bank of East Asia Ltd. in Hong Kong, contributed this to the Herald Tribune.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Turkey's Interest in Iraq

Regarding the New York Times editorial "Turkey Crosses a Line" (Opinion, March 24):

This editorial makes a hasty judgment in saying that Turkey has violated international law by sending forces into northern Iraq. Precedents involving many other governments, including that of the United States, establish the principle that when lack of international order threatens their security and survival, governments have been obliged to take the law into their own hands.

The power vacuum in northern Iraq after the Gulf War benefited the separatist terrorists of the Kurdish murderous forays into Turkey. Operation Provide Comfort, the U.S. effort to protect Kurdish civilians from Saddam Hussein's wrath, might unwittingly have provided comfort to these terrorists as well.

purpose in Iraq: "to protect Kurdish civilians from Saddam Hussein's forces." Such intentions are commendable. But if the United States, an overseas power, has legitimate interests, then Turkey has even more tangible and legitimate interests to protect its own people from at-tack, and to establish a huffer zone to prevent terrorist infiltration.

A Dignified Pursuit of Peace

ALTEMUR KILIC.

Istanbul

Edwin M. Yoder Jr., in "Beneath the Dignity of a U.S. President" (Opinion, March 23), criticizes President Bill Clinton for meeting with Gerry Adams, a man intricately in-Workers Party, who used the region volved in the present cease-fire in with impunity as a logistical base for Northern Ireland. Mr. Adams, as leader of the political branch of the Irish Republican Army, may or may not hold the key to peace, but he certainly is a player. After years of fighting and thousands of deaths, a fragile cease-fire is in place. Mr. Clin-The editorial states that the Unit-ed States has a legitimate military tradition of the American presidency.

Mr. Yoder's analogy of Hawaii is not apt. Let's use South Africa or Bosnia or Haiti or Cuba, where governments are denying some citizens their civil liberties. The need for American intervention arises when a government treats a segment of its population unjustly because of race or religion. To meet with leaders around the world who are working toward peace in their countries is one of the most dignified duties of any American president.

JAMES L. McMANUS. Kinsale, Ireland,

Otherwise Occupied

The reason President Bill Clinton will not be seeing any tanks when he visits Moscow in May is that all those tanks that actually work will be down in Chechnya reducing its and the streets between the park buildings to rubble and slaughtering their occupants. It shouldn't be lost on the president that the people being killed are what the Russians claim are their own citizens. NORMAN SANDERS.

STEARNS CATALYTIC

CONSTRUCTION COMPAN

A Hard, Grim, Surly City, But It Was Not Always So

By Alfred Kazin

NEW YORK — 1 was silent when the kid walking right in front of me spat through the open window of a car parked on 97th Street. I was silent when the cop in the squad car, impatient to roll on, yelled "Move it!" ("it" obviously being me). I am in my 80th year and I was crossing Broadway 100 slowly for his convenience.

I was silent when the lady on 42d Street just threw off the wrappings

MEANWHILE

of her chocolate bar. Silent, when the brat on the M-104 hus captured the seat that had been given up by a young woman for an old woman. When the young woman protested he jeered, "Does the seat have your name on 11?"

l am silent because I was never much of a scrapper, even in my rough Brooklyn youth, so I don't feel like having my back broken for speaking up when a towering man on the subway car eats a slice of pizza over my head, when the taxi driver screams "How long do I have to wait for my money?" as I fumble in my wallet.
Actually, I was not always this

silent, cowardly and apathetic in the face of so much incivility - and worse - in the city of which I am a proud citizen. (The words "city" 'citizen" and "civility" all spring from the same Sanskrit root, siva,

meaning "friendly, hence dear to one," according to Eric Partridge's book "Origins.")

I once gently reminded a girl who had left the remains of her lunch on the steps of her school that this was not showing much consideration for others. There was no resentment or anger in ber reply. She just looked blankly back at me,

Which in a way is more sorrowful for me, as a citizen, than the expletive immediately fired at me when I ask an upstairs neighbor for a little less boom-boom-boom in the mu-

sic being played. Has New York always been like

Returning from the war, in 1945, I encountered squalor, but it seemed somehow more identifiable, limited to certain neighborhoods and times of day. You no longer entered Central Park at night with confidence, for example. and upper Broadway were as unfriendly as barbed wire.

I had never seen so many people in New York wandering the open streets who regarded themselves as untouchables.

CONSTRU

ENGINEERS & GONSTALLSTORS

RAYTHEONSERVICE COMPANY

The contrast with the city of my New York Times.

youth was dramatic. The noise level was less when I was growing up in the 1920s and '30s, and drugs were a private addiction, not an industry.
At least in fond memory the city was less crowded and more neighborly. Each subway car contained a cheery

little bulletin about the city called "The Subway Sun."
Even in the terrible '30s, 1 frequently saw men "of the better sort" raising or tipping their hats to "ladies" and giving up their sears in the suhway and on the bus — this al-ways with a flourish. Why not say it?

Class divisions were more open, as they still are in Europe. There were males who actually called themselves "gentlemen," who wore spats and pince-nez and were not lightly to be addressed by their

Henry James, a native New Yorker, called upper-class society "the land of consideration." But the consideration was all for one's own kind. When the novelist, after many years in England, returned in 1905 to his old haunts on the Lower East Side, be was repelled by "the terrible town" New York had become. He compared the immigrants perched for fresh air on the fire escapes to "monkeys"

in the zoo. My grandfather and father were among those "monkeys." New York was a "terrible town" — in its class differences and hostilities. And it is still terrible in the unthinking inconsiderateness - and worse - to be witnessed at any bour on its streets.

The problem is that while this is our city, the city of all, too few remember what we owe to each other as fellow citizens.

In January, Mayor Rudolph Giu-liani, "flanked by police officials and detailed charts," according to The New York Times, announced with pride that crime in New York was down last year compared with the year before.

There were 1,581 murders last year — 365 fewer than in 1993, or one fewer for every day. Mayor Giuliani called this development "a very significant success story," and said the overall drop in serious crime reflected his efforts to focus on "the quality of life" of the city — from aggressive panhandlers to omnipresent squeegee men.

You bave to give the mayor credit for trying - or boasting.

Mr. Kazin is author of a forthcoming memoir, "Writing Was Everything," among many other books. He contributed this comment to The

BOOKS

NAPOLEON AND JOSE-

The Improbable Marriage By Evangeline Bruce. 555 pages. 330. Scribner.

Reviewed by Graham Robb

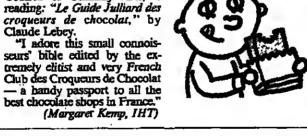
JOSEPHINE (originally Ma-rie-Josephe-Rose) was born in 1763, the daughter of an incompetent French sugar plan-tation owner on Martinique. "Long siestas," Evangeline Bruce informs us, contributed to her "native indolence," presumably also to her fine skin and beantiful arms, which enabled her father to marry her off to the Marquis de Beauhar-nais in Paris. The marquis was an unfaithful brute, incapable of appreciating "the little American'a" virtues: a Créole accent, long lasbes, supple limbs and eyes which were either blue, brown, black or, according to a passport, orange. During the Revolution, the marquis and his wife were both imprisoned; She survived, he did not. After collecting a string

17.

· Alexandre Lazareff, director-general of the National Council of Culinary Arts, is

> croqueurs de chocolat," by Claude Lebey.
> "I adore this small connois-

> sears' bible edited by the extremely elitist and very French Club des Croqueurs de Chocolat — a handy passport to all the best chocolate shops in France." (Margaret Kemp, IHT)



soldier with a large head, spin-dly legs and a bad case of scabies. His name was Napoléon Buonaparte. He fell in love, reflecting at the same time that Josephine would give him access to the social elite be consid-

ered necessary to his plans.
From then on, Josephine's life was tied to Napoléon's (over half the book is taken up with summaries of his campaigns). After marrying the military hero in 1798, she followed of lovers, she became the mis-tress of the cruel dictator, Bar-château at Malmaison, gather-

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

THE diagramed deal illustrates a paradoxical aspect of the method of scoring in-

and artificial, with a one-diamond negative. South pushed slightly with two spades and landed in a three no-trump. After a beart lead to dum-

my's ace, South was in trouble: even if the club jack fell, he could only count eight tricks. There was no entry to his hand to take a ciamond finesse, so he ran clubs. At ruther bridge or imps 485

scoring East would discard diamonds, arediting his partner 6 K 4 2 with the diamond king since 4 7 5 2 that would be the only hope for the deferse. But this was matchpoint storing, and East was worrying about overtricks. As-suming that South held the diamond ling he clung to four diamonds and the A-K of

He was now out of hearts and pass was fored to break diamonds Pass when given the lead in spades. Pass He cashed his other spade winner and led a low diamoad to West led the heart five

his partner's king and dummy's ace. Now South led the dia-mond nine from the dummy to endplay East to make an over-

of the method of scoring inparadoxically, East thought
about the method of scoring,
tried to prevent an overtrick
and artificial, with a one-diaand allowed one to make. If he had ignored the method of scoring he would not only have prevented an overtrick but beaten the contract.

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: Pass Pass

ras, and thus met his young proing about her a brilliant court, thin, greasy-haired, monosyllabic Corsican power base and frustrating the machinations of the jealous Bonaparte clan. Her downfall was her failure to produce an heir for the emperor. Reluctantly, he

divorced her in 1809, married Marie-Louise of Austria, and left Josephine to her plants and backgammon. She died of pneumonia and a "gangrenous angina" m 1814, shortly after Napoleon had arrived at his tiny island empire of Elba, a

coup d'etat, violated treanes, raped a Polish countess, imprisadult population into spies, it is judgment. Evangeline Bruce does not help matters by relying The flowery false innocence of emerged as if it had been little popular 19th-century history is more than a backdrop for their everywhere in evidence. One of the main sources is the delightfully dishonest Duchesse d'Awho persuaded the young Balac to invent more "memories" ington Post.

The most intimate witness of

leon's bomosexuality is relegated to a footnote on page 431, despite its obvious importance to a book subritled "The Improbable Marriage." The ultimate judgment on Josephine is probably the fact that

He considered a large intellect to be an aberration in a woman. Josephine allowed him to demyear before Waterloo.

When your second husband is a ruthless foreigner who led a coup d'etat, violated treanes, This high-speed tour of the

oned the Pope, lost millions of most complex period in French lives and turned a third of the probably too much to expect to account for Josephine's disposterity to form a balanced traction and inconsistencies. traction and inconsistencies. Napoléon and Josephine sail through the picturesque chaos heavily on unreliable memoirs, from which modern France

Graham Robb, author of "Balbrantes whose memory miracu- :ac: A Biography" and currently lously improved with age and at work on a biography of Victor

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Herald Eribune THE ROBERS DAILY NEWSPAPER

for her as her fortune dwindled. The Marquis de Sade is adduced as an authority on Josephine's sexual rapacity, while other memorialists are allowed to take revenge or idolize the emperor from beyond the

the Bonapartes' marriage was unfortunately dumb, but re-vealing nonetheless: an obnoxious pug-dog called Furtune who slept with Josephine, much to the annoyance of Napoleon. (It bit his leg on their first night

Vapoleon was in love with her.

(in New York, call 212-752-3890)

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call the best name in the business. Raytheon Engineers & Constructors.

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INTERNATIONAL

Germany Withholds Matériel for Turkey Over Drive on Kurds

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches BONN — Germany has suspended a shipment of military hardware to Turkey to protest Ankara's offensive against rebel Kurds in northern Iraq, For-eign Minister Klaus Kinkel said

Wednesday.

Mr. Kinkel said the items affected comprised bridge-laying and other engineering equip-ment that had been promised but not delivered. He also said the United Nations would have to become "massively involved" in solving Turkey's Kurdish problem.

We had planned to deliver some leftover materiel by the summer," Mr. Kinkel said. "We bave stopped it and that's the end of that '

Germany is a major military supplier to Turkey, its NATO partner. On Monday, Bonn froze 150 million Deutsche marks (\$107 million) in grants that had been promised to Anthrea to halo midd the supplier. kara to help with the purchase of two German-huilt frigates worth 800 million marks.

The decisions reflected Bonn's increasing concern about Turkey's incursion into lrac and suggestions from Turkish military and political leaders that the 35,000 troops they have committed could stay there a long time.

Bonn's discomfort has been heightened by the fact that Ankara's 10-year battle against separatist Kurds has been accompanied by increasing ten-sion within Germany's 1.8 million-member Turkish community, among them tions, villagers there said, 400,000 Kurds.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democrats and Mr. Kinkel's Free Democrats say an extended Turkish presence in Iraq is unacceptable.

The United States, at first sympathetic to Ankara's strug-gle against the separatist Kurd-ish Workers Party and its bases in Iraq, said Tuesday that Turkey had to come up with a concrete international plan to deal with the problem.

In London, Prime Minister John Major urged Ankara to withdraw and to avoid barming civilians and refugee relief ef-forts during the crackdown.

The Turkish military said late Tuesday that 97 rebels had been killed in 24 hours, hringing the toll to 269 killed, while 17 Turkish soldiers have been killed and 23 wounded.

Ankara pulled a veil of secrecy over the military operations Wednesday. Hahur, the only border post between Turkey and Iraq, is now closed to both the Turkish and foreign press, a Turkish officer said at head-quarters in Diyarbakir, southeast Turkey.

Military officials there said they intended to use helicopters to transport groups of reporters to areas of operations against the separatists.

Kurdish fighters, meanwhile, had complete freedom over 100 square kilometers (40 square miles) of northern Iraq, between two areas where Turkey has mounted military opera-



DIPLOMATIC FOOTWORK - Queen Beatrix of the Netherlands removing her shoes Wednesday at Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem during a three-day visit to Israel.

Aristide Calls On UN to Disarm 'Thugs'

By Larry Rohter New York Times Service

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti - With the United States scheduled to hand over responsibility for Haiti's security to the United Nations this week, President Jean-Bertrand Aristide has asked the international force to step up efforts to disarm those he called "opponents of democracy."

Conditions are now "safe and stable enough to have that transition," Mr. Aristide said in an interview at his residence. But, he added, the situation "has to become safer day after day" in order for democracy and the rule of law to take ront. and that will require peacekeepers to move aggressively against the remnants of the paramilitary groups that terrorized Haiti

for three years. Yet even as the president spoke of a safer Haiti, a lawyer who was a prominent supporter of the former military regime and critic of Mr. Aristide's was killed

Tuesday. Mireille Durocher Bertin, who had recently been organizing a new political party to take part in elections scheduled for June, was shot on the streets of the capital by an unidentified gunman, her husband

[FBI investigators arrived in Port-au-Prince on Wednesday and went immediately to work, examining the site where Mrs. Durocher Bertin was machinegunned to death, The Associated Press reported. Mr. Aristide asked the FBI to help solve the crime, apparently hoping to

indicate that he was not involved in the

slaying.]
Earlier this month, a former member of Parliament elected on a pro-Aristide slate who was running for a Senate seat was shot and killed, and a day later a member of a leading peasant organization that supports the president was killed.

Haiti has been swept by violent crime in recent weeks that has shaken public confidence in both the Haitian and foreign authorities. Mr. Aristide said that an upsurge in violence was to be expected, given the conditions that have prevailed since he returned to power Oct. 15: "Once you have weapons in the hands of thugs, you have crimes," be said.

His call to the new 6,900-member UN peacekeeping force follows several months f efforts by his government to encourage U.S. troops to root out gunmen and weapons caches with greater energy.

President Bill Clinton, who ordered the litary intervenuon that made the return of the Haitian president possible, is to visit Haiti on Friday to take part in ceremonies

marking the formal handover to the UN. "For the short term, or better, immediately, if we arrest some thugs and disarm some others, all of that through legal processes, that is good," Mr. Aristide argued.
"It will send a positive signal and make things safer" for ordinary Haitians.

Mr. Aristide seemed to have settled comfortably into his role as head of state. referring to issues such as Haiti's need for foreign investment with fluency and case. As is his custom, however, he offered

elliptical responses to a few questions about particularly touchy subjects. When asked to clarify such remarks, he responded with a smile and answers such as "I said exactly what I said."

But on several issues, he minced no words. Having dismantled the old army, which overthrew him in a coup on Sept. 30, 1991, and then embarked on a campaign of state-sponsored terror that left at least 3,000 dead, he sees no need, he said, for Haîtî to build a new one.

"For me, no, for the executive branch, no," he said. The next Parliament, scheduled to be elected in June, may have other thoughts on the subject, he added, but "for the Haitian people, no way."

Reconstituting the army has been one of several areas of disagreement between Mr. Aristide and his American patrons. During the six months that U.S.-led troops have been in Haiti, he consistently deflected questions about his intentions, even as he took one action after another that weakened the army and eventually led to its collapse.

Mr. Aristide also made it clear that he had little confidence in the interim police force that was set up with international help last fall to temporarily replace the Haitian armed forces. Members of the temporary security force, as well as some foreign advisers, have complained that their effectiveness is hampered by the government's reluctance to arm them.

But when Mr. Aristide was asked about that reported shortage of firepower, he answered with two words: "They say."

Senate Tells Clinton to

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

The resolution, passed by a vote of 99 to 0, said the arrest of the two civilians after they entered Iraq from Kuwait "worsens already strained relations"

One of the Americans, David Daliberti. 41. suffered a heart attack in jail, and his companion, Wilham Barloon, 39, appealed for three hours before medical help arrived, CNN reported Wednesday from Bagh-

The two were sentenced Sat-

They had been arrested 12 days earlier. Iraq responded to the furor

Americans hy saying they could "They can appeal their sen-tences to the high court of ap-

UN secretary-general. Mr. Hamdoon said that the sentences were not related to Stan Binder, chairman and Iraq's demand for an easing of chief executive of the company. the economic sanctions im- which sells the spectrometer, posed following its 1990 inva- called an Ionscan, to police de-

said João de Deus Pinheiro, the European commissioner in charge of relations with developing countries in Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific. into "an engine of growth and a factor of stability" for the southern half of the continent, be added.

traces were discovered. Some said the \$50,000 Ionscan 400 experts pointed out that homedetection devices using urine tests and chemical sprays had not done much to curb teenage drug use, and that the newer, more sophisticated devices also might fail to do so.

The company's DrugAlert kit contains a moistened pad, called a swipe, which collects any drug traces when wiped across desktops, telephones, books, clothing or other items. The kit is available, by mail

order, from Barringer. (The address: Barringer Instruments, At a demonstration, Bar-

ringer executives spilled and then brushed away cocaine from a desk that held a computer, a telephone, textbooks and a haseball trophy. A pad was wiped across these objects and then was fed into a televisionsized ion mobility spectrometer, which reported the presence

of the drug. "Anyone who has been in contact with illegal narcotics will inadvertently acquire trace amounts of the narcotic," said partments and federal agencies.

Kenneth S. Wood, president He said the two men were and chief executive of the sub-"safe and well." (AP, Reuters) sidiary Barringer Instruments

At a news conference Tuesday, Mr. Debré ruled out international intervention. In New York, United Nations officials and diplomats said that the major powers were not prepared to dispatch troops to Burundi. They added that Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali was proposing a resolution allow- zation of African Unity. EU Promises Pretoria **MANDELA:**

ing the eventual use of force, but that the 15

members of the UN Security Conneil were ex-

pected to agree on a declaration envisaging inter-

sibility of transferring some of the 5,500 UN

troops in Rwanda across the border, and in Brussels, the Belgian defense minister. Karel

Pinxten, refused to rule out international inter-

Kathleen Krueger, the wife of the U.S. ambas-sador, said that she was glad to be leaving Burun-di while gunfire was still distant.

Mrs. Krueger, who is pregnant, said: "The problem is the unpredictability of the violence.

So far U.S. citizens have not been targets of

violence. That could change this afternoon or

tomorrow. Those of us with children and spouses are being prudent, I think, in leaving."

Mr. Ayala Lasso said earlier that he hoped his mission would help "establish a climate of confi-

dence, of fraternity and of tolerance."

British diplomats nevertheless evoked the pos-

national action, but no use of troops.

vention if the situation worsened.

More Westerners Flee Burundi

BUJUMBURA, Burundi - More than 300

Westerners flew out of Bujumbura on Wednes-

day in a low-key evacuation of foreigners from a

The passengers, mainly Belgians, left on the same Brussels-bound Sabena plane that earlier brought in the UN human rights commissioner.

José Ayala Lasso, for a two-day visit.

At least 200 Burundians were killed Friday in

Tutsi-Hutu violence, prompting Belginm. France, Germany, Italy and the United States to

About 200 mainly French residents of the

The French minister of cooperation, Bernard

Debré, was continuing negotiations with the

country's fragile coalitioo government in a hid to

prevent Burundi from going the way of neighbor-

ing Rwanda, where more than half a million people died in Tutsi-Hutu clashes last year.

Favorable Trade Deal

By Tom Buerkle

BRUSSELS - The Europe-

an Union plans to offer South Africa the possibility of a free-trade agreement to help under-

pin democracy and make the country a pole of stability for southern Africa, EU officials

"South Africa deserves the

The country could be turned

The proposal falls short of Pretoria's amhition of gaining

full entry to the Lomé conven-

tion, a preferential trade deal

that the Union bas with the de-

Continued from Page 1

veloping countries. Lome mem-ners.

DRUGS: New Weapon for Parents

best-possible arrangement we

can offer for future relations,"

said Wednesday.

Central African country left on Tuesday on a

advise their nationals to leave the country.

land wracked by ethnic violence.

special French flight.

300 Leave on Belgian Jet, Headed for Brussels

ing the country's young democracy, said Neil van Heerden, South Africa's ambassador to

"We are disappointed," he

said. Still, be said it was positive

that the EU was proposing an

asymmetrical free-trade deal,

with Europe opening its mar-kets as much as five years be-fore South Africa would lift all

The Union is by far South

Africa's higgest commercial

investment. Pretoria ran a trade

surplus of 3 hillion European

currency units (\$3.96 hillion)

Inc., which makes the device,

vaporized the drug traces and

clocked the speed of the mole-

cules, which are different for

with or without their children's

repeat the test if they like.

The White House has hlamed

HUSSEIN:

given next year.

do ours.'

bor more.

grams in the process.

ularly incensed when the White

after Mr. Rabin called the pres-

ident to criticize the United

States for not helping his neigh-

The collaborator, Jacob Luit-

jens, 75, who was deported

from Canada in 1992, was sen-

tenced in 1948 in his absence to

life imprisonment for helping

The sentence was shortened

by a Dutch court last year after

an appeal. The court took ac-

professed change of heart and

the Resistance.

his good behavior.

Barringer executives indicat-

each substance.

But the sheer size of that rela-

with the Union in 1993.

the Union.

its trade barriers.

band's line of racial reconciliation, pro-husiness economics and gradual social uplift

She is a charismatic speaker,

Kaizer Nyatsumha, a hlac who is political editor of the country's largest newspape The Star, which is white-owned contends that Mrs. Mandela i being silenced for attackin

Mrs. Mandela is also an icon ing Americans, who are inclined to sympathize with her as

Those who take Mrs. Mandela less seriously say the black impatience on which populists hope to feed is greatly exaggerated. Polls show that blacks have abundant faith in Mr.

Mandela and his program of compromise. umphed, who are seen as fight-

save a few million dollars. "Jordan is doing its part," Secretary of State Warren M. But as for representing a potent alternative force, he said in Christopher wrote in a letter a recent interview: "No, no, she last month to H. L. Callahan of doesn't. Clearly not. There is a Alabama, the chairman of the House subcommittee responsi-hle for foreign aid. "We must

Congress has hlamed the administration, asserting that it the deht this year, it never offered to make cuts in other proto dismiss his wife as deputy Some lawmakers were partic-

minister of arts and culture. While Mrs. Mandela's pen-Asians and mixed-race voters, she is not universally loved

In the growing black middle class, to which most of the political leadership now belongs. Mrs. Mandela is regarded as a patron of the violence that, in many black townships, began as rebellion and deteriorated

Her neighbors in the Soweto neighborhood of Orlando still speak with fear and distaste of Mrs. Mandela's coterie of bodyguards that terrorized the

At times Mrs. Mandela's leaked to a newspaper, the discussed embezzling money from

the ANC. Above all, critics sar Mrs. Mandela's popularity wil wane her and her busband.

back to Schwerin to find their that equality was scrapped omy in the East is quickly deapartment gone and the textile veloping, both in terms of a along with the outmoded textile industry morihund. Her hori-

Continued from Page 1 ployed, compared with 11.8

percent of men. "On average, 96 or 97 percent of all women who could work were employed in former East Germany." Ms. Andrin said. "This was viewed by women as proof of gender equality, although they were certainly underrepresented in top positions even when they were equally

qualified with men."

In the East as a whole, 48 percent of all young mothers are unemplayed, compared with 12 percent in 1991, according to the Bonn ministry responsible for women and fam-ilies. Morenver, wamen dominate the ranks of the longterm unemployed -defined by the Federal Employment Office as out-of-work for at least a year. Whereas 69 percent of the long-term jobless in 1992 were women, the figure climbed last

year to 77 percent.
"Women have no lobby, and ir's difficult for them to grasp their new situation, their new position in this new society. said Hansi-Christiane Merkel, who heads the Saxon Women's Forum an umbrella political organization for 34 women's groups in Dresden, capital of the state of Saxony. "The loss of loss of identity and self-esteem. Here the situation is simply,

"How can we work again?" For all its stupefying shortcomings, communism encouraged women to work and to reproduce. The system's ineffilogical passion for equality required women to drive tractors, operate machine tools and otberwise play a large role in

In two generations, a society of working wives and mothers

evolved that included day care Wodes moved to Bavaria to women in Eastern Germany is for as little as \$2 a week, flexible work hours and an education system geared to turning out productive women.

With unification, much of factories and superfluous chemical plants that had provided jobs for so many women. East Germany was swallowed by its Western twin, where only half of all women work outside their

found one. The marriage came unglued. Mrs. Wode moved zons were reduced to one room in a homeless shelter, her livelihood to the largess of Bonn's

After temporarily depositing her children in a foster home,

'At first, I liked the housewife's existence. But then it got boring, and I felt myself becoming a second-class citizen, no longer fulfilled. Most of my friends are unemployed, too.

Sabine Wode, a victim of German reunification

"Kinder, Küche und Kirche" - small, subsidized apartment. children, kitchen and church of traditional German society

still holds sway. Many women in the East, in fact, feel trapped in a culture that seems designed to make life difficult for working mothers: Children typically get out of school at noon; day care is work is largely connected to the hard to find; shopping is difficult because stores close early. and men are tacitly considered

the real family breadwinners. Sabine Wode's story is illustrative. Born in Schwerin, she lived before 1989 with her hushand, a hnuse painter, and their ciencies - rather than an ideo three children - now 10. 11 and 12 - in an apartment for on retraining. which they paid 36 Deutsche marks a month, \$26 at today's exchange rates. She earned 1,100 DM a month as a textile

worker.

homes and where the hromide she now has them back in a The government is paying for her to spend 18 months learning how to be a laboratory technician. The future is a tangle of

uncertainty, anxiety and hope. "At first, I liked the house-wife's existence," Mrs. Wode said. "But then it got boring, and I felt myself becoming a second-class citizen, on longer fulfilled. Most of my friends are unemplayed, too."

Bonn attempts to put a positive gloss on the plight of women in the East, asserting that the region has touched bottom economically and noting that hillions of marks are being spent

"Of course it's true that the situation for women in the East is very difficult right now," said Beate Hesse, director of the federal Department of Women and When the Wall fell, the Work "Unemployment among ernors said Wednesday,

seek their fortune. He got sick twice as high as among men, and lost his job there; she never and that's very alarmin

But, she added: "I'd be very certain that the situation for women will improve. The econservice economy and in providing new opportunities in fields like health, environment, finance and nther areas,"

While waiting for a new day to dawn, however, women in the East have by and large stopped having babies. Births are down by more than half since the Wall fell, a phenomenon sociologists attribute to deep economic trauma.

"The strike against bearing children is really the only political means that we have," said Ms. Merkel, the Women's Forum director. "The threat of unemployment hangs like a threat over everybody: Who will be

No one disputes the profound psychological impact of unification. What cannot be gauged with certainty is how deep and enduring the impact will be. Most women interviewed for this article believed that life was hardest now for middle-aged women - whose job prospects are grimmest --and for those who live in rural areas, where jobs are especially scarce and public transportation minimal, and where the lack of mobility can make a home feel like a trap.

Leftist Israeli Paper to Close Agence France-Presse

TEL AVIV - The Hehrew of publication, its board of gov-

Press Iraq

WASHINGTON -- The Senate has approved a resolution condemning Iraq's imprisonment of two American citizens and urged President Bill Clinton to "take all appropriate action to assure their prompt

between Iraq and the United

urday by an Iraqi court to eight years in prison for entering the 219 South Street, New Provicountry without having re-dence, N.J. 07974). ceived permission.

over the jailing of the two EAST: Unification Means Little to Women on the Wrong Side of the Wall

peals," said Nizar Hamdoon, Iraq's amhassador to the United Nations, following a meeting with Boutros Boutros Ghali, the

sion of Kuwait or "to any other issue."

TOUR: Sprucing Up for First Lady

Continued from Page 1 around, was eerily quiet during the Clinton visit. Residents of the town's mud houses had been pushed out of sight by a battalion of security forces. While a group of students and teachers met with Mrs. Clinton in the village square, most people were confined to distant rooftops or corralled behind

police lines. When a government official was asked about the absence of villagers, she replied that most were "napping." But few residents of any rural South Asian village would be caught napping as the American presi-dent's wife rolled into town in a hlack hulletproof Cadillac.

The Clintons also missed the adventure of driving one of Old Delhi's busiest roads, where hundreds of pedestrians, cars and trucks vie with cows. rickshaws and ox carts in a chaotic tangle of traffic. The street was deserted Tuesday except for the newspaper Al Hamishmar, a Clinton motorcade, which leftist pro-peace daily, will close raced past intersections where Friday after more than 50 years cars, buses, rickshaws and pedestrians were backed up as far as the eye could see.

"The Clintons don't like it, but it's part of the protocol,"

and exacerbate the reek of urine, had been outfitted for the morning in disposable diapers and floral pinafores.

was still putting on the finishing touches at midnight.

The Maurya Sheraton Hotel in New Delhi, where Mrs. Clinton and her entourage are stay- the Nazis capture members of ing for the next few days, filled its vases with sprays of yellow blossoms in the belief that yellow was her favorite color. Alas. Mrs. Clinton revealed to count of Mr. Luitjens's age, his schoolchildren Sunday that ber favorite color is blue.

said a member of the travel House began lobhying hard for cancellation of the debt only Meanwhile, hack at Mother Teresa's orphanage in Delhi, bahies who normally wear nothing but thin cotton diapers that do little but promote rashes

Even the U.S. Embassy in New Delhi got caught up in the face-lift fever. Ambassador Frank Wisner's wife flew a mural artist from overseas to re-decorate the dining room of the from jail Wednesday at the end embassy residence in time for a of a commuted life sentence, luncheon she held for Mrs. the Dutch Justice Ministry said. Clinton on Tuesday. The artist

Winnie's Power Continued from Page 1 bership would provide immediate trade benefits — and jobs — that are essential to guarantee-

The case for taking her seriously rests on a simple calculation: that beneath the verteer of racial harmony lies an explosive charge of black resentmen. The more time passes without blacks feeling that they are moving toward economic equality, the easier it will be for a populist like Mrs. Mandea to tap their anger.

skillful at demonizing her oppo-nents and portraying hersel as a lonely champion of the down-trodden. She is a regular pes-ence at the township functils, partner, taking 40 percent of its exports and supplying more than half of its direct foreign protest marches and local plies that other political celebrities are now too busy to attend.

When 3,000 ANC delegaes voted in January for the Cogress's governing executive committee, Mrs. Mandela and two allied firebrands placed n tionship rules out full Lome membership, Mr. Pinheiro said. South Africa's exports to the the top five.

Union exceed 50 percent of all exports from the 70 Lome part-

white privilege.
"Now, it is not popular to point these things out in this era of putative equality and bend ing over backwards to accommodate so-called white fears in order to perpetuate the myth of a newly found racial harmony ed that parents could take sam- in South Africa," Mr. Nyat-

sumba wrote this week. ples using the DrugAlert kit for many blacks elsewhere in knowledge. A booklet sent with the kit warns parents that the Africa and in the West, includdrug traces may have come from their child's contact with one of apartheid's most valiant friends. It welcomes them to

King as Lobbyist

Continued from Page 1 \$275 million, \$50 million of it for this year, the rest to be for-Yes, our people want to identify themselves with people like Winnie Mandela who have suffered hut have also tri-Congress for the problem, asserting that belt-tightening Republicans were willing to jeopardize Middle East peace to

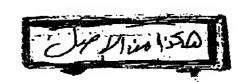
temptation in the ANC for people to want to be populist. But the traditions that have evolved in the ANC keep most people walking along the straight and narrow path of party policy." never pressed the House side for the Jordanian debt relief and that when it tried to pay off anti-apartheid movement quickly closed ranks Monday behind Mr. Mandela's decision

> chant for race-baiting makes her especially reviled by whites. among hlacks.

Nazi Collaborator Is Freed by Dutch into crime and general disorder. GRONINGEN, Netherlands - A Nazi collaborator in

> neighborhood in the 1980s. worst enemy is berself She has a history of putting indiminating things in writing, at though she considered herself invulnerable. In one letter to lover,

if people face a choice between





Let. Henderlior Bra

Deal

Conventional wisdom says the Maxima UX doesn't exist

HEALTH / SCIENCE

Brain Manages Happiness, Sadness From Different Areas

By Daniel Goleman New York Times Service

EW YORK - The essence of emotion - the rapture of happitiess, the numbress of depression, the angst of anxiety - is as evanescent as a spring rainbow. It is hard enough for a poet to capture, let alone a neuroscientist.

Now brain researchers, in their own fashion, have begun to do so. A major finding emerging from the new research is that the brain does not have just a single emotional center, as has long been believed, but that different emotions involve different structures. Another is that the brains of men and women seem to generate certain emotions with different patterns of activity.

Fast imaging methods allow researchers to take snapshots of the hrain in action. The snapshots are short enough that they roughly parallel the duration of an emotion, however fleeting.

They have resulted in a radical redrawing of the neurological map for emotion, showing regions of emotional activity both in and beyond the limbic system, a ring of structures around the brain stem, which for 50 years was considered the brain's emotional center.

One result of the remapping is that emotional opposites, like happiness and sadness entail quite independent patterns of activity, according to a report in The American Journal of Psychiatry.

"It's because happiness and sadness involve separate hrain areas that we can have bittersweet moments, like when a child is leaving home for college and you're sad, but happy, too," said Dr. Mark George, a psychiatrist and neurologist at the Nation-

al Institute of Mental Health in Bethesda, Maryland, the lead author of the report.

When a woman feels sad, Dr. George discovered with a hrain imaging method known as positron emission tomography. her brain shows increased activity in the structures of the limbic system near the face, and more activity in the left prefrontal cortex than in the right.

When his 11 female subjects felt happy. the characteristic pattern was a decrease of activity in the regions of the cerebral cortex that are committed to forethought and plan-ning. These regions are in the temporalparietal area of the cortex, located just over and a bit behind the ears, and the right prefrontal lobe, just behind the forehead.

"Those neocortical regions are used in complex planning - it's interesting these shut down in happiness," Dr. George said. The cue for sadness was to ask the sub-

jects to recall personal events in their lives, such as deaths and funerals, or 10 look at a picture of a sad face. For happiness, the cue was to remember joyous times such as hirths and weddings, or to look at happy faces. In earlier research, Dr. George found that the neocortical areas become even less

of morphine or cocaine. There seems to be a continuum in brain activity in the same regions from transient happiness to ecstasy," he said.

active when volunteers received injections

Another key change was in the amygda-la, a pair of almond-shaped structures in the limbic system. The amygdala area "activates during sadness," Dr. George said. But the structures change only slightly

when a person is happy.

Such findings eventually may give psychiatrists new guides to treating mental illness. "The brain mechanisms of emotional change are perhaps the most central

question in psychiatry," said Dr. Robert Robinson, the chief of psychiatry at the University of lowa Hospitals and Clinics in Iowa City.

Many serious psychiatric disorders, such as depression and panic attacks, are extremes of ordinary emotion. Studies of anxiety, for instance, show that the brain regions that are most active while people are anxious are even more active during panic attacks. Locating the primary sites of various emotions represents a major step toward understanding what is going

wrong when these sites become overactive. The findings on sadness offer a new twist: Brain areas involved in ordinary sadness almost completely shut down when a person is clinically depressed. Sadness and depression seem to involve

the same brain region, the left prefrontal cortex, in different ways," said Dr. George.
"It gets more active during ordinary sadness, but shuts down in people with clinical depression. Perhaps the left prefrontal cortex somehow burns itself out when sadness

persists for several months." Many people with severe depression no longer feel sadness or any other emotion. "They're emotionally numh," said Dr.

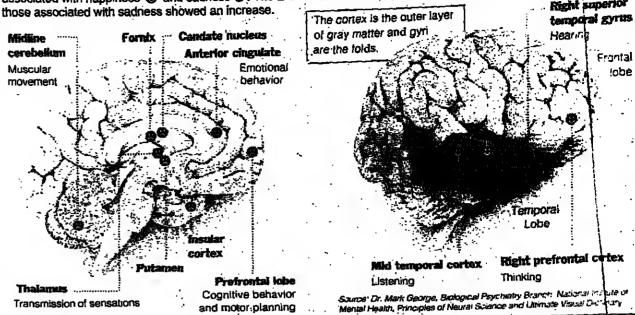
George.

He has also studied the locations of happiness and sadness in men. He has found that the processing of emotion is yet another aspect in which the brains of men and women apparently differ. "When they are sad, women activate the anterior limbic system much more than do men," said Dr. George.

"At the same time, women seem to experience a more profound sadness than do men. It makes me wonder if this might be related to why women have twice the risk of depression as do men.

Mapping the Brain: Let Your Mood Be Your Guide

The diagrams, which show the brain sliced down the middle and from the outside, show areas that researchers say are associated with happiness
and sadness . The areas associated with happiness showed a decrease in activity and



In a study still in progress, Dr. George is mapping anger and anxiety. "Other work on anxiety implicates the right temporal area of the cerebral cortex, and our findings seem to support that," Dr. George said.

For anger, a main area of increased activin the center of the brain. pulling out the fuses one by one.

ity appears to be the anterior septum, which "In cats, if you stimulate this area with an

electrode the cat lashes out in rage at anything nearby," said Dr. George.

Before imaging, neuroscientists' principal method of mapping the sites of emotions in the brain rested on analyzing what was missing in patients who had had brain injuries. ries or strokes. The technique is like drawing

a diagram of a house's electrical wiring by

But the brain imaging technique are still far from perfect. PET scans require subjects to be injected with a mildly rajoactive chemical and make images that to averaged from multiple readings instead of from a single scan. And a serious prohim with the technique is that a patient mustie in a metal cylinder, an experience that is been likened to being trapped in a coffin

Deciphering Dead Sea Scrolls: Scientists Turn to DNA Tests

By Philip J. Hilts

ASHINGTON -Deciphering the Dead Sea Scrolls, which began with great excitement after their dis-In the last six months, Dr. covery in the Judean desert 50 years ago, has diminished to a tedious, seemingly endless task.

With about 15 complete or nearly complete scrolls having been translated, the leftovers are a heap of perhaps 10,000 thumbnail-sized fragments. scraps of parchment from 800 other scrolls. The edges of these bits are

too decayed to allow them to be pieced together like a jigsaw puzzle. And the writing oc them is limited to a few characters

The texts were written on the skins of animals such as goats, and even now, more than 2.000 years later, they retain enough DNA for scholars to apply the DNA-typing technique.

Scott R. Woodward of Brigham Young University in Provo, Utah, and his colleagues at Hebrew University in Jerusalem bave proved that DNA can be extracted without harming the scrolls, allowing scientists to identify not only the species but the herd and individual animal the parchment came from.

This information, scholars bope, will help resolve the relationship between one fragment and another.

"We have already taken DNA

per fragment, so they cannot be from a little more than a dozen joined by meaning either.

The texts were written on the ward said in a telephone interview from Jerusalem, "and we have been able to identify the animals. We are now moving on to get other information."

The inquiry began when Dr. Woodward was speaking at a conference in Egypt about extracting DNA from mummies. Dr. Joseph Zias of Rockefeller University approached him, asking if DNA could be extracted from parchment, since it is made from animal skin.

Dr. Hershel Shanks, editor of the journal Biblical Archaeolo-

This is a jigsaw puzzle with 90 percent of the pieces missing, and we would be grateful for any new information at all."

amplifying it from any living thing, and from many dead ones if they are reasonably well preserved, has opened up a new stratum of information about the past to scientists and schol-

The scrolls were originally found by a Bedouin boy climbing on the cliffs above the Dead Sea in 1947. Some, and possibly all, of the manuscripts were written by a Jewish seci, the Essenes, who lived nearby between about 200 B. C. and 100 A. D.

Dr. Woodward tested old gy Review, said the possibility scraps of leather to see if the "is really marvelous," adding, DNA remained intact after tanning and aging had worked against the integrity of the long, thin DNA molecules.

He found it relatively easy to

The discovery of DNA and draw out the genes, and as a size of a sheet of typewriter techniques for extracting and bonus, discovered that con-amplifying it from any living tamination from human DNA on. These contain about three posed little risk for researchers working with animal skin, because the DNA is so different.

> The ability to identify specific animals and the berds they came from could tell modern scholars something about the relative locations of the herds, and their attendant scribes.

> This may be a crucial piece of information in belping to determine wbether the ancient Essene communities of the desert wrote all or only some of the scrolls - wbether the works reflect the parochial habits and thought of a relatively isolated group of scribes or of scribes from different times and places, whose works were eventually collected at

ISTORIANS believe that the animal hides used to make parch-

columns of writing each, and were sewn together lengthwise with thread made of sinew, into rolls that might be as long as 33 feet.

This suggests that an individ-ual animal's skin would likely have been used by the same scribe and possibly on adjacent pages of the same document. At the least, information about which animal, herd or species a fragment came from would help rule out connections between one scrap and another. Pieces from different animals and different herds are less likely to show up in the same scroll than

pieces from the same animal. Of great interest to Christian scholars are possible connec-tions between the ideas and phrases of some of these documents and those of the New Testament, written 100 to 300 years later. No fragment is too insignificant, it seems.

or instance, one tiny have been taken from any re- of scroll appears to contain text cent kills available when a similar to a line that appears in scholar needed something to the Gospel of St. Mark. This write on. Each animal's skin would be the first possible diprovided enough space for rect link between the Essenes about three "pages," each the and the early Christians.



Dr. Scott R. Woodward is trying to match fragments.

HICH WAY ARE MARKETS MOVING

THE EXPENTS DECETE THE THEOLOGY AT THE HOLDER GRAND HOTEL IN ZURICH ON MAY 17TH & 18TH - 1995

THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE INTERNATIONAL FUND INVESTMENT CONFERENCE

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PHYSICAL ASSET PANEL DISCUSSION



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Treating Underactive Thyroid

By Jane E. Brody New York Times Service

EW YORK - Millions of people have thyroid glands that produce insufficient amounts of two hormones that affect virtually every organ of the body, from the heart and brain to the digestive tract and skin. Unfortunately, about half of those with underactive thyroids do not know they have a definable and treatable problem.

If the condition is diagnosed and properly treated, affected individuals can lead normal, active lives. But the millions who are unaware of their condition may be bost of other conditions, including the normal effects of aging or hypochondria. Among other things, untreated hypothyroidism, as an underactive thyroid is called, can raise the risk of heart disease by causing high blood pressure and elevated cholesteroi levels.

Hypothyroidism is five to eight times as common in women as in men, and experts say that as many as one in 10 elderly women suffer from it. In younger women, untreated hypothyroidism can result in in-fertility, miscarriage or difficulty in carry-

ism, whose symptoms are stunted growth mones. and mental retardation.

Thyroid hormones are perhaps best known for the control they exert over the rate of metabolism — how fast food is broken down and converted into chemical energy. Those with a slow metabolic rate - one consequence of a thyroid insuffi-ciency - often complain that they gain weight merely from looking at food.

The most common cause of an underactive thyroid in older women is an inherited condition called Hashimoto's thyroiditis, an autoimmune disorder in which the body produces antibodies that attack and gradually deactivate the gland. Certain medica-tions, including lithium and some asthma drugs, and radiation treatments for canexperiencing subtle and slowly worsening symptoms that are progressively debilitating but easily overlooked or mistaken for a cers that occur in the neck area can also result in a thyroid insufficiency.

> LTHOUGH a lack of dietary iodine was once a common cause (iodine is needed to produce the hormones), the use of iodized salt and a diet that includes iodine rich foods has essentially eliminated this cause.

Hypothyroidism can also result from the treatment of byperthyroidism, an overac-tive thyroid. Since the treatment often eventually knocks out the hormone-profertility, miscarriage or difficulty in carry-ing a pregnancy to term. In newborns, it is hyperactive thyroids will become hypothy-

the cause of a rare condition called cretin- rold and need to take replacement hor-

Are you feeling tired or lethargic? Are you having trouble remembering things or concentrating on tasks? Is your skin becoming dry and coarse! Is your hair thinning? Have you been depressed? Do you suffer from constipation? Are you gaining weight even though you seem to be eating less than usual? Are you becoming increasingly sensitive to the coll? Have your nails become brittle, your meastrual periods ir-regular, your voice hoarie?

Any or all of these symptoms could be a sign of hypothyroidism.

There is now available; very simple and sensitive blood test - the TSH assay - for detecting abnormal thypid activity long before symptoms are obious. Adults, especially older women, yould be wise to request a thyroid test petodically, for example, whenever undertoing a routine physical. Also strongly recommended is a thyroid test for newborn babies and for stronger with a history of intertility or miswomen with a history of infertility or mis-carriage. Since thyroid pohlems tend to run in families, anyone with a family history of hypothyroidism should also be tested from time to time.

The treatment of hypothyoidism is simple, although it may take a sw months to establish how much hormor each person needs. Basically, the therap involves taking one pill a day of synther thyroxine.

IN BRIEF

Virus Linked to Skin Cancer

PARIS (AFP) — Kaposi's sarcoma, a skin cancer that particularly affects AIDS sufferers, is caused by a virus, separate teams of French and American researchers confirmed in the British medical journal

Using developed molecular biological techniques, the researchers observed par-ticular DNA sequences in people affected by the sarcoma or the artificial immunodeficiency syndrome, or both.

The American team, led by Dr. Alvin Friedman-Kien of the University Medical Center in New York, discovered the sequences among 87 percent of people affected by "classic" Kaposi's sarcoma and 70 percent of those with the endemic variation. Of people suffering Kaposi's sarcoma and AIDS, 100 percent had the same DNA sequences, Dr. Friedman-Kien said.

The French study, led by Dr. Nicolas Dupin of the Tarnier Hospital in Paris, discovered sequences similar to those produced by the herpes virus among patients suffering classic Kaposi sarcoma and those suffering the sarcoma and AIDS.

The research reinforces the theory first put forward in December by a team of researchers from Columbia University that the illness is of viral origin and can be transmitted sexually.

Treatment for Melanoma

NEW ORLEANS (AP) — A promising treatment for melanoma, the deadly form of skin cancer, appears to work by alerting the body's own immune defenses to stop the disease from spreading to the brain: Melanoma can usually be cured with

surgery if caught early, but it kills quickly if it spreads beyond the skin. Two similar melanoma vaccines have been tested extensively, and several more are in earlier stages of development Dr. Donald L. Morton of the John Wayne Cancer Institute in Santa Monica. California said his vaccine appears to

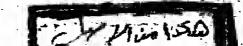
the disease to the brain.

He examined patients treted for advanced melanoma after surgens removed as much of the cancer as the could. The cancer spread to the brain in a percent of those getting the vaccine, compred with 59 percent of patients receiving ther followup treatment

Water Reservoirs on Mars?

LONDON (Reuters) - Largreservoirs of water may lurk under the briace of Mars, an American scientist reorted on Thursday.

Thomas Donahue of the Unersity of Michigan studied the gases in he thin atmosphere of Mars and foundvidence that some of the planet's origin warm. wet atmosphere has survived in theory of underground water supplies. He ported in the science journal Nature that was the first evidence that Mars stillad an lengthen survival by inhibiting the spread of active atmosphere with water cycle from liquid to gas.



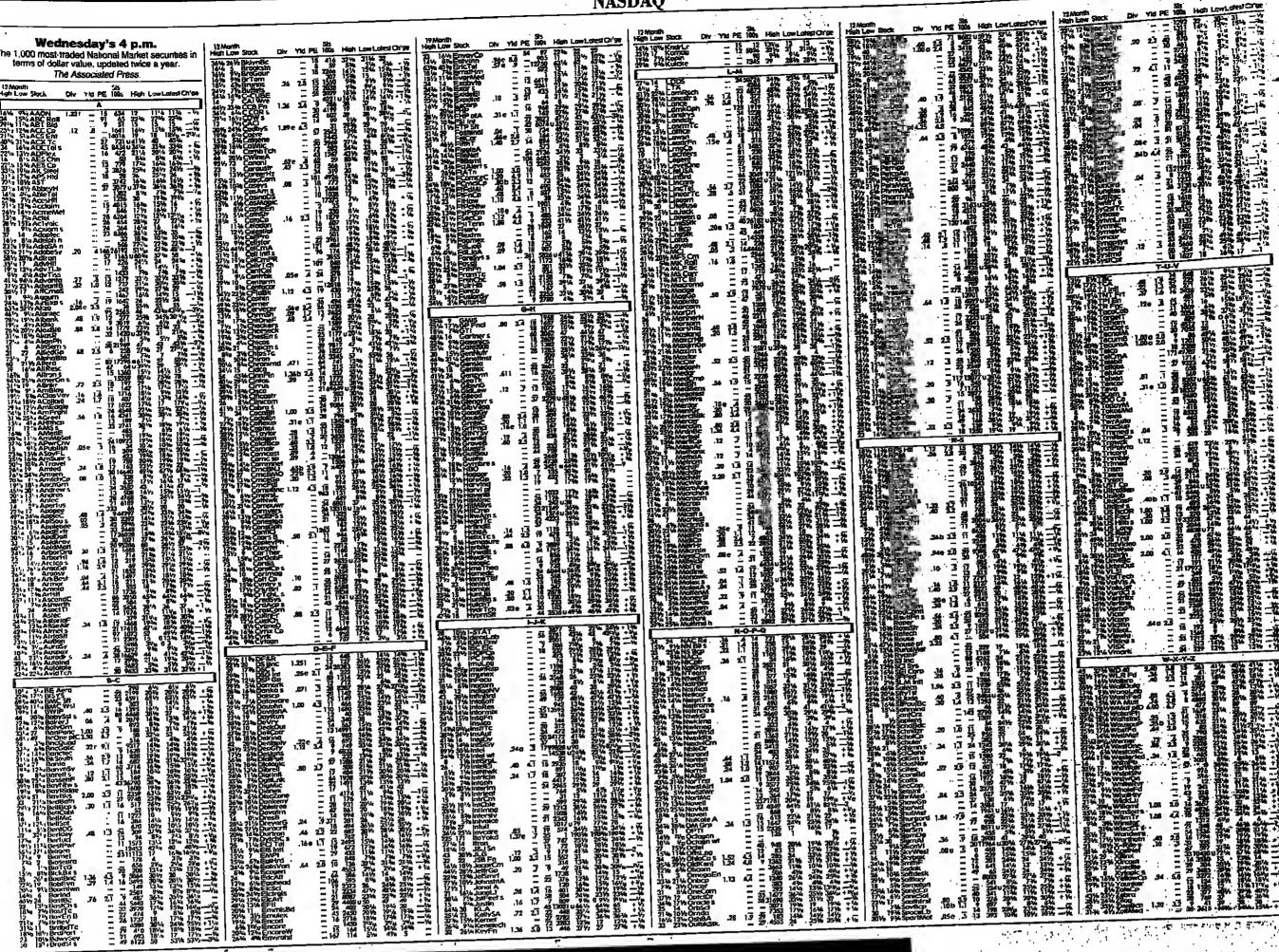
It exists



The new Maxima QX



NASDAQ



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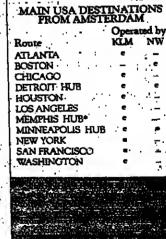
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The index tracks U.S. dollar values of stocks in: Tokyo, New York, London, and Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Camada, Chile, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Mexico, Netherlande, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuala. For Tokyo, New York and London, the index is composed of the 20 top issues in terms of market capitalization, otherwise the ten top stocks are tracked.

1000		بتدت	2				2.40	month, the governm
	Wad. 0 4 P.M.	Pres.	change		# 4 P.M.	Prev.	change	launched an inquiry into nation's largest brokers
Energy	116.86	116.54	+0.27	Capital Goods	116.40	116.58	-0.15	Shanghai International Sec
Uhilaties	117.80	118.12	-0 <i>2</i> 7	Reve Materials	129.44	130,08	-0.49	ties Co., which admitted traders broke rules to rec
Finance	113.50	115.51	-1.74	Consumer Goods	111.24	111.06	+0.16	losses on bond futures deals
Services	111.42	111.51	-0.08	Miscellaneous	119.23	120,27	-0.86	In his first public appeara
or more Write to Ti	informatic ib Index,	on about 181 Ave	the Ind	ex, a booklet is evail vies de Gaulle, 9252	1 Neuilly (Cedex, F	rance, ald Tribune	in his new role, Mr. Zhou tol national conference Wedr day in Beijing that the comm sion would focus on bring

Europe Tries New Medicine to Cure Joblessness

By Brandon Mitchener and Erik Ipsen

After years of failing to create enough jobs, Western Europe's governments are desperately reaching out for new ways to get millions of long-term un-employed off the dole and end the mounting toll of budget and social problems.

Large-scale successes are scarce. But several small, inno-vative programs in the Netherlands, Austria and Britain are showing that it is possible to put back to work even those who have been out of a job the longest. In many cases, the programs have caught the attention of governments elsewhere in Europe

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

the newly appointed chief of

China's securities oversight

agency, has called for tough measures to maintain order on the nation's financial markets,

the official Xinhua news agency

reported Wednesday.
Mr. Zhou, 61, became chair-

man of the China Securities

Regulatory Commission on

Tuesday, taking over from the 65-year-old Lin Hongru follow-

ing a decision by the State

Council. The news agency re-

port did not explain why Mr.

China's markets have been

hit by a series of scandals. Last

month, the government

Liu was replaced.

BELJING - Zhou Daojiong,

China's Watchdog

Wants Sharp Teeth

What unites the successful programs are individual counseling and a greater emphasis on active job placement and training than traditional government programs have tended to offer. The programs are often more

expensive in the short-run, but

pay for themselves longer-term

reducing dependency. "All the good programs lean the same direction," said Wolfgang Franz, a labor market specialist with Germany's Council of Economic Advisers.

"They get the long-term un-employed back on the shop floor, on-site. What's important isn't as much retraining as expeniencing the daily rhythm of work." The rule applies as

to standard by speeding up se-

curities legislation and enhanc-

ing enforcement of the laws in this regard," Xinhua reported. China's first securities law

has now been stuck in the legis-

lature for more than two years

as government ministries argue

over turf. This has left only pro-

visional regulations to govern often chaotic trading in the

country's stock markets, ana-

conservative approach and

spend some energy to sort out

the bond futures market first,"

said Elizabeth Cheng, an ana-

and Shenzhoo have been losing

value for almost two years, de-

spite tough government limits

on the supply of new shares.

Some foreign investors are ea-ger for some of the backlog of

new listings to go ahead.
"He faces a real balancing

act," said Alexandra Conrov.

an analyst at Baring Securities.

(Bloomberg, AP)

Chinese stocks in Shanghai

lyst at James Capel Asia Ltd.

"I think he'll take quite a

and may serve as models, much to unemployed youth, who make up the majority of jobless workers in Greece and Italy, as to older, more experi-enced workers who lose their jobs as a result of corporate

restructuring.
Despite the economic recovery, unemployment in the Euro-

First of four articles

pean Union is expected to hover around 18 million people, or 10 percent, this year, double the level in the United States. Meanwhile, the long-term unemployed — those who have been unemployed for more than a year — make up more than 40 percent of the total jobless pool and their number is rising.

ployed, the harder it is to find a job-creation approaches, some job because skills become outdated and job-seekers lose motivation. The huge pool of longterm unemployed represents an enormous waste of human capital that can spawn social ten- al work in the slums of Berlin to sion from domestic violence to another that focuses on female drug abuse, weigh on govern-ment budgets and ultimately unemployment in rural area around Thessaloniki, Greece. make it expensive for employ-

ers to hire new workers. Western European economists and politicians have spent several years arguing why their ation has been so poor, particularly compared with that of the year tax holiday from making otherwise mandatory national governments' record on job creplaced on everything from la-bor-market rigidities to excessive social benefits.

other directions. The European Union currently supports 17 pilot projects, ranging from one that promotes social and cultur-

Spain and France have had some success with temporary contracts. Germany plans to pay billions of Deutsche marks in wage subsidies. Britain wants to give companies who hire the insurance payments.

In addition, Britain, Austria and the Netherlands are farming out job training out to scores of local companies that provide courses under contract to the government, usually for six months at a time.

With a long-term unemploy-ment rate of 35.4 percent of all unemployed in 1992, the last year for which comparable pan-European data are available, Britain has been among the most successful job creators in the Union. By contrast, almost 60 percent of the unemployed in Italy, Ireland or Belgium had been out of work more than a

British labor policy increasingly emphasizes active job counseling and remonvation programs that lead directly to

See JOBS, Page 17

Markets Flirt With Record Levels

NEW YORK - The dollar fell in late trading Wednesday, approaching its record low against the yen amid expectations the Bundesbank will not cut interest rates at its council meeting Thursday.

Higher U.S. interest rates relative to rates in Germany and Japan would help the dollar by making bank deposits denominated in dollars attractive. On Tuesday, the Open Market Committee of the U.S. Federal Reserve Board met, but the policy-setting panel did not act to raise interest rates. The dollar fell as a result, and it extended its losses Wednesday. In afternoon trading, the dollar fell to 88.35 yen from 88.89

yen. On Thursday of last week, the dollar closed at an all-time "A combination of the Fed's inactivity and rising expectations of no Bundesbank activity have taken a bite out of the buck," said Kevin Lawrie, manager of foreign exchange at

Mellon Bank in Pittsburgh. The dollar slipped to 1.3828 Deutsche marks from 1.3890. Statements by the U.S. Treasury secretary, Robert E. Rubin, and Lawrence H. Summers, the Treasury undersecre-

tary, calling for a strong dollar belped limit the dollar's losses. Many market participants expected the Fed to refrain from pushing rates up because recent government reports show the U.S. economy is slowing. That means the Fed will be less

inclined to raise rates to control inflation, analysts said. Further evidence of a cooling U.S. economy emerged Thursday when the Commerce Department reported that sales of new homes fell sharply in February to the lowest level

See DOLLAR, Page 14

Rate Outlook Hits Dollar Bid Lifts Wall Street

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
NEW YORK — The stock market rose to record highs Wednesday, with cyclical stocks buoyed by the takeover offer by Ingersoll-Rand Co. for Clark Equipment Co. and all issues

by negation a benign interest-rate outlook.

But a slump in technology shares, which have long propelled the broader market, helped pull the market off its best levels of the day, as did a round of computer-guided orders to

The Dow Jones industrial average rose 8.99 points, to a record 4,160.80 after climbing at one point as much as 46.49 points. The previous closing record of 4,157.34 was set on

The Nasdaq Composite Index, composed largely of technology stocks, slid 6.98 points to 819.16 after gaining as much as 3.58. At its worst, the index was down 8.9. The Russell 2000 Index of small-company stocks dropped 0.37, to 259.90.

The drop in home sales provided evidence on Wednesday that economic growth was cooling off and the danger of inflation receding.

Sales of new bomes fell at the steepest rate in more than a year in February, as rising interest rates sapped business from coast to coast, the Commerce Department said. Sales dropped 14 percent last month, to a seasonally

adjusted annual rate of 551,000 units, after a revised 2.6 percent rise in January. It was the biggest monthly decline since a 22 percent fall in January of 1994 and was much steeper than anticipated by Wall Street economists, who had widely forecast sales at a rate of 656,000 units.

The bome sales figure provided a further indication that the See STOCKS, Page 14

INTERNATIONAL MANAGER

Little Computers Help Little Firms

By Bill Gates

EATTLE — One of the surprises of the personal computer, for me at least, is that it has done even more for small businesses than for big ones. Don't get me wrong. Virtually every kind of business has benefited from the PC.

Big companies, for example, have discovered how to use networks of personal computers to help information flow efficiently. At the heart of the corporate re-engineering movement is the idea that information technology can streamline complicated processes, such as purchasing or order-tracking. As processes get simpler, employees are called upon to perform a wider range of tasks and make more decisions. Productivity rises.

But I think small companies have gained proportionately more than big ones, simply because they started out so far behind technologically. Big companies have had computers for decades but, now companies run from spare bedrooms and modest storefronts have breathtaking technology too.

That computers are helping small businesses compete and succeed is good news for entrepreneurs and the economy. In the United States, for example, small companies provided 66 percent of the new jobs created between 1976 and 1990, according to the Small Business Administration.

Small businesses are destined to become even more important as electronic networks make it easier for them to find clients and customers.

The personal computer given little companies tools to match those of big players. For example, desktop publishing gives anyone with a PC the ability to create great-looking documents.

Today's small business owner can do it ali - bookkeeping, customer service, sales, marketing, graphic design and even product development with the belp of a personal computer and software. That is because the PC, like the smallbusiness owner, is a one-man band.

I enjoy hearing how individuals and small companies have put information technology to work. When I was in Europe a comple of weeks ago, I was told of how Ted Sluymer of Holland uses a PC equipped with an integrated set of software applications to compile and set in type an annual review of cars. His most recent edition, available in bookstores throughout the Netherlands, is called

When he started publishing the catalog of cars in 1979, it took Mr. Shuymer three months on a typewriter to lay out the material for printing. Now, using a PC, he does it in a week.

Then there is Shultzy's Sausage, Inc., which a few years ago was about as small as a business can get. Don Schulze, the owner, had a single shop in Seattle with 10 stools, yet he used software to conduct his business professionally and project a polished image on his newsletter. invoices and other forms.

Today Don has two shops and a thriving wholesale division which competes bead-to-bead with major food distribu-

Many people have been inspired to start or grow a business because they could imagine how using a PC would make the workload manageable.

I used to run a small business myself. The company grew, and the day I realized we were succeeding was when another small-business owner - my dad announced that his law-firm was computerizing. He was going to have a PC on his desk, and the firm would use computers to track billing and courtroom evidcoce, among other things. To me, it was a buge milestone.

Today, many lawyers at my dad's firm, especially young ones, type their own memos and short legal briefs. They find working at the computer screen helps them think, and that after a while they get more done than they did in the days when they dictated documents and then checked, rechecked and sometimes redrafted them.

My dad's law firm is not as small as it ORICE Was.

Perhaps that is the ultimate promise of the PC. With the right tools, hard work, and some good fortune, a small business may not stay all that small.

This column by the chairman of Microsoft Corp. is distributed by the New York Times Syndicate. Questions for Mr. Gates can be addressed to his Internet address: askbill@microsoft.com.

Bond Losses Dent Deutsche Bank Profit

VW Reports Sales Skid

Compiled by Our Staff From Disparche

WOLFSBURG, Germany — Volkswagen AG said Wednesday its car sales fell in the first quarter of 1995 and

warned that its future profitability could be hit by the strong

"Our earnings improved to plus or minus zero in the first quarter at a group level," the financial controller. Bruno Adelt

VW posted an overall loss of 342 million DM (\$248.3

Mr. Adelt said that while sales rose 3 percent, to around 20

billion DM, car deliveries to customers fell 3.7 percent, to

803,000, in the January-to-March period.
In its annual report, the company said, "Increases in the

value of the mark against major currencies, such as the dollar,

lira and yen, mean that our products become less competitive-

ly priced. Such developments have an adverse affect on our

results and can place jobs in jeopardy."

Chief Executive Ferdinand Piech said the company was 75

percent to 80 percent hedged against currency fluctuations until the end of the year, which would limit the impact on

million) in the first quarter of 1994 but the parent company

said. "Parent-company earnings also improved."

had a profit of 35 million DM (\$25.41 million).

FRANKFURT - Deutsche Bank said Wednesday that bond-trading losses slashed its net profit a larger-than-expected 39 percent, to 1.36 billion Deutsche marks (\$971 million)

Hilmar Kopper, the chief executive, said profit at Germa-ny's largest bank would re-bound amid confidence that 1995 will be a better year for financial markets than 1994.

In a prelude to grim trading reports expected from other German banks, Mr. Kopper called the profit slump "essentially" the product of the global bond-market collapse set in motion when the Federal Reserve Board began raising interest rates in February 1994.

Deutsche Bank's net income from own-account trading tumbled 73 percent, to 537 million DM, in 1994 a performance that Mr. Kopper called "disappointing.

lts trading performance was all the weaker because it had already posted 543 million marks in trading income in the first 10 months of 1994.

Deutsche Bank's operating profit fell 23 percent, to 4.05 tax but after risk provisions.

Finance Ministry

Welcomes Merger

Of Japan Banks Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

(AFP, AP, Bloomberg)

billion DM. That figure is before Mr. Kopper said the perfor-

mance of the bank's trading departments in January and February put it on track to increase own-account income for the full year 1995.

income.

Deutsche mark.

"It will not be a dramatically good year but certainly we hope in this respect this year will be

better than last," be said. In 1994, while the bond oper-

ations were posting losses. Mr. Kopper said positive contributions came from trading in stocks, precious metals, foreign exchange, emerging markets direct banking subsidiary. Bank and over-the-counter interest- 24, which will manage retail acrate derivatives.

(Reuters, Bloomberg)

Mr. Kopper said profits were also trimmed by a heavy tax bill facsimile machine, or personal and "extraordinary expenses" computers. (Bloomberg, AFX)

relating to the bank's 125th anniversary this year.

The bank said it scaled back 2.169 billion DM in 1994, from 3.286 billion DM.

Consolidated total assets at the cod of 1994 rose 3 percent, to 573.0 billion DM. Deutsche Bank's net com-

mission income rose 1 percent, to 5.92 billion DM. The bank said commission income was boosted by its portfolio management operations, which ended the year with 245 billion DM under management.

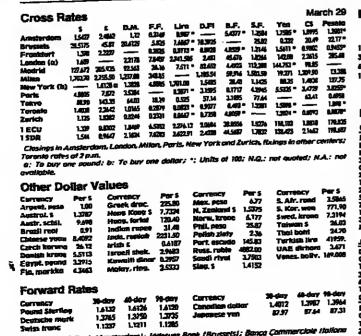
Net interest income fell l percent, to 11.56 billion DM. last year as interest margins narrowed to 2.09 percent from 2.21 percent.

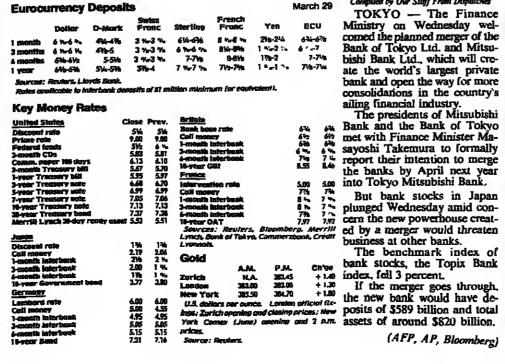
Analysts said the drop in net profit was bigger than expected. Deutsche Bank shares slipped to 646.80 DM from 647.00 DM.

Analysts have been forecasting slumps of about 30 percent in 1994 operating profits at Germany's big three banks, cit-ing poor trading results as a

strong brake on profit growth. Deutsche Bank also announced the launch of a new counts and provide discount brokerage services by phone,

CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES







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Very briefly:

Motorola Cleared in InterDigital Suit

WILMINGTON, Delaware (Bloomberg) - A federal court jury on Wednesday cleared Motorola Inc. of any infringement of InterDigital Communications Corp.'s patents for a digital wireless technology, which the jury found invalid.

The jury verdict, in the fourth day of deliberations, is a blow to InterDigital, which could have reaped hundreds of millions of dollars in licensing revenue if the patents had been upheld.

InterDigital said it would appeal the verdict. Motorola sued InterDigital in late 1993, saying four InterDigital patents on wireless digital telephone technology were invalid. Inter-Digital countersued, saying Motorola was violating the patents,

Inc. alleging that their computer chip had infringed a process patented by Thom's North America subsidiary.

• Bell Atlantic Corp. and Nynex Corp. said Wednesday they would jointly invest up to \$100 million in CA1 Wireless Systems Inc. to basten the delivery of video entertainment and information services in the Northeastern and mid-Atlantic states

• Radio Shack said Wednesday it planned to add 500 stores in five years, the chain's first major expansion in nearly a decade. That would give the flagship unit of Tandy Corp. and the largest U.S. electronics retailer 7,000 stores by the year 2000.

Host Marriott Corp. is considering a spinoff of its food conces-

· CoreStates Financial Corp. plans to cut almost 20 percent of its staff, or 2,800 jobs. Bloomberg, AP, Reviers

Clark Rejects Ingersoll Takeover Bid

WOODCLIFF LAKE New Jersey -Clark Equipment Co.'s stock soared Wednesday after the heavy-equipment maker rejected a \$1.34 hillion buyout offer

from rival Ingersoli-Rand Co. But the ingersoll-Rand chairman. James E. Perrella, said Tuesday that his company

was not giving up despite the rejection and he said he hoped Clark would reconsider. Ciark's stock closed \$28,125 higher, at \$81.25, on the New York Stock Exchange. Ingersoll-Rand's stock ended unchanged

\$32 125. The bid by Ingersoll-Rand of between \$75 and \$77 a share for each of Clark's 17.4 million outstanding shares, as well as Clark's response, were first made public

late Tuesday by the two companies. Ingersoll-Rand proposed the acquisition on March 15, and said it was surprised and disappointed at Clark's rejection.

"We would have thought that an acquisition proposal at a 50 percent premium over the price at which Clark common stock has recently been trading - and a gines, starting systems, power tools, rock

structive dialogue between us." Mr. Perrella wrote in the letter.

He said the company was releasing the letter publicly so Clark shareholders would

know about the offer. Word of the offer came after financial markets closed Tuesday.

Leo J. McKernan, chairman Clark, which is based in South Bend, Indiana, said the Ingersoll-Rand proposal was "entirely inadequate."

Clark's share price reached a high of \$71 only five months ago. I believe this is an opportunistic attempt to huy Clark during a temporary decline in the price of Clark's shares," Mr. McKernan said.

Mr. McKernan said Clark's board unanimously rejected the offer and "reaffirmed its long-standing position that the company is not for sale

Ingersoll-Rand manufactures industrial machinery and capital equipment, including compressors, bearings, pumps, en-

price exceeding Clark's all-time high stock price — would have led to a more concomponents and door hardware. Ingersoll-Rand's 1994 sales were \$4.5 billion.

> Clark designs and manufactures skidsteer loaders, construction machinery, asphalt-paving equipment and transmissions and axles for off-highway equipment.

> A combination of the two would result in a company with \$5.45 billion in sales. based on 1994 results for each of the companies, and 41,880 employees.

> "I'm not surprised that an offer was made," said Steven Colbert, an analyst at Prudential Securities who covers both companies. "Clark's stock is substanually undervalued," he said.

> Clark is an attractive target not only for its undervalued shares, but also for the cash it expects to pick up when it consummates the sale of its 50 percent interest in the VME Group NV to AB Volvo, the Swedish vehicle manufacturer.

> > (AP, Knight-Ridder, NYT)

Sprint Will Enter Local Phone Market

KANSAS CITY. Missouri - In a direct challenge to the Baby Bells. Sprint Corp. and its three cable-company partners said Wednesday they had signed a definitive agreement to provide local telecommunications services.

Sprint, Tele-Communications Inc., Comeast Corp. and Cox Communications Inc. also said Ronald LeMay, former head of Sprint's long-distance husiness, would become chief executive of the new venture.

The companies' commitment to compete in the \$90-billion-a-year U.S. local phone market is the higgest challenge vet to the Baby Bell companies and GTE Corp.

Sprint's cable allies will upgrade their vast infrastructure and use Sprint's brand name to offer local phone, cable-TV, long-distance and wireless phone services.

Before Sprint and its partners can offer nationwide service, legislation must be passed to open local phone markets to competition

Sprint and its cable partners were the largest hidders in the recent federal auction of new wireless phone licenses, paying \$2.1 hillion for 29 markets.

The partners have committed to contribute \$4.4 billion in cash to the venture over the next three years. About \$500 million has already been paid, primarily to

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

fund the wireless license bidding. Sprint owns 40 percent of the venture. TCI has 30 percent, while Cox and Comcast have 15 percent each.

Analysts said they expected Sprint, the third-largest U.S. long-distance carrier af-ter AT&T Corp. and MCI Communica-tions Inc., and the cable-TV companies to finance their plans through a combination of deht and equity.

"This makes sense, but the capital outlay is going to be larger than \$4 billion over time," said Craig Ellis, analyst with Wheat First Butcher Singer. "I think shareholders should be concerned about dilution, unfortunately." (AP, Bloomberg)

STOCKS: Wall Street Pares Gains

Federal Reserve Board has engineered an economic soft landing, possibly precluding future interest-rate increases by

the central bank. "There is relief that the Federal Reserve did nothing on interest rates yesterday and seems to feel that the economy is slowing so it has time to wait." said Grace Messner, vice president at Wilmington Trust. "The numbers we are getting

are all pointing to a slowing economy." Traders were awaiting March unemployment figures due out at the end of the week to get an even clearer picture of

economic trends. On the Big Board, gainers slightly outnumbered losing shares, while volume surged to 385.94 million shares from

320.36 million on Tuesday. Ingersoll's unsolicited offer, rejected by Clark, led investors to bid up prices of other so-called cyclical stocks, or compa-

U.S. Stocks

nies whose business is closely tied to swings in the economy. said Timothy Grazioso, head of Nasdaq trading at Cantor Fitzgerald Securities Co.

· "It's certainly hullish for cyclicals," he said. "Consumer stocks, along with technologies, have been leading us along, so now you might get cyclicals joining in."

Clark Equipment shares surged as much as 28 k or more than 54 percent, to 82, while Ingersoll-Rand fell at one point by % to 314. Swept up by Clark's gains, Agoo, Deere and

Caterpillar all posted strong gains.

It's very hard to find really good value in this market, so invariably people are coming back to the cyclicals, because that's the only place where there appears to be any value at the moment," said Steven Zenker, money manager at McCabe Capital Managers. "Especially if there's slow growth and low inflation, then a lot of these basic stocks are going to continue

Sliding technology shares, which have been among the market's leaders, pulled the market from its highs and dampened investor sentiment toward the broader market.

Technology "has certainly been the best leadership around. and with it acting the worst of any day in probably a month. that caused the market to turn around," said Edward Laux. senior managing director at Chicago Corp. "A lot of those technology stocks didn't act well all day." even when the rest

of the market was surging to record highs. "There's a big turnaround in a bunch of tech stocks, especially semiconductors," he said. "A lot of these stocks are at all-time astronomical levels."

(Bloomberg, Reuters, AP, AFP)

• Thorn EMI PLC sued latel Corp. and Advanced Micro Devices DOLLAR: Expectations of Bundesbank Inaction and a Cooling U.S. Economy Take a Toll

Continued from Page 13 in almost three years.

In Germany, meanwhile, strong economic growth will prohably keep the Bundeshank from cutting rates Thursday, analysts said. The economy grew 2.5 percent in Western

The idea that the Bundesbank would not cut rates was rein-

cut rates as a means of stabilizing the currency market. "We lon Bank. should avoid any impression that we are using lower interest rates to fight deficiencies that have some other cause," he told

Some market participants have said that only coordinated Germany last year. interest-rate changes by the United States, Germany and Jaforced by the Bundeshank pan can pull the dollar out of its Council member Otmar Issing. slump, Now it appears that such told a business conference that He rejected calls for Germany to a development "isn't in the the global money market was

Finanzen magazine.

cards," said Mr. Lawrie of Mel-

Against other currencies, the dollar slipped to 4.8805 French francs from 4.8975, and to

Foreign Exchange

1.1425 Swiss francs from 1.1462. The pound fell to \$1.6128 from \$1.6253.

Meanwhile in London, Prime Minister John Major of Britain

moving so quickly that governments and international institutions risked losing influence. "Events happen at a speed and on a scale which risks running beyond the control of govern-

ments and international institu-

tions," Mr. Major said. "Ten years ago, central bank intervention could be decisive,"

Reuters, Knight-Ridder)

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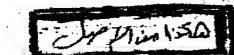
To Our Readers

Because of the seven-hour time difference between New York and Paris until April 3, the U.S. stocks tables, the U.S. he said. That is no longer the Futures prices and some other case, and a different approach is items in this edition are from 3 needed."

(Bloomberg, P.M. New York time instead of the usual 4 P.M.

> The change is necessary to meet distribution requirements. Most editions will again carry closing prices and indexes after April 3, when Daylight Saving Time begins in the United

Wednesday, March 29 Close Prev High Low Clase Prev. Close Bee Mob Com Cdn Trie A Cdn Lini A Challini A Chastades CT Fint Suc Exhenciours Gaz Metra Hudson's Gaz Junosco Junosco Mot Sala Mot Prices in local currencies. Cascades Poper Canaimos Cansumers Gos Dorano Med B Du Para L da A Echa Bay Mines Empire Ce. A Fotocarbadge Fietcher Chail A Franco Nevada Guardian Cop A Herala Gold Horshard 1000 585 1040 1426 722 1300 1370 815 2320 2140 1430 995 3400 995 26 134 72 F. H. 124 127 A. T. 12 27 A. 5 17 A. 12 20 A. 10 10 A. 10 A. 10 A. 10 10 A 46 135% 745. 125% N.T. 128% N.T. 128% 176% 176% 176% 176% Johannesburg Frankfurt Seart Treal Severn Treal Severn Treal Severn Treal Shell Treap reg Schol Smith Hephess Smith HWH) SmithKane Cla Smith Ind Sthera Elec Sland Chorles Sland Chorles Sland Sland Take 3 Lyle Tesco Thomes Waler Thom EMI JI Group 195 183 35.755 184.550 11.155 1000 136 90 2368 620 501 278.50 364.60 407.50 334.30 280.56 687 985 134,50 2368 620 535 501 279 364 402,50 303,30 379 360 680 1407 136,50 2739 616,50 552 561 277 363,50 401,50 281 360 680,70 2315 2315 535 536 274-50 360 10 379 230-60 274 359-50 477 985 Amsterdam Badenwerk BASF Bayer Bay, Hypa Bk Bay, Vereinsha Berliner Krail BHF Bank BAW CNAG Commin 55,60 109,80 53,40 172,50 29,70 64,90 197,16 119,80 16,20 Singapore 8.50 7.20 10 9.70 3.58 15.20 38,13 30 12 776 600 270 1045 570 1045 570 1045 770 194 194 184 29 74 N.T. 1454 770 N.T. 617.50 648.50 274 1045.50 526 526 527 528 457 178.50 258 458.50 258 458.50 1215 1023.59 2439 756 503.50 459 Osio 17.30 7.30 7.30 14.30 17.60 17.60 18.10 11 80 5 70 10 50 1 20 1 3 67 6 15 1 7 30 10 30 1 40 Madrid 12380 7005 3690 3190 823 9950 1640 3450 1640 1525 5050 10600 3285 745 599 10600 3285 745 585 1930 3545 1640 1616 76.50 550 161.50 197 89 65.50 322 458 450 268 187.50 118 118 118 118 119 115 89.50 115 89.50 115 89.50 115 89.50 115 766 5600 155-50 195-50 87-50 62-50 326-50 326-50 458 82-265 115-50 115-50 115-71 1293 86-50 115-86 115-90 1 London 125 31 80 129 43 57.6 199 159 159 640 62 28.60 69.50 11.90 81 10 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 25.50 30.50 237 475 18 1520 65 117 7.40 25 30.50 736 475 17.75 1510 84.50 116 7.40 Assoc Cement (12.50 - 11.50 - 12.50 - 28.50 233 475 17.75 1485 109 7.30 Hong Kong 9.37 4.82 12.46 12 9.10 17.86 12.45 17.46 17.46 17.46 17.46 17.46 11.47 11.48 11.47 11.48 11.47 11.48 11.47 11.48 11.47 11.48 1 49.00 15.42 7.74 40.80 17.20 11.22 29.30 55.90 9.76 20.05 49,80 15,30 40,30 17,40 11,20 29,50 9,88 19,00 10600 16410 1330 1325 1324 1590 1290 12900 12900 12900 12900 15900 16510 3305 1510 12510 N.T. 1225 5325 14899 1684 3309 9545 3299 1699 1699 1699 17930 1893 1847 1899 1490 2153 1847 1847 4430 N.T. 4450 22400 São Paulo 19.25 7.38 19.63 36.13 32.25 41.25 24.26 24.26 26.16 38.73 38.73 15.30 70.75 19.75 19.75 20.25 27.36 27.36 24.25 27.38 24.25 27.38 15.75 20.75 250 206 322 142000 99000 146 547 750 515 271 476 291.10 216 246 202 277 42000 99000 139,66 535 145 905 279 279 212,57 The Stock market in Taiwan 2450 2975 12900 7975 7100 7600 4600 8206 8575 17990 428.92 9900 37000 42900 27300 426000 31390 10200 37500 44000 27900 433000 32180



EUROPE

BASF to Ride Chemicals Recovery

LUDWIGSHAFEN, Germany — Jürgen Strube, chief executive of BASF AG, said Wednesday that pretax earnings for 1995 would grow more than 15 percent. matching or exceeding the performance of its German rivals.

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Hoechst AG and Bayer AG have forecast that pretax profit would rise by 15 percent in 1995.

Some industry observers were even more optimistic for BASF, saying it was better positioned that Hoechst and Bayer to benefit from a recovery in the chemical industry.

"They could make close to a billion marks a quarter," said Campbell Gillies, an analyst at NatWest Securities, who expected growth in operating earnings of at least 71 percent.

BASF said that fourth-quarter pretax earnings for 1994 rose to 902 million Deutsche marks (\$644.1 million), up 72 percent from the third quarter.

Earnings "improved" while sales in Jan-

Renault Stock

On Car Results

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

French carmaker Renault tumbled Wednesday by 5

percent, to 164 francs.

dropping below their No-

vember partial privatiza-

tion price, as financial ana-

lysts cut forecasts despite

the Tuesday announcement

that profit more than tri-

The state reduced its

stake to 50.1 percent in No-.

vember, selling shares to the public at 165 francs.

ported that net attributable

profit had surged to 3.64 billion French francs (\$736

million) last year from 1.07 billion francs the year be-

fore. The company also increased its payout to 3.50 francs from 2 francs.

But analysts were not im-

pressed by the results, par-

ticularly because profit at

the company's car opera-tions had failen sharply.

One French broker said

he revised his outlook for

1995 net profit to 3.5 bil-

lion francs from 4.6 billion

francs, and he cut his 1996

forecast to 5.5 billion

francs from 6.8 billion.

The carmaker had re-

pled in 1994.

PARIS - Shares in the

Tumbles 5%

uary and February totaled 7.7 billion DM, up 16 percent from the same two-month period a year earlier, Mr. Strube said. BASF shares rose to 278 DM from 277 DM.

The company announced earnings for 1994 two weeks ago. Net profit jumped 50 percent, to 1.28 billion DM in 1994 while pretax profit nearly doubled, to 2.11 bil-tion DM. Earnings included a charge of 457 million DM for restructuring measures, shutdowns and severance pay pack-

Mr. Strube also said he expected the company to complete its acquisition of Boots Co.'s pharmacenticals operations in the next week, at a price of approximately 2 billion DM

Currency volatility, although not dramatic for BASF, remained a risk factor, especially since much BASF production was based in Europe, Mr. Strube said. The weak hira and other European currencies will make competition in Europe more difficult," he added.

Growth in 1994 was strongest in Western Europe and Southeast Asia and in the chemicals, plastics and fibers divisions. In the pharmaceuticals sector, BASF still lagged its rivals but said it hoped to improve sales considerably after the absorpnon of the Boots unit.

■ Telecom Gets New Chief

Deutsche Telekom AG, the state telecommunications company, said Wednesday it chose a Sony Corp. executive to be its new chairman, Reuters reported from

Ron Sommer, president and chief operating officer of Sony's German unit, will replace Helmut Ricke as chairman. Mr. Ricke resigned in December, reportedly over growing tension over pressures from

German politicians. Mr. Sommer, whose appointment was widely expected, will oversee the privatiza-tion of Telekom, which is to be sold in stages by the government beginning next

Pearson Buys Australia TV Firm For \$279 Million

LONDON - Pearson PLC said Wednesday it would expand its global television operations through the \$279 million purchase of Grundy Worldwide Ltd., an Australian

television producer.

The British media conglomerate will pay cash for 100 percent of Grundy's stock, including a stake of roughly 85 percent beld by founder and chairman Reg Grundy, who will remain as a consultant.

"It is a well-run business with high margins and a strong cash flow, which should enhance Pearson's earnings from the outset and add to its growth potential in the future." Pearson said. The net cost of the acquisition for Pearson represents a historic price/earnings multiple of 17.2, Pearson said.

By agreeing to the acquisition, Grundy will abandon plans to sell off a 35.5 percent stake in a public stock offering in the United States and Australia, where traders had valued Grundy at \$270 million to \$300 million. Pearson said the deal gave it a profitable business with

develop television programming adaptable to different local markets. Pearson's subsidiary Pearson Television thinks this will be particularly helpful in Asia. The London market reacted with skepticism to the acquisi-tion, pushing Pearson shares down 10 pence, to 553 pence, but

room for growth because Grundy has shown itself able to

analysts said the acquisition price seemed fair. "Grundy is an expert in low-cost, popular programming

and that's just what you want for those emerging markets," said Pearson Television's newly appointed chief executive. Greg Dyke. Mr. Dyke said the deal would allow the Australian producer to come up with a new range of programs for specific markets.

"Pearson Television sees growth in the international television market as a key opportunity in the years ahead," the company said. "The geographical spread of Grundy's business interests will accelerate Pearson Television's development in this respect."

Grundy has established production operations, some with local partners, in Australia, New Zealand, France, Britain, Italy, Germany, the Netherlands, Spain and elsewhere, Pearson said. It is currently developing operations in Asia, Latin America and Central Europe, it added.

Pearson said Grundy's established position in the global television industry and library assets would help Pearson develop its international interests. (AP, Reuters, Bloomberg)

Investor's Europe Frankfurt London CAC 40 FTSE 100 Index 2150 2000 1925 A NV 2165 2050 1850 € 3050 2000) 1775 1950 17(7) O N D 1994 1906 O N D J F M 1994 1995 ²⁹⁰⁰ O N O J F M 1994 1995 Exchange Wednesday Prev. Index Change Close Close Amsterdam EOE 393,10 392.77 +0.08 6,812.68 -0.28 Brussels Stock Exchange 6.793.45 Frankfurt 1,918.88 1,910.96 -1.67 Copenhagen Stock Market 330.61 335.81 1,555.32 1,587.48 -2.02 Helshiki HEX General Osio OBX 360.71 363.14 -0.67 FTSE 100 3,142,30 8,128.30 +0.45 London -0.56 Madrid Stock Exchange 264,23 265.71 9,686.00 -0.77 Milan MIBTE 9,611,00 1,837.19 Paris **CAC 40** 1,852.42 Stockhoim 1,529.73 1,550.01 -1.31 951.74 -0.14 950.36 Vienna ATX 1,632.24 1,635.28 -0.19 Zurich SPI

Very briefly:

Source: Telekurs

Kauthof AG forecast a fall in earnings for 1994 because of slow sales in its department stores and losses in the tourism business, but the German retailer said overall 1994 sales jumped 20 percent. to 26.3 billion Deutsche marks (\$18.9 billion), helped by the acquisition of Horten AG, a rival retailer.

 Heineken NV said it would build a brewery in Burma, together with the Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd. and Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd. at a cost of \$30 million.

AT&T Corp. said it would invest in an undersea fiber-optic cable being built to carry communications traffic between France and Portugal, along with 16 other telecommunications companies.

Publicis SA said 1994 profit fell to 120.5 million francs (\$24.6 million) from 126 million in 1993, as sales at the French advertising agency rose 10 percent, to 20 billion francs, reflecting the acquisition of Bloom FCA.

 Total SA said profit at the French state-controlled company. rose 14 percent, to 3.39 billion francs in 1994.

• The European Commission has cleared plans by Dassault Electronique SA to take a 34 percent stake in CR2A-DI, a computerized defense systems company and a subsidiary of Compagnie Générale d'Informatique, which is controlled by International Business Machines Corp.

• Italy's monthly trade surplus widened 60 percent in January, to 1.464 trillion lire (\$863 million), helped by the fall in the lira. Meanwhile, the rate of unemployment rose to 12.2 percent from 11.1 percent in January 1994.

• Coats Viyella PLC, said pretax profit fell 30 percent at the British textile company, to £105.1 million (\$168.2 million), because of an exceptional charge for the sale of its yarns and fabrics division and textured jersey operations.

• Kölnischhe Rückversichherungs AG, known as Cologne Re, said it expected its underwriting result to improve in 1994, but it still expects to post a loss for the year. The German insurer posted a loss of 143.7 million DM in 1993.

388 billion lire, reversing a 6 . The Littlewoods Organization PLC said it was creating more billion-lira profit the year be-fore. than 2,000 jobs in its retail devisions throughout Britain, despite weak 1994 pretax earnings of £116 million (\$186 million), down 1 AFP, AFX, Bloomberg, Reuters, Knight-Ridder

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66.30 66.30 68.48 68.57 68.52 68.46 14.605

Shell Cuts Headquarters Jobs

THE HAGUE — The Royal Dutch/Shell Group said Wednesday it planned to eliminate 1,200 jobs at its two world headquarters to reduce operating costs as oil prices remain flat.

The world's largest oil company, which had net income last year of \$6.2 billion, said it would eliminate 30 percent of the 4,000 jobs at central offices in The Hague and London in

the next year. The move will usher in a radical change in the way the group. which is also Europe's largest company, does business around the world. The focus will be on decentralization, with a small corporate center and specialist executive teams

Cor Herkstroter, the Shell chairman, said that the group would reorganize into five business segments, replacing what he called a "matrix of regions, sectors and functions" based largely on geography.

Shell stressed the move was a

response to competition rather a trend which we have been than the group's perceived monolithic culture. The group said it wanted to

implement its reorganization in the second half of this year and hoped to have a new central structure in place by 1996. "While our current organiza-

tion and practices served us very well for many years, they were designed for a different era, for a different world," said Mr. Herkstroter.

Despite its biggest profit ever in 1994, the group's 10 percent return on assets was less than other major oil companies and below its 15 percent target, said Mr. Herkstroter. 'Our performance has been

less than satisfactory, and this is experiencing for years," be said. We anticipate increasingly dynamic competition," he said.

"We see the business conditions of today, with flat margins and low oil prices, continuing into the future."

McKinsey & Co. advised Shell on the cost-cutting moves. It has cost about \$600 million (\$965 million) a year to run dual world headquarters.

IMI Looks Good in a Bad Year for Italian Banks

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches MILAN - Istituto Mobiliare activities, for example." Italiano SpA said Wednesday its net profit fell slightly last year as strong fee-based activities and limited trading for its own account helped it avoid the sharp drops in profit that have plagued

other Italian banks. "The bank was less exposed on its long-term bond portfolio than other Italian banks," said Anthony Mannara, an analyst at Milla & Co. "Pins it took action quickly to streamline in

costly, by merging its brokerage

IMI said 1994 net profit fell to 551 billion lire (\$324 million) from 560 billion lire. The bank San Paolo SpA wants to sell off said it would maintain its divi- a majority stake in itself and the dend at 400 lire. By contrast, net profit at Cre-

dito Italiano SpA fell 76 percent and the bank cut its dividend by more than half. Banco di Roma SpA said its profit tumbled more than 60 percent. Analysts said poor results at many Italian banks cast doubt

offers and floatations.

A host of banks are lining up for cash. The savings bank Cariplo CRPL SpA seeking a listing this year, Gruppo Bancaria state is looking to complete the privatisation of IMI. Mediobanca is also looking for want-

ing fresh funds. We estimate issues worth about \$5 billion are trying to hit the market. That's going to be extremely difficult to sell," said Sasha Scrafimovski, an analyst over a coming deluge of share at Merrill Lynch & Co. Istituto Mobiliare Italiano.

which is listed on the New York surance underwriting. These Stock Exchange, as well as in Milan and London, said that under U.S. accounting rules, ganizations in 1994, net profit rose to 631 billion lire Italian banks that from 599 billion lire.

American depositary receipts representing shares in the bank fell 12.5 cents, to \$15.875, in afternoon trading in New York. The government in February

1994 sold a 33 percent stake in the bank in an initial public offering. IMI's results were aided by its activities in fund manage-

benefited from a series of state asset sales and corporate reor-Italian banks that did not

have strong fee-based activities fared poorly as the value of their bond portfolios tumbled. Portfolio losses were aggravated by reduced lending and from large write-downs on bad loans. Banca Popolare di Milano SCRL announced a net loss of

(Bloomberg, Reuters) percent.

(Reuters, Bloomberg) areas where operations were **AMEX** HITTORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE 2. 37.33.45.66.65.66. AXAMENIAN AND THE SECOND AND 15.00 11.00

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ment, corporate finance and in-INTERNATIONAL FUTURES GYRING

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Malaysia Cites Industrialization For Trade Gap

KUALA LUMPUR - Malaysia's current-account deficit nearly doubled, to 11.6 billion ringgit (\$4.58 billion) in 1994. from 6.3 billion ringgit in 1993, the central bank said on

port level of capital and interme- change trading and was adoptdiate goods required at Malaysia's stage of industrialization.

The growth in the deficit was lower than expected and analysts said the local stock market boost from the news. Some analysts had estimated the deficit would come in at between 15 billion and 17 billion ringgit.

The Kuala Lumpur composite index rose 22.95 points on Wednesday, closing at 987.71. Bank Negara said it expected

Malaysia's current-account deficit to widen to 13.79 billion ring- serves fell in 1994 for the first git in 1995 but to improve gradu- time since 1988 — to 68,17 bilally after that, turning into a lion ringgit from 76.43 billion

broad measure of the trade deficit had "raised considerable con- by international companies." cern," the bank said the imbalance had to be viewed within the context of Malaysia's growth

Malaysia's trade deficit closely, amid speculation that a high fig-ure might contribute to a devalu-ation of the local currency, as Bank Negara said it was most sis in Mexico earlier this year.

But Malaysia has reacted an- labor force in Malaysia. grily to the suggestion, saying its foreign-exchange reserves were

products that contributed nothing to future national output. Ahmad Mohamad Don, governor of Bank Negara, said Wednesday that the bank had Bank Negara said the trade Wednesday that the bank had imbalance reflected the high imstopped speculative foreign-exing a conservative approach to

tion. Analysts have added that

Mexico's heavy imports were

largely in consumer-oriented

reserves management.
The moment the minister told us to stop foreign-exchange trading we stopped," he said, rewas likely to receive a short-term ferring to Anwar Ibrahim, the finance minister, who last year called for the central bank to refrain from risky speculation.

Last year, Bank Negara announced that it had lost 5.7 bilbon ringgit to foreign-exchange trading in 1993, after losing 9.3 billion ringgit in 1992.

But the country's foreign resurplus by the end of the decade. ringgit at the end of 1993. The Noting that the increase in the bank said that was partly due to the outflow of short-term capital

Malaysia's gross domestic product grew by 8.7 percent in 1994, higher than the 8.5 percent process. It said that "the increase that was forecast, said Bank Nein imports in 1994 and those in gara. The bank also said that the pipeline for 1995 are aimed economic growth would accelerat addressing infrastructure bot-ate to 8.9 percent in 1995, led by tlenecks, expanding productive production from a new oil field.

capacity and raising the potential output of the economy."

Traders had been watching of GDP, included a 3.7 billion ringgit surplus in merchandise trade and a 15.7 billion ringgit

did the balance-of-payments cri- concerned about the need to increase the productivity of the

(Reuters, Bloomberg)

Constructing a Pan-Asian Market CSR Seeks to Produce Building Materials Abroad

By Michael Richardson International Heroki Tribune

SYDNEY - With a large market share in Australia and a strong presence in the United States, CSR Ltd. is looking to Asia's building boom for major growth

opportunities into the next century.

The Australia-based producer of building and construction materials and alu-minium and sugar is undertaking an aggressive expansion program in East Asia. The aim is to avoid import barriers

and to gain market share by becoming a local producer of building materials that are in demand in China, Taiwan, Thailand, Malaysia and Indonesia. These materials include plasterboard, insulation, concrete pipes, aerated lightweight concrete blocks and timber products.

"As East Asian economic growth continues and the middle class expands, housing requirements are changing and becoming more Westernized," said Mark Cotton, an industrial analyst in the Sydney office of Prudential-Bache Securioes (Australia) Ltd. "CSR wants to tap this market as well as the region's strong industrial, commercial building and infrastructure growth."

The company recently bought a 50 percent stake in Corinthian Industries Ltd., a door manufacturer based in Kuala Lumpur, with plants in Malaysia, Indonesia and Singapore — for 35 million Australian dollars (\$25.5 million).

By agreeing to invest 45 million dol-lars, CSR also bought the right to a 75 percent share in a concrete and quarrying joint venture to be established in the industrial city of Tianjin, in Northern China. Its partner is the governmentcontrolled Tianjin Building Materials Supply General Corp

The company's largest Asian investment so far is in an integrated timber operation, in the Hunan province in southern China, that will cut and replant trees from state softwood plantations and mill them to produce timber and fiberboard, CSR will spend about 100 million dollars for a 70 percent share of the project, which is scheduled to start production in early 1997.

"We are well on the way to our target of having 600 million dollars invested in the region by the end of 1996," said Geoffrey V. Kells, CSR's managing director. That would raise the company's Asian

assets to around 10 percent of the total hy 1997, from not much more than I percent now. 6.6 hillion dollars in March 1994 were in

the United States, and most of the rest in Australia. Two-thirds of the assets were in building materials.

Mr. Kells said the company's preferred

method of expansion in Asia was through

The aim is to avoid import barriers by becoming a local producer of key building materials in Asia.

joint ventures with local partners, sometimes in new projects and sometimes in existing operations that could be upgraded and expanded if necessary.

While joint-venture partners can make life complicated, we depend on them for local knowledge about sales, marketing, government policies and regulations," be said. "In some cases, our partners are also

major potential custom CSR is the largest building and construction-materials company in Australia, as well as the country's largest timber business and sugar company. It also has substantial bauxite mining, alumina re-fining and aluminium smelting interests.

In the six-month period ended September 30, CSR reported a 30 percent increase in net profit, to 225 million dollars, on sales of 3.1 billion dollars. In July, the company was rated by

Fortune magazine as the world's eighthmost-profitable building-and-construction-materials company. Its shares closed at 4.35 dollars, down two cents, in Sydney on Wednesday. CSR was founded in Sydney in 1855 as

the Colonial Sugar Refinery and began making building materials in 1936. With strong market shares in nearly all major sectors of Australia's building and construction-materials industry, the company has had to look overseas for expansion because there are few opportunities left in Australia that would not attract the attention of antitrust authorities.

"CSR has grown too big for a country with a population of only 17 million," said Mr. Cotton. "There is little room for it to expand in Australia, with the excepdon of timber."

Mr. Kells said CSR was "focusing

growth on our timber, North American and Asian businesses while maintaining leadership in our Australian operations John North, an analyst at JB Were &

Son in Melbourne, said CSR's "strong free-cash flow and low financial gearing should allow it to expand strongly over the foresecable future. After a badly judged diversification

into energy resources in Australia, CSR sold those assets for a big loss, using the proceeds of about two billion dollars to expand in America in the late 1980s. The company's acquisitions of Rinker Materials Corp., American Aggregates Corp. and Hydro Conduit Corp. have

made it one of the top suppliers of materials to the U.S. construction industry. Fabian Babich, a building materials analyst in the Sydney office of Barclays de Zoete Wedd Australia, said that CSR had worked hard to cut costs, raise pro-

ductivity and add value to its businesses in both the United States and Australia. "The U.S. market, which is very competitive, has not yet generated good profits for CSR, but I believe it will," he said.

Mr. Babich also said CSR had a head start on its international rivals, though not on its two main Australian competitors. Boral Ltd. and Pioneer International Ltd. "In many cases," he said, "the Australians are the first, or among the first, producers

of new building products in Asia." Mr. Kells said he expected the company to earn an 11 percent rate of return on funds invested in the United States in the financial year ending March 31, 1996, up from about 9 percent in the 1994-95 financial year.

Mr. Kells said that CSR aimed to be earning rates of return from its Asian investments in the 1997-98 financial year "of the same order of magnitude" as it currently earned in Australia - around 14 percent for building and construction materials and 12 percent for timber.



Very briefly:

• The Hong Kong Futures Exchange is set to start trading individual stock futures with the launch on Friday of futures in HSBC Holdings PLC and Hongkong Telecommunications Ltd.

• Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp., a subsidiary of HSBC Holdings PLC, said it would move the bulk of its data-processing operations to southern China, partly to cut costs. · Beijing will for the first time allow some unprofitable state

companies in the city to go bankrupt this year, the Xinhua news · South Korea formally applied for full membership in the Organi-

zation for Economic Cooperation and Development. Samsung Motors Inc., a unit of the Samsung group that will manufacture cars, said it would start production in 1998 with an

annual capacity of 250,000 vehicles, rising to 500,000 by 2000. PT Bimantara Citra, the holding company run by one of President Subarto's sons, will offer 20 percent of its shares to the

public later this year, according to local press reports, Nissan Motor Co. and Japan Telecom Co. said they would form a venture to provide mobile telephone service in northeastern Japan. · Taiwan's Economics Ministry will impose ceilings for investment in China in a bid to curb a growing capital outflow to the mainland, economic officials said.

 Walt Disney Co. launched its first overseas pay channel, which is based in Taiwan and will provide a variety of animation and movie programs.

Busch Talks To Tsingtao About Stake

HONG KONG - ADbenser-Busch Cos. confirmed Wednesday that it was holding talks with Tsingtao Brewery Co., the state-controlled Chinese beer maker, aimed at in creasing its 5 percent stake in the company and finalizing an agreement to build a brewery in China.

The U.S. brewing giant has owned the Tsingtao stake for almost two years and has been talking with the company for most of that time about developing a joint-venture brewery. analysts said. A Tsingtao executive who

insisted on anonymity said negotiations had entered a concrete stage late last year. He said both companies were interested in building a new factory to produce Tsingtao beer and that Anheuser-Busch could provide finance and expertise, especially to improve the packaging of Tsingtao beer.

Last July, Tsingtao said the two companies had al-ready chosen a site for the factory but that talks had gotten hogged down by "internal disputes."

The two companies have said they planned to invest about 2 billion yuan (\$238) million) in the new brewery, which would have an initial annual production capacity of 200,000 tons of beer. For Tsingtao, a new facil-

ity of that size would almost double its annual production capacity. The company's market share in China is only about 2.3 percent. After rising in early trading in Hong Kong Tsing-tao shares fell to close at

4.07 Hong Kong dollars (52 U.S. cents), down 40 cents, on news of the talks.

retail store would open in Hong Kong's Tsim Sha Tsui tourist district by early 1995.

Virgin said Wednesday that the partnership would continue

to explore the Asia-Pacific region for further opportunities

Cost-Cutting and PC Sales Spur IBM Japan's Net IDC Japan. That gave it a 10.1

TOKYO - IBM Japan Ltd. said Wednesday that it returned to profitability in 1994, increasing its sales of personal computers and workstations as well as cutting costs.

The company reported a group net profit of 13.2 billion yen (\$147.5 million) in 1994, after a loss of 23.5 billion yea in 1993 — its first loss ever.

The results were good news

Big Blue's most important sources of profits. But IBM Japan has been

troubled by many of the same the worldwide shift from large mainframe computers to smaller, less-expensive types, and the need to slash operating costs to remain competitive. The company said revenue

trillion yen, from 1.24 trillion yen in 1993.

counted for 57 percent of 1BM following a heart trillion yen, from 1.24 trillion Japan's revenue in 1994, up from less than half in 1992.

IBM Japan sh

analyst with IDC Japan, a market-research firm.

The consolidated figures included the results of two major problems as its parent, such as subsidiaries, IBM Japan General Business Co. and IBM Japan Services Business Co., which were spun off as part of the company's move into software products and services.

Those two categories ac-

bere," Mr. Kellar said. IBM Japan posted its profit despite a special 49.5 billion yen restructuring charge.

While avoiding the mass layoffs of its parent, the company reduced its labor force during the year by 1,424 employees, to 21.792 workers, through attrinon and early-retirement plans.

percent Japanese market share. The company's domestic revenue rose 5.3 percent to 950.8 billion yen, while exports fell 3.5 percent to 322.9 billion yen. 1BM Japan's exports are quality and duration of those

mainly parts — sold to other jobs. The United States, for ex-IBM operations around the ample, has been faulted for world and sold in dollars. The plunge in the value of the lem by creating poorly remudollar against the yen has made nerated jobs in the service inthose parts less competitive, analysts said. As a result, IBM

dustry for a new, underprivifor the company's American parent, International Business
Machines Corp. The Japanese essfully turned things subsidiary has long been one of around," said David Kellar, an entering the company's American parent, International Business

"They're now making a high-personal computers in 1994, a personal computers in 1994, a personal computers in 1994, a personal computers in 1994, a previous year, according to respectively, during the year. working poor." One reason Britain's jobless are more inclined to take poorly paid jobs than most of their counterparts oo the Continent is that their unemployment benefits are among the lowest in

> quarter of an individual's last The weaker safety net tends to encourage people to find shows results in the Netherlands, jobs," said Steven Englander, economist at Smith Barney in London. The same principle Simon Keswick, the compa-

applies to Greece Analysts agree that the other extreme is equally unappealing.

Europe, equaling on average a

Continued from Page 13

find jobs.

JOBS: Europe Looks for Solutions In Sweden, where unemploy ment benefits still amount to 80

employment rather than simply percent of a person's last salary, paying out benefits in the hope long-term unemployment has nearly doubled since the beginthat workers will eventually ning of this decade from its his-But critics - not just in Brittorical norm of one out of every ain - are quick to question the five jobless.

The Swedish model, which is highly centralized, relies heavily ample, has been faulted for on job training, education and solving its unemployment probsubsidized job creation, with generous wages paid by the state throughout an indr leged social class called the time away from work.

"You can go a very, very long time on benefits," said Peter Stromberg, an assistant undersecretary at the Swedish Minis-try of Labor. "It's not our aim to keep them in the benefit system. We want to get them back to work. But there is no incentive in the system for them to

get out."
NEXT: Why the Start Model

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Hong Kong Retail Torpor Thwarts Virgin's Plans

day that it would suspend a plan with Wheelock & Co. aimed at rents and only modest growth bringing the Virgin Megastore - or even declining sales -

decline in the retail market and a series of strategic alliances conditions have failed to improve," said Mike Inman, Virgin's retail managine director.

Mr. Branson's airline, Virgin

Two major music and enterand Tower Records - have re- Kong to promote Virgin Cola cently opened up shops in the territory.

his rival product to Coca-Cola and Pepsi-Cola.

Virgin and Wheelock, the Hong Kong-based conglomerate, have created an equal partnership called Virgin Megastores (Hong Kong). The companies (Hong Kong). The companies said in November that their first probability of the companies of t

Compiled by Ow Staff From Dispetches and that it would reconsider HONG KONG — Britain's Hong Kong when retail conditions looked more auspicious.

Dairy Farm Internationa

Faced with soaring shop chain of music and entertainment stores to Hong Kong Virgin cited poor retail conditions in the territory for the move.

The weight to describe the territory many retailers in the territory for the move.

The weight to describe the territory for the move. in the territory for the move. as a blow to Wheelock, analysts
"There has been a marked said, which has sought to forge

gin's retail managing director.

The Hong Kong music market is relatively small and the addi-London-to-Hong Kong service tional competition introduced a year ago in a move the company said was intended to help build brand recognition for the Virgin name ahead of the opening of the retail stores. Last tainment-store chains - HMV week, Mr. Branson was in Hong

Virgin Megastores sell a wide

Dairy Farm International Holdings Ltd., the retailing unit of Jardine Matheson Ltd., said Wednesday that its profit in-creased 15 percent in 1994, all thanks to one Hong Kong property sale, Agence France Presse reported from Hong Kong. With pretax operating profit-

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little changed at \$269.6 million, year, compared with \$198 mil-Dairy Farm's profit growth was lion in 1993. Per share carnings attributed to an exceptional rose to 12.5 cents from 11.2 item of \$41.8 million from the sale of a factory site in Hong Kong by its joint venture with ny's chairman, said that operat-Switzerland's Nestlé SA. The ing profit for 1995 was likely to company reported its results in be lower than in 1994.

Dairy Farm said it made \$227 million after taxes last

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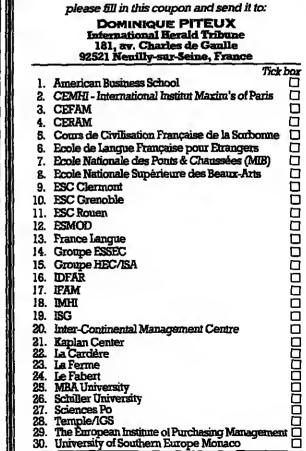
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Qualified bidders can request further information from the office of the Provincial Executory Unit, Avda, Presidente Illia 1151, Plao 8, Tel: 1541 42-500430. Offers will be received up to 10 A.M. on 17 April 1095, the opening date, at the Reception of the MOSPyV, House of Covernment, First Floor, Calle 3 de Febrero 2051, Santa Fe, Argentine Republic.

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in the City of New York, equipment for the implementation of data networks such es hubs, pads, routers, modems, Ethernet board, etc. will be acquired, with financing from loan BIRF 3460-AR. Eligible bidders should be manufacturers' authorized representatives with extensive technical support coverage. Duly appointed representation in Argentina

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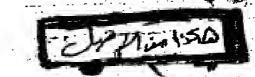
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In Game 5, Jordan Hits His Stride, and 55 Points

NEW YORK - Forget that talk about Michael Jordan needing eight or nine games to be what he once was.

ln his fifth game back from retirement, Jordan scored 55 points Tuesday night during the Chicago Bulls' 113-111 victory over the New York Knicks.

It was the most points a player has scored in the NBA this season and the most scored against the Knicks in the present Madison Square Garden, a place where Jordan has tortured the Knicks many times in years

"I didn't feel tense," he said.
"I felt very relaxed. A lot of times I come in here and wanted to do so well and got a little too enthusiastic. I came in and had low expectations and had a pretty good game."

Pretty good? By the end of three quarters, he had 49 points, and it was only when the desperate Knicks put two men on him in the fourth quarter that his pace

BOSTON - Reggie Lewis

did not die as a result of cocaine

use, according to an official re-

view of the Boston Celtic star's

autopsy. But the authorities

stopped short of saying Lewis

did not use drugs.

"The purpose of the review was to establish the cause of

death, not to establish whether

Reggie Lewis ever used co-caine," the Massachusetts pub-

lic safety secretary, Kathleen

M. O'Toole, said Tuesday. Lewis died July 27, 1993, af-

ter he collapsed while shooting

baskets. Recent reports have

questioned whether drug use

weakened his heart, contrary to

the public finding of the medi-

Doctors who reviewed the

case concluded that the Celtics'

captain did not die as a result of

cocaine use, according to a

summary of their findings dis-

closed by the state's chief medi-

cal examiner, Dr. Richard Ev-

"Reggie Lewis's death was not caused by cocaine inges-

tion, nor was the damage to the

heart at all typical of that known to be caused by cocaine

He said Lewis died when sev-

eral different problems caused

same finding that was on his

death certificate. But Evans

gave three other medical condi-

tions leading to the defect. In

his heart to beat irregularly.

usage," Evans said.

cal examiner.

Cocaine Did Not Kill

Lewis, Review Finds

lagged. And when the double- a backcourt violation that cost team prevented him from shooting at game's end, Jordan passed the ball to Bill Wennington, who stuffed it in for the victory with 3.1 seconds left.

In an atmosphere as hyped as a playoff game, the two teams expected to meet each other in the first round went down to the 54th and 55th points on a 12footer with 25.8 seconds to go, giving the Bulls a 111-109 lead.

After John Starks tied the score with two free throws, Jordan, facing Starks and Pat Ewing on a double-team, threaded a pass to Wennington under the

"I'm a very aggressive guy," Jordan said, "My first initiative is to score. I'd be lying if I said I came out to pass the ball - I came out to score. I was going to make them stop me from scoring, and they did."

After a timeout, Starks fell down at midcourt after taking the inbounds pass with Jordan guarding him. He was called for

mon cold, originally was given as the principal reason that Lewis's heart was flawed. The

other causes were included less

Officials said there were no

"If you view the things listed

plans to change the death certif-

on the death certificate in total-

ity, that will give you the best

idea of why he died that we will ever have," Evans said.

The authorities declined to

say whether there was evidence that Lewis ever used cocaine,

and his widow has declined to let them release the autopsy re-

port. Such documents are not

Massachusetts law.

conspicuously.

the Knicks their last chance. It was an unfortunate but fitting end for Starks, who could only watch all game as Jordan hoisted perfect jumpers over his outstretched hands.

"I tried to throw everything I had at him," Starks said. "It was a matter of time before he last seconds. Jordan scored his played one of those games like you just weren't there."

Three days after scoring 32 points against the Hawks, Jordan really took off, making 21 of 37 shots from the field and 10 of 11 free throws in 39 minutes for the 34th 50-point game of his career. He started off hot and stayed that way until the fourth quarter, in which he scored six points after starting the period 0-for-4.

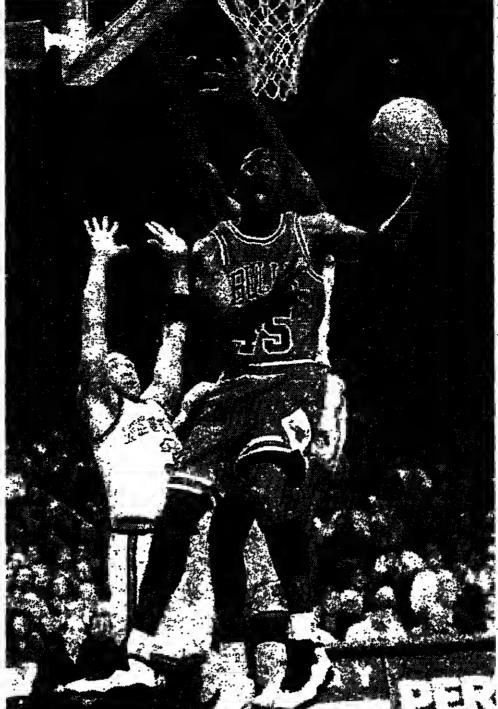
Jordan, averaging 30.8 points in his comeback, said he has thought it would be longer before he regained his form. But, he said,"I guess it took four

The game was the hottest ticket in New York since the final game of the Stanley Cup hockey finals last year. Seats were said to be selling for as much as \$1,500.

Fans came carrying posters, some welcoming back a Knicks' forward, Anthony Mason, play-ing his first game at the Garden since a five-game suspension. But there were plenty of No. 45 Jordan jerseys in the crowd, too, and fordan drew gasp after gasp once he began raining

down jumpers.
His 55-point game came five years to the day after he scored a career-high 69 against Cleveland on March 28, 1990.

The previous high game in the NBA this season was 53 points by Willie Burton of Philadelphia on Dec. 13 against Miami.



Michael Jordan went backdoor for two points as the Knicks' John Starks surrendered.

Players Vote to End Strike if Injunction

NEW YORK - The major league baseball players voted Wednesday to end their 74month strike if a federal judge issues an injunction restoring salary arbitration and free

agent bidding. U.S. District Judge Sonia Sotomayor has scheduled a hearing Friday on the National Labor Relations Board's petition for a preliminary injunction. There has been no indication when she will rule.

If players end the strike, owners may lock them out. But even hardline owners don't know if they can get the required 21 votes from among the 28 teams, and management officials, speaking on the condition of anonymity, said they doubted the owners would lock out the regular players.

The resolution was passed by the union's executive committee, and the players do not need to vote on it. No vote totals were announced.

The vote by the executive committee came as the union prepared a response to the owners' latest offer.

"We expect to make a re-sponse probably tomorrow," said the head of the union, Donald Fehr, who met with the acting commissioner, Bud Selig, for 90 minutes Tuesday.

Added the No. 2 union offi-cial, Gene Orza: "We're going to make an unconditional offer." to return to work, based on the conditions restored by the iniunction." With the season scheduled to

start in four days with replacement players, it appeared that a final decision to begin play wouldn't be made until

Selig has said whether openers planned to open the regular ing day could be pushed back, season as scheduled Sunday but some teams - just in case might.

began planning for an extra three weeks of spring training. Management's new proposal offered to keep the system of salary arbitration and free agency that was in effect during

the expired collective bargaining agreement. Fehr didn't promise the players will make a counterproposal, but left the impression they

would. The owners have scheduled a vote for Thursday about the use: of replacement players during the regular season. Also, the American League president Gene Budie, met with Selig, the owner of the Milwankee Brewers. While neither would say much about their conversation. they apparently discussed the league's strategy for dealing with Baltimore Orioles' owner, Peter Angelos, who refuses to field a

team of replacements.

The league has threatened to: take severe action against Angelos if he doesn't relent, but is: shying from a potential legal, battle and plans to amounce a comparatively mild course of action late this week, sources

Close to the situation said.

Sources say the league probably will have the Orioles forfeit. theirreplacement games. Or it could make the team's schedule inactive, which initially would make forfeits unnecessary and could result in the league postponing the games by approximately two weeks.

Management sources said that if the owners and players could reach a settlement even as late as: Sunday, the owners would postpone opening day by as much as three weeks and avoid the use of replacements during the season; Selig refused to address that issue, but reiterated that the owners planned to open the regular

SCOREBOARD

considered public record under Evans said all five consulting physicians in the case, plus three medical laboratories, concurred in their belief that drugs were not involved in Lewis's death. No additional tests were

the first autopsy. The investigation was begun March 9, after The Wall Street Journal reported that the Celtics' financial and public relations concerns prevented doctors from fully investigating whether cocaine use contribut-

done. The consultants reread

information gathered during

ed to Lewis's death. • The stolen banner bearing Lewis's retired number is back in Boston Garden, after the police discovered it in the bedroom of a 16-year-old boy in addition to the adenovirus listed prominently on the death nearby Melrose, Massachucertificate, the other conditions setts.

included cardiac hypertrophy, or enlargement of the heart. Garden officials had set up a telephone tip line and promised There's only so much space a \$5,000 reward. A caller reported that a student at Melrose on the death certificate," Evans said when asked why adenovi-High School had bragged about rus, a virus that causes the comstealing the banner.

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Rice 15-29 7-7 39, Reeves 9-17 3-4 24. Re
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D-Scepoord 19 (Roson, Johnson); D-Fedorov
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P-LeClair 79 (Dythola, Golley)) Second Parlod: B-Ooke 7 (Boureur); 'Third Parlot: B-Ooke 5 (Koutonov, Mossland); (pp). B-Kolandrior 3 (Ooke, Morely); Shafts on point: P 104-2-17, 8 14-8-16-32, Goption: P, Routeel, B, Lechel

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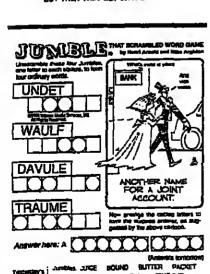
BOSTON—Places Rick Fox, torwerd, on the injured flet, Signed Tony Oowsen, forward, to a 16-day contract,

GOLDEN STATE—Staned Th

DENNIS THE MENACE



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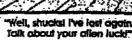






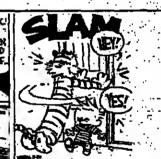






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WIZARD of ID

CALVIN AND HOBBES

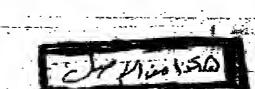
CALVIN?

HEY! I CAN'T GET OUT!



BLONDIE





Conner Wins, The Bile Rises

one Australia Defeats NZL-39 for Big Edge

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatcher

SAN DIEGO — The battle for the last spot in the defender finals in the America's Cup will apparently be fought out on land as well as on the Pacific Ocean.

At issue is the manner in which Dennis Conner was allowed to replace the damaged keel on Stars & Strings

aged keel on Stars & Stripes.

The yacht was rolled out of the repair shed 3½ hours before race time Tuesday and convincingly won a crucial semifinal race against Mighty Mary of the America'

In another important match, John Bertrand's oneAustralia came from behind on the first leg and beat Chris Dickson's NZL-39 by 1:43 to take a two-point lead in the race for the spot opposite Team New Zealand in the Louis Vuitton Cup finals for challengers.

The victory was especially crucial because of Team New Zealand's decision later in the day not to sail its last three races in order to concentrate on its twoboat testing program.

Team New Zealand, which eliminated Nippon by a lopsided margin of 3:45, was to finish the current flight of races when it sailed Black Magic I against oneAustralia on Wednesday.

Each of the other semifinalists will then gain one point by sailing around the course alone on the day they're scheduled to face Team New Zealand during the final flight of races. Because oneAustralia holds the tiebreaker advantage over NZL-39, it could clinch a finals spot by Friday.

America' filed a protest over the jurisdiction of the San Diego Yacht Cluh's defense committee to allow Conner to make the keel change in mid-round. A hearing was scheduled before an international jury, but was postponed while the defense committee met with America' offi-

America' also claimed that the replacement keel was not similar to the damaged keel, which was one of the conditions under which Conner could make the change.

"Our understanding is that the defense committee asked the international jury not to hear our protest, which means that we then essentially have no recourse at all," said the America' spokesman Will Robinson. "I find that Indicrous."

The defense committee issued a statement late Tuesday night confirming that it had not authorized the international jury to hear such disputes. It offered no further comment, other than that it would continue to address the dispute.

Seles Prosecutor Seeks Prison Term

stabbed tennis star Monica Seles in the back two years ago.

HAMBURG (AFP) - The state prosecutor called Wednesday

for a 33-month jail sentence for Günther Parche, the man who

But the prosecutor, Rolf Rosenkranz, said in his closing argu-

ment of the retrial that he had decided not to seek a sentence for the charge of attempted murder, as requested by Seles's lawyers,

hut for dangerous wounding.
"It's my opinion that an attempted murder cannot be proven,"
Rosenkranz said. "From the previous life of the accused, there is
nothing to show that he was aggressive."

Max Mosley, FIA's president, said the appeals hearing into the fuel disqualifications of Brazilian Grand Prix winner Michael

Schumacher of the Benetton-Renault team and runner-up David

Coulthard of the Williams-Renault team would be held in Paris on

April 13. four days after the Argentine Grand Prix. (IHT)
Keith Jackson, the five-time Pro Bowl tight end, was traded by

the Miami Dolphins to the Green Bay Packers for an undisclosed

Darryl Henley, a star cornerback for the Los Angeles Rams,

and four others were convicted of cocaine trafficking. (Reuters)
Gerald McClellan, who underwent brain surgery after a WBC
super middleweight bout in London on Feb. 25, is hreathing on

his own and occasionally opens his eyes and moves his arms. (AP)

diagnosed with iron deficiency anemia and primary hypothyroid-

ism and told to not play at least two games.

14 Result of a bite,

maybe

15 Compete 16 Protane

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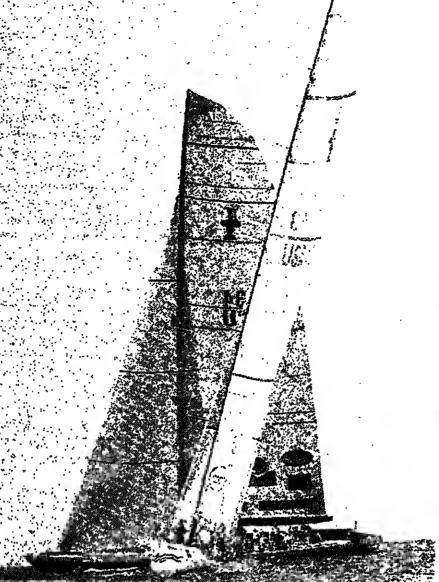
Hakeem Olajuwon, the Houston Rockets' star center, has been

SIDELINES

For the Record.

ACROSS

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Stars & Stripes (rear) forged a 55-second lead up the first leg and won by 1:31.

"I don't think it's very surprising that they're protesting us," said the Stars & Stripes helmsman, Paul Cayard. "It's pret-

ty much what you'd expect.
"We went to the authorities we thought we should go to, we got permission from those authorities, and we complied with their orders.'

Stars & Stripes took a 3-2 lead over Mighty Mary in the battle to join Young America in the Citizen Cup final for de-

The victory followed round-the-clock repairs required after Stars & Stripes took on water because of keel and hull damage and had to drop out of its race with Kevin Mahaney's Young America on Sunday. Sailing with a keel it bad retired weeks

ago, Stars & Stripes played the first wind shift to its advantage and led on all six legs of the 18.55-mile course to win by 1 minute, 31 seconds.

The yacht had been re-launched at 9 A.M. Tuesday. The navigator, Jim Brady, said repairs "were still going on in the race" hy a crewman who would work below deck when he wasn't needed above.

"We were fortunate to be able to pull off a victory in two races - one, making it to the starting line and two, across the finish line," Brady said.

Stars & Stripes has three more races to go and Mighty Mary has two, and only one against each other. If Stars & Stripes wins that one, on Friday, the boat formerly crewed by only by women is out. (AP, WP)

Tyson to Issue Statement;

King: 'I Won't Be Involved'

CLEVELAND — Mike Tyson, his future the subject of much speculation, is to break his silence, sort of. Thursday. Cynthia Case, a spokeswoman for Gund Arena, said the former heavyweight champion had contacted the arena Tuesday and "told us he is going to read a statement and walk off. There will absolutely be no Q and A."

The promoter Don King, asked earlier about a news conference, said: "I don't know. I won't be involved. If there is a Mike Tyson news conference I have not been informed yet."

Mike Tyson news conference I have not been informed yet."

King made his remarks during a telephone hookup to a Los

Angeles news conference promoting an April 8 fight card in Las Vegas involving a WBC heavyweight utle defense hy Oliver McCall against Larry Holmes.

Asked about a reported split with Tyson, King said: "There's no comment to make on that. We'll deal with that in time."

A spokesman for King, Mike Marley, said in Los Angeles that the promoter for Tyson "still is Don King. We are

planning a major press conference, and when the details are

Tyson remained in seclusion at his 66-acre estate in South-

ington in northeast Ohio. It was reported in some newspapers

that King had been told to leave Tyson's residence Saturday.

don't want to make any other comment about that,"

Marley said King "was there and did what he had to do. I

put together we will let everybody know."

France Survives for Tie in Israel

France and Israel played to a scoreless ue in their European Championship qualifying match Wednesday in Tei Aviv. Israel had a chance to pull out a second straight last-minute victory against the French when Haim Revivo fed Tottenham striker Ronny Rosenthal deep with seconds left to play. But goalie Bernard Lama rushed out to meet Rosenthal and blocked his shot.

Israel had been tied with Romania at the top of Group 1. slipped back to second with nine points but remained unbeaten after victories over Poland and Azerbaijan and ties with Slovakia, Romania and now France.

France has not conceded a goal in five games, but ued four of them and is third with 7

The Israelis came out strong, Ronen Harazi feeding Revivo in the box for a good chance in the fourth minute of play. Despite end-to-end action throughout the first half, neither Lama nor Israeli goalie Bonnie Ginsburg

It was the first soccer match came close to giving up a goal.

The French, led by the imposing Marcel Desailly, dominated the second half

"We can be proud," said Is-raeli defender Alon Harazi. "We stood as equals against the French, proving Israeli soccer has advanced a level."

In a reflection of the imporance attached to the game. Parliament cut short its deliberations and Cahinet ministers postponed a meeting to enable officials to attend the game, Romania 2, Poland 1: With its

victory in Bucharest, Romania held onto its Group I lead.

After a first half filled with

attacks by the Romanians, the Poles opened the scoring in the 42d minute with a penalty shot by Andrzej Juskowiak after a foul by defender Daniel Prodan.

Three minutes later, in a superb counterattack, Gheorghe Hagi made a backward pass to Florin Raducioiu, who slid a sharp-angled left-footed shot past several players and Polish goalkeeper Joszef Wandzik.

Hagi's corner to Barcelona's Raducioiu in the 55th minute led to a collision between Wandzik and Raducioiu in the goalmouth. The ball trickled out of the goalie's hands, putting Romania into the lead. Slovakia 4, Azerbaijan 1: The home team won the Group 1

Kosice by scoring in the 33d and 40th minutes. Spain 1, Belgium 1: A firsthalf goal by Julen Guerrero gave the Spanish a tie in Group

2. in which they have a big lead with 13 points. Guerrero chipped in a ball from four meters in the 24th

minute off a crossing pass from Jose Emilio Amavisca. Belgium, which has just five

points and has virtually given up hope of advancing, got a goal moments later from Marc Degryse, who took a perfect through pass then moved in alone, scoring into an empty net after pulling Spanish goalie Andoni Zuhizarreta out of posi-

Spain dominated the second half, as it did the first, although it seemed content with the

draw. Cyprus 1. Denmark 1: The defending champions contin-ued to misfire and the host Cypriots, who have won only two European qualifiers in their history, nearly got a victory when they hit the bar in the second half of their Group 2 match. But in the end they were de-

hem ued in points with Mac-Michael Schionherg put the Danes ahead only two minutes into the match but the match b into the match, but the expected rout never materialized and Marios Agathocleous's 45th-

lighted with the draw that left

minute goal was the equalizer. ed resistance from the Grand play for a scoreless draw until Hungary 2, Switzerland 2: Duchy's partitimers, Leonhard-Ireland took the lead. Even

Group 3 leader Switzerland ral-lied with Nestor Suhiat scoring on a leaping header in the 74th minute in Budapest, then gaining the ue in the 85th minute when he put in a rebound off the right post.

Hungary's Jozsef Kiprich had opened the scoring with a two-meter shot into the upper left corner in the 50th minute. And in the 72d minute, Bela files ran circles around several Swiss defenders to fire in the second goal from 12 meters.

But the Hungarians now have not won a European qualifier on home turf since 1987. Turkey 2, Sweden 1: A 75th

minute goal by midfielder Sergen Asik upset the visiting Swedes in a Group 3 match.

Sweden held a 1-0 halftime lead after defender Patrik Andersson scored a penalty goal in the 22d minute. But in the 64th

minute, striker Emre Asik shot the ball into the Swedish net from close range and midfielder Sergen Asik made it 2-1 in the 75th minute with a shot from slightly farther out.

in 44 years between Sweden and Italy 2, Ukraine 0: First-half

goals by Attilio Lomhardo and GianFranco Zola gave visiting Italy its third victory in five games and kept it in second place, behind Croatia, in Group

Lombardo scored in the 11th minute, although Ukrainian goalie Dmyrtro Tyapushkyn nearly stopped his powerful shot from eight meters. But the ball slowly rolled into the net.



Nicolas Duedec (front) and Ishak Zohar were as tied up as France and Israel during their 0-0 draw in Tel Aviv.

Zola got his goal in the 37th and assisted on Primoz Gliha's minute, after a defensive let- second as host Slovenia won its down hy the hume team, A

Lithuania 0, Croatia 0: Coatía settled for a draw in its match in

Group 4 match. The Slovenes went on the offensive from the start, forcing Estonia's goalie, Mart Poom, to

Slovenia 3, Estonia 0: Vlatko make at least six saves on shots Zahovic scored the first goal from striker Zahovic and Gliha.

Klinsmann Beats Georgia, 2-0

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches Germany, with its captain, Jürgen Klinsmann, scoring in the 24th and 45th minutes, defeated Georgia, 2-0, in a Euro-pean Championship qualifying match Wednesday in Tbilisi,

The contest in their capital was hilled by soccer-feverish Georgians as "the match of the century." The Dynamo stadium's 80,000 seats were sold out, with one occupied by President

Eduard Shevardnadze. Klinsmann, the striker who match with Dusan Tittel de-Then, seconds before halftime, Klinsmann latched on to a pass from Heiko Herrhich in the penalty area and slid the ball into the right-hand corner of the net. Germany and Bulgaria are

tied for the Group 7 lead with 12 points each. Bulgaria 3, Wales 1: Bulgaria, playing at home, won its match

three months after trashing Wales by the same score in Car-The Bulgarians seized control of the midfield from the first

minute on and launched a series of vigorous attacks, orchestrated by Europe's best soccer play-er for 1994, Hristo Stoichkov. Krasimir Balakov opened the scoring in the 37th minute with

a strong kick from 16 meters into the upper right corner of the goal For 25 minutes in the second half the Bulgarians controlled

the action, but they failed to score until the 70th minute, when Lyuboslav Penev in the penalty area turned the ball with his chest into the net after a pass from Emil Kostadinov. It was again Valencia's star striker, Penev, who pushed the lead to 3-0 in the 82d minute

with a header from five meters centered by Tsanko Tsvetanov.

other as visiting Norway remained atop Group 5. Facing tougher than expeci-

minutes from time, setting up substitute Gunnar Aase for his first international goal.

Netherlands 4, Malta 6: The Dutch took advantage of weary opponents to score three goals late in the Group 5 match in Rotterdam,

It took the Dutch 38 minutes and a dozen attempts to find a crack in the 10-man Maltese defense. But Clarence Seedorf, Ajax's 18-year-old midfielder, plays for the Englisb club Tot-tenham, opened the scoring by outjumping his marker to head home a corner by Mario Basler.

opened the scoring with a pow-erful shot from 25 meters that crashed against the underside of the bar on its way into the net. It was his second goal in just three international appear-

> The Netherlands is second in its group with 11 points and a

14-1 goal difference. Czechoslovakia 4, Belarus 2: Patrik Berger scored twice as

the home team easily won the Group 5 match in Prague. Miroslav Kadler opened the

scoring in the fifth minute off a free kick and Berger added another goal off a pass from Marun Frydek in the 18th. After Sergel Gerasimets cut the Czech lead in half off a

penalty a minute before halftime, Berger restored the twogoal advantage in the 63d.
The Czechs now have eight

points. Ireland 1. Northern Ireland 1:

Iain Dowie scored Northern Ireland's first goal in Dublin to give his team the Group 6 tie. Dowie's goal, which followed

defensive hlunder by Paul McGrath, was also the first goal allowed by Ireland in four games in the qualifying tourna-ment. Niall Quinn had scored in the 47th minute for Ireland. Northern Ireland had been

thrashed, 4-0, in Belfast in November. It still has only an outside chance of qualifying for next year's finals in England. while Ireland is an overwhelming favorite to advance.
With Dowie as its only strik-

er, Northern Ireland packed the midfield and seemed content to

sen opened the score in the 35th then, the Manchester City playminute and ensured victory 12 er's equalizer was one of the few offensive threats mounted by the visitors.

It came after McGrath misheaded the hall just inside his own half. Northern Ireland's Keith Gillespie seized on the chance, raced down the right, and provided a perfect cross for the unmarked Dowie to head the ball into the net.

Austria 5, Latvia 0: Andreas Herzog, returning to the international scene after an absence of nine months, and Toni Polster each scored twice in the Group 6 qualifier in Salzburg. Herzog, who was dropped

following differences with the team's manager, Herbert Prohaska, opened the scoring in the 18th minute with a hard leftfoot shot from the edge of the

penalty area.
Albania 3, Modova 0: Two goals by Sokol Kushta and one hy Salvator Kacaj in the Group match gave Albania its first non-friendly victory in nearly

three years. Alhania had not won a competitive international since beating visiting Lithuania, 1-0, on June 3, 1992, in a World Cup qualifier.

Russia 0, Scotland 0: The Scots defended stoutly and rode their luck to a tie in the Group 8 match in Moscow.

Veteran goalkeeper Jim Leighton made two standout saves and the Russians missed a simple chance.

Greece, which did not play. leads the group with 12 points; Finland 9 and Scotland 8, while Russian remained fourth with

5. Only two teams qualify for the 1996 finals in England. Finland 2, San Marino 0: Goals by Jari Litmanen in the 45th minute and and Antii Su-mials in the 67th gave the visiting Finns their Group 8 victory.

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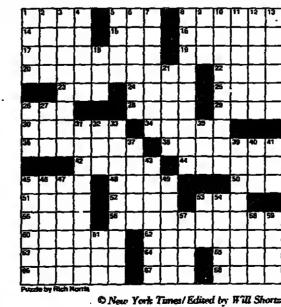
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Ah, Sweet Revenge

ART BUCHWALD

WASHINGTON — Mrs. wanted a suite with two bed-Leola Starling of Ribrock. rooms for a week. Tennessee, had a serious telephone problem. But uolike the Presidential Suite 00 the most people she did something

about it. The brand-oew \$10 millioo Ribrock Plaza Motel opeoed

nearby and had acquired almost the same telephone oumber 📅

as Leola. From the moment the motel opened, Starling was besieged by calls — not for her. Since she

Buchwald had had the same phone numtel management to change its

Naturally, the management refused -- claiming that it could

oumber, and just because a customer was getting someone else's calls 24 hours a day didn't make it responsible. After her pleas fell on deaf ears. Starling decided to take matters into her own hands.

Someone from Memphis was calling the motel and asked for drivers." a room for the following Tues-day. Starling said, "No prob-lem. How many nights?"

U.S. Groups Boycott Disney

NEW YORK — The Catholic League and the American Life League teamed up to boycott an executive from Marriott the Walt Disney Co, whose subsidiary Miramax Films released the movie "Priest." The film depicts five fictional priests, two of the movie "Priest." The film depicts five fictional priests, two of the movie "We'll take its but only if you change the interpret " whom are sexually active.

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Europe

Oceania

Emboldened, Starling said 10th floor was available for \$600 a night. The secretary said that she would take it and asked if the motel wanted a deposit.

"No, that won't be oeces-sary," Starling said. "We trust

you.' The next day was a busy one for Starling. In the morning she booked an electric appliance manufacturers' conventioo for Memorial Day weekend, a college prom and a reunioo of the 82d Airborne veterans from World War II.

She turned on her answering machine during lunchtime so that she could watch the O. J. ber for years, she felt that she Simpson trial, but her biggest had a case to persuade the mo- challenge came in the afternoon when a mother called to book the ballroom for her daughter's wedding in June.

The phone company was not helpful, either. A oumber was a oumber and its beautiful asked if the would be on problem and asked if the would be on problem. the flowers or did she want the hotel to take care of it. The mother said that she would prefer the hotel to handle the floral arrangements. Then the ques-tion of valet parking came up. Once again Starting was helpful. "There's oo charge for valet At 9 o'clock the phooe rang. parking, but we always recommend that the client tip the

In a few months the Ribrock was a disaster area.

lem. How many nights?"

A few hours later Dallas,
Texas, checked in. A secretary

Sweet 16 parties and were all told that there were no such events.

Starling had her final revenge wheo she read in the local oewspaper that the motel might go bankrupt. Her phooe rang, and

New Paris Library: Visionary or Outdated?

By Joseph Fitchett

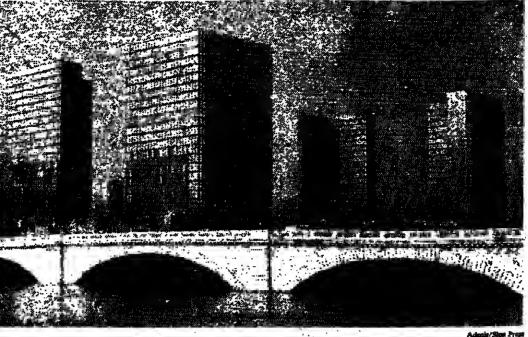
DARIS - When President François Mitterrand I inaugurates the oew Bibliothèque Nationale de France oo Thursday, the ceremonies will mark the completion of the last, grandest and costliest of the monumental buildings he has commissioned in Paris with monarchic style during his 14 years in office.

Often mocked as pharaonic or Ozymandian, the library - like the pyramids or the gigantic stone head in Shelley's poem - seems to be a building that is both wonderful in its way and also strangely out of its time. Rising alongside the Seine, its four towers. which are shaped like open books, have already hecome a familiar Parisian landmark, particularly at night when the warmly lit towers resemble skyscraper-sized bookshelves. (Actually, this visual reference is an illusion created by the wooden panels that had to be installed midway in the project when critics warned that light and heat would destroy printed books. This alteration caused a big cost overrun, but it preserved the architect's conceit: the giant stacks, like urban grain elevators, release books to the readers via five miles (eight kilometers) of computer-controlled delivery belts that take books to any of 150 separate points.)

No expense was spared oo completing the crash contract ensuring that the huilding in eastern Paris, with its acres of floor space, was finished before noew president could alter the project. The construction involves decepovely lavish use of simple-seeming materials: steel and raw concrete, glass and wood. Csten-sibly plebeian, these materials have been brought to exquisite finishes with engineering artistry that turns industrial design to jewelry. Some techniques had to be invented (and patented), including the resilient weave for the thick red carpet designed to stay clean and never twist underfoot in the long, long reading rooms and even longer corridors. Two-story hangings of steel chain mail function like one-way glass, enabling librarians to see the reading rooms from their offices without creating a distraction with their own

The two main reading rooms, each the size of two football fields, are enclosed by untinted glass that provides a limpid view of the library's private forest, including 126 tall pines that are 50 years old. Transplanting these fully grown trees cost \$7 million for the garden that is meant oever to he walked in, only to be looked at.

Inside, wood has been used extensively to humanize the spaces, in places carved by lasers to get lacework surfaces for the acoustics. Rare exotic woods will change colors with age — in effect, forming a mosaic over time, another presidential touch, (Mitterrand, fascinated by the notion of time, frequently cites Martin Luther saying: "Even if I knew I was going to die tomorrow, I would still plant a tree.")



France's Très Grande Bibliothèque, with its four towers shaped like open books.

The main auditorium - which rests on huge steel springs that absorb vibrations from outside traffic, including the oew high-speed subway under construction next door — is paneled like an 18th-century music room. Wood is also used lavishly outside,

notably for planking in the nearly 60 steps that surround the building on three sides. The completed library, with the private forest enclosed at its core, turns out to be a giant, secular cloister in the city. The library's architect, Dominique Perrault, 42, says his concept is far from finished and can only be judged over time. The library, he says, was built as "an empty space in an empty space" — meaning that the building needs to be filled, then the neighborhood needs to be filled in around it. It will take two years for the books (12 million coming from other national libraries) and people to arrive: After its inangural program, including two days for public visits, it will close until 1997 to be furnished. More time will be needed for the urban development. The recession caused planoers to shelve the shops and housing that were supposed to come to the library's edge, creating a dense urban setting for the towered haven of quiet.

With its price tag approaching \$2 billion, it is the most extravagant homage ever to the printed page. But in an increasingly electronic age, will its vast reading rooms ever be filled with scholars poring over the backlog of tomes? Will they wait for the printed version without reading it on line at home?

Momentarily, there is a luli in the controversy that has surrounded the Très Grande Bibliothèque known as the TGB, a sarcastic illusion to the TGV France's successful bullet train. Announcing it after his re-election in 1988, Mitterrand consciously conceived it as a modern wonder of the world. None of his earlier palaces of culture — the Opéra Bastille, the Grande Arche, the Louvre pyramid — came as close to Mitterrand's own passion as the library. One of France's most avid readers, Mitterrand, whose character seems stamped with the ambitions of a

Balzac character, devours books at 80 and still stuns visitors by reciting passages he read years ago.

The tough test of time involves readers. There are public reading rooms, an innovation in French reference libraries, but French people have never developed the habit of using public libraries. Jean Favier, the library's head counts on students to fill the the library's head, counts on students to fill the reading rooms. But few students have needs requir-

ing the elaborate facilities of the TGB.

If customers do crowd in, the ultimate test involves the computers intended to manage the system. The last time France attempted such a big electronic step. it wreaked havoc on the nation's train traffic, including the TGV. If the computers get the same care that was lavished on the tactile finishings, the TGB could confound its critics and become a page of glory. The operating costs will be suitably colossal, reportedly 1.3 billion francs (about \$260 million) a year, onetenth of the government's cultural budget.

PEOPLE

Roberts and Lovett Call Whole Thing Off

Julia Roberts and Lyle Lovett are calling the whole thing of After 21 months of marriage the Hollywood actress and the country/pop music star have agreed to a separation. "We remain close and in great support of one another," Roberts, 27, and Lovett, 37, said in a statement released by a publicist.

П Since the saturation coverage of the royal wedding in Seville, the Spanish press has not prin-ed a word or photograph or furmished a second of television. coverage about the whereabouts or the honeymoon of the 31year-old Princess Elenz de Bor-bón and her husband, banker Jalme de Marichalar, Why? "No one knows where they are," said Clara Isabel de Bustos of the daily ABC.

Dame Barbara Cartland, 93, says she plans to sell her jewelry collection and stick to false gems. "I'm on TV all day, every day, and so it is much better for me to have this, which I don't have to worry about," she said, pointing to a fake diamond, during a visit to Sotheby's.

Hoping to climb on the mammoth wave of book sales follow-ing Pope John Paul II around these days, Times Books is publishing an instant book on the pope's new Encyclical Letter on moral conduct. Doubleday is getting ready to issue mass-mar-ket editions of the first official Roman Catholic Catechism to be published since the Council of Trent edition in 1566. And a new biography of the Pope by Tad Szule is due out next month.

The Mississippi childhood home that inspired the Pulitzer Prize-winning author Endors. Welty is now a literary retreat. Governor Kirk Fordice has signed a bill creating the Eu-dors Welty Writers Center.

WEATHER



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Alpe d'Huez
Arcs
Avoriez
330 420 Good
Open Pwdr 29/3 Greet snow but vieiblity very poor
Lee Arcs
Avoriez
330 420 Good
Open Pwdr 29/3 high Rits on hold, greet snow
Den Pwdr 29/3 15/41 Rits open due to high winds
Courchevel
190 950 Good
Open Pwdr 29/3 Prospects excellent when clear
Courchevel
Lee Deux Alpes
120 400
Open Pwdr 29/3 Only lower litts open due
To 340 Good
Open Pwdr 29/3 Mod litts open due
To 340 Good
Open Pwdr 29/3 Mod litts open due

WEEKEND SKI REPORT

100 400 Good Open Pwdr 29/3 Snowleit and high winds
5 90 Feir, Some Ver 19/3, 35/40 life, best on upper runs
70 310 Good Open Pwdr 29/3 20/23 lite open fresh snow pool
25 120 Good Open Pwdr 29/3 70/78 little open, new powder

130 130 Good, Open. Ver 26/3 All 18 less, good stoing, cold wind

86 136 Felr Open Spring N/A All letts and plates open 115 180 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Most litel-open, great position 120 340 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 30/49 fits open high whole 100 235 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Little open grog meshvily 15 280 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 7/12 fits on meshviling-hold. 130 290 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Superb show but wind problem 70 280 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Superb show but wind problem 180 250 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Superb show but wind problem 190 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Superb show but wind problem 190 Good Open Pivid: 29/3 Superb show but wind problem

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